ks Rock. and Yellow Wareine Lamps, Brackets, Chimes, Table Cutlery, etc.

794 Wabash-av. orning, March 30, at 10 o'clk

hamber Sets, Parlor Suits, Car-Fine Range, General House-keeping Goods, ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., Auctioneer

West Madison-st. ling, March 30, at 10 o'clock NTIRE FURNITURE.

ns. Stoves, Bedsteads, Bedding, Car-ral Housekeeping effects. ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., St and & Randolph-st. n Furniture. Mirror, &c.,

T AUCTION, ence 370 Michigan-av\_ ay, March 31, at 10 o'clock. HENRY & HATCH, 137 & 139 Wabash-av

LARGE TRADE SALE SHOES, AND SLIPPERS sday, March 30 signments of Eastern and city goods orecthe sale on Tuesday to make room in the way. 'e buyers an opportunity to select from ted stock of Hoots and Shoes in Chi-remptory in every sense of the word.

dnesday, March 31, LAR TRADE SALE GOODS, CLOTHING, hing Goods, Fur and Wool Hats, 1,300 at Garnet Gros Grain Siles, Spring Dress, Cassimeres, Lace H'dk'fs, and Ties, d Ware, Notions, Carpets, etc., at 10 HENRY & HATCH, Auctioneers, y POMEROY & CO.

UCTIONEERS facturers' Agents nd 80 Randolph-st.

TUESDAY'S SALE. NRY FRIEDMAN & SONS, pers, 190, 201, and 203 Randolph-st. of B. Engel, Esq., we shall sell at LIC AUCTION, March 30, at 10 o'clock a. m.,

tents of Residence 689 Wabash-av-CONSISTING OF Ining-room, Chamber, and raiture, Beds, Bedding, Stoves, Iver and Plated Ware, and all ary appointments of a First-ence. and without reserve. GEO, W. BECKFORD, Salesman.

By D. LONG & CO. el Mortgage Sale, ay, March 30, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M., WEST HURON-ST. (REAR), NEAR ASHLAND-AV.

y of Fine Bui-ding Hardware and Car-Locks, Screws, Hooks, Hinges, Ausers, & Burge Stone Derricks, 500 pairs Black are Inside Blinds, 300 Black Walnut and ge lot of assorted Moldings, Clamp sundry Planing-Mill Merchandise and ar of Mortgagee.

D. LONG & CO., Auctioneers. TOOREHOUSE, Auctioneer. LLITHORPE WAREHOUSE

NG AND CLEANING

AUG. SCHWARZ,

**EATING'S** 

THES CLEANING.

## The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XL. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1880.

SILVERWARE.

JEWELERS,

State and Monroe-sts., Will open TO-DAY a very beautiful assortment of Sterling Silverware. The assortment will contain a

creat variety of articles in which is introduced the peculiar effects of the hammer, enriched by the application of various colored metals. Repoussee Work in various de-

Old English and Queen Anne natterns of Spoons and Forks, and other Table Silver, at very attractive prices.

Inexpensive Fancy Articles in rich cases, to suit the taste and means of the most careful buyers. Silver Jewelry for Spring and Summer wear, beautiful designs, very fashionable at the East.

Wedding Anniversary and Christening Gifts, forming the most attractive exhibit ever seen in the

Messrs. MATSON & CO. will take pleasure in showing these goods without its incurring any obligation to purchase. STATIONERY, &c.

PULVER, PAGE, NE JHOYNE&.CO. 22 Retail Stationers, 118 & 120 Monroe-st, TRAVELERS' ARTICLES.

Bags, Satchels, Dressing Cases.
Folding and Pocket Mirrors,
Drinking Cups, Pocket Companions,
Pocket Scissors and Knives,
Fountain Pens and Pencils,
Pocket Books, Card Cases,
Letter Cases,

Expense Books
Playing Cards & Cases, Travelers' Chess BLANK BOOKS. PRINTING, AND STATIONERY. J. W. MIDDLETON, 55 State-st.

We have the largest assortment in this city, of our own design and make---entirely different from any other dealers --- at prices that will convince you that we are lower

Holton&Hildreth 221 & 223 State-st.

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Goodrich Transportation Co.

STEAMERS ON ROUTES.

Tri-Weekly for Racine, Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Ludington, Manistee, Grand Haven, and Muskegon.

Freight shipped to all above ports, and also to all stations on Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee Railway, and to Saginaw, Bay City, Holland, Allegan, Big Rapids, Reed City, Pentwater, etc. Office and Docks-Foot Michigan-av. T. G. BUTLIN, Supt.

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KIDNEY

Dinbetes, Bright's Disease, Catarricof the Bladder, Bropsy, Gravel, Pain teating, High Colored Urine, Inability, also or Expel the Urine, Pain in the Nervous Debility, Female Weakness of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Organs, WHEN NOTHING ELES CAS.

To miliation. Art fall by Druggists, by mail free on receipt of price, 8.8.60. tes of cures and our book. "How a Life Wasten on receipt of your address.

DAY KIDNEY PAD CO., - - Toledo, O. Or 126 Dearborn-st., Room 11, Chicago.

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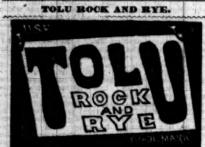
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Madison and Peoria-sts.

POPULAR PRICES.



SURE CURE

Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption,

Put up in Quart-Size Bottles for Family use.

Scientifically prepared of Balsam Tolu, Crystalized Book Candy, Cld Rye, and other tonics. The Formula s known to our best physicians, is highly commended by them, and the analysis of our most prominent chemist, Prof. G. A. MABINER, in Chicago, is on the abel of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU ROCK and RYE will afford the treatest railef for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lunzs, also Consumption, in the incipient and advanced stages.

Used as a BEVERAGE and APPETIZER, it makes a delightful tonic for family use. Is pleasant to take; if weak or debilitated, it gives tone, activity, and trength to the whole human frame.

CAUTION. DON'T BE DECEIVED who try to paim of upon you Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU ROCK AND RYE, which is the only medicated article made, the genuine having a GOVERNMENT STAMP on each bottle. LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Propr 111 Madison-st., Chicago.

WINE MERCHANTS everywhere. MEDICAL.



40 CONSTITUTION WATER CURES BRIGHTS DISEASE, INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, STONE IN THE BLADDER, CA-TARRH OF THE BLADDER, GLEET, DIABETES, GRAVEL, BRICK-DUST DEPOSIT, CHILDHOOD

For Female Complaints a Specialty.
For sile by all Druggists. Send for Circular.
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**BUCK & RAYNER'S** "Moth Powder"

Will protect your Furs and Woolens through the Summer.

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DIXON & SMITH, PATENT ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS. Rooms 48 & 45, 145 LaSalle-st., Major Block, Chicago, Patents procured, and Patent itigation conducted. Charges

ence invited. (Take Elevator.) MONEY TO LOAN By JOSIAH H. REED, 52 William-st., N. Y.,

In amounts as required, on IMPROVED CHICAGO PROPERTY, at BEST RATE. received and promptly attended to by H. A. HURLBUT, 75 Bandolph-st. MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT.
In addition to the Loans already made, we have
still a large Fund, which we are prepared to Loan at
SIX PER CENT, in amounts to suit, of not less than
8,000, on choice City improved Property. The money
is in hand, and Loans can be promptly closed.
TURNER & BOND.
102 Washington-st.

CELLULOID GOODS. CELLULOID (Water-proof Lin-en) Cuffs, Collars, and Bosoms. Price Liets and Goods sent by mail. Call or address BARNES' Hat Store, 86 Madison-st., Tribune Building,

MAIN STORE.

We are now showing an extensive line of Bl'k Cashmeres, Lace Buntings, Momie Cloths, Camel's Hair, and all the newest Fabrics in the latest effects, at prices much lower than quoted by any other House:

Fine Black Cashmeres, 40 inches wide, at 50, 60, and 75c.

Superior Black Cashmeres. 46 inches wide, at 75c, 85c, and \$1.00. All-Wool Buntings at 30,

40, and 45c. French Momie Cloths, 46 A Hearing Afforded in the Contested inches wide, at 90c, \$1, and \$1.20.

Silk Warp Henriettas at \$1, \$1.15, and \$1.25. Samuel Courtauld's English Crapes, all prices, from

SPECIAL.

85c to \$8.00 a yard.

Ladies, it will be to your advantage to inspect our low prices in Bl'k Cashmeres and Mourning Goods of every description before making your selections elsewhere. as we have, without doubt, the largest and best assorted Bl'k Goods Department in the city.

PARDRIDGES' MAIN STORE,

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N. B.---Samples sent on application.

The Great German Remedy. ENTHUSIASTICALLY INDORSED BY The Trade.

THE PRESS. THE PEOPLE.

The Chicago Tribune, in an article embodying the nigh praise prominent people of that city bestow upon "Taking in view the number of testimonials in sup-port of the efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil and the high character of those supplying them, the inference is irresistible that this remedy is the most remarkable for such diseases as have been mentioned in the above interviews that has yet been discovered; and, considering their value as guide and suggestion to suffering humanity, there is nothing unmercantile or unprofessional in advertising the article. The above ought to commend it to the confidence of all our citi-zens."

ST. JACOBS OIL. Sold by druggists at 50 CENTS a bottle. Directors in eleven languages.

CABINET PHOTOS, by far the finest in the city, \$6

New and Very Stylish PANELS. CHILDREN'S Specialty.

CARD PHOTOS, the best in CARD PHOTOS. Brand's Studios

210 & 212 WABASH-AV. WANTED-TO RENT. WANTED, TO RENT, A Basement,

WASHINGTON.

The Graveyard Ways and Means Committee Discuss the Tariff Bill,

And Consent to Allow Manufactured Paper and Wood Pulp In Duty Free;

At the Same Time Reducing Duties on Cloths and Other Articles,

Bill When It Gets to the House. The Agreement with the Utes

Promises to Fall to the

Ground.

Which Will Kill the Entire

Randall Denounced by Southern and Western Members for His Protectionist Unfairness.

The House Agree to the Appropriation for Government Printing.

Examination of an Intelligent Colored Man Before the Exodus Committee.

Election Case of Bradley vs.

THE TARIFF.

THE ACTION OF THE COMMITTEE. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The Ways and Means Committee has taken a new departure in Means Committee has taken a new departure in tariff matters. It has decided not to be the graveyard of revenue reform, but to be its executioner. It has been determined that the proposition to put orint-paper and wood-pulp on the free list shall not be smothered in Committee, but shall be killed in sight of its friends in the bright sunlight of publicity. The struggle in the House last week over the Townshend Tariff bill, and the agitation in the public press incident to the increase in the price of paper, seems to have had an effect upon the Ways and Means Committee, and that Committee has decided that print-paper and wood-pulp may be put upon the free list, upon condition that in the same bill Congress shall decide to change the tariff upon bi-chromate of potash, or cottons, on flannels, on sait, on steel rails, and on whatever other articles a log-rolling combination may conceive to be necessary to defeat all attempts to reduce the tariff. That is not the proposition in the exact form in which the Committee has decided in The question of continual proposition in the exact form in which the Com-mittee has decided it. The question of cottons,

it, and steel rails is still pending. THE SCHEME OF THE OPPONENTS
of revenue reform was to defeat tariff legislation by so loading down the bill that it would
unite all protective interests against it. The unfinished business before the Committee was the finished business before the Committee was the bichromate of potash bill. Mr. Carlisle, who introduced it, insisted that the bill ought to be reported on its merits, either favorable or otherwise, and pointed to the fact that the country was criticising the Committee for smothering such independent propositions as this. Fernando Wood, to the surprise of a good many, said that had he not been Chairman of the Committee, and therefore in a measure bound to support its decrees, he should have voted with the minority of the House last week in the tariff contest, one purpose of which was to rebuke the Ways and Means week in the tariff contest, one purpose of which was to rebuke the Ways and Means Committee. Mr. Frye, of Maine, then, in what is described as a very bitter and threatening speech, demanded that all protected interests should stand together. He declared that if the duty on bichromate of potash was to be removed the should unite with the protectionists and attack everything else on the list, including steel rails and sugar. The protectionists, determined on smothering legislation, then begun to offer amendments for which the revenue to offer amendments for which the revenue reformers were obliged to vote.

THE FRIENDS OF REVENUE REFORM
had held a meeting, and had considered the propriety of voting down these amendments, but
decided that it would be useless, and that they had better vote on all questions presented in Committee. Of course the object of the protectionists was to incumber the bill so that the entire tariff strength in the House might be arrayed against it. The routine of proceedings was in the following order: Mr. Kelley moved to amend by placing manufactured paper, woodphip, jute butts, unmanufactured flax, straw, and all other fibre and fibrous plants for use in the manufacture of paper on the free list. The vote on this proposition was 8 for and 8 against. Mr. Tucker then moved that the following be inserted: Flannels and blaukets, and a number of articles of kindred character. Lost by a tie vote. had better vote on all questions presented in

MR. CONGER THEN MOVED
to make the duty 45 per cent. Also lost by a tie.
Mr. Tucker then moved to make the duty 40
per cent ad valorem, and this was adopted. At
this point, and pending a motion to put cotton
goods on the bill, the Committee adjourned.
One need not be very profound to conclude
that the proposition to put print-paper upon the
free list, which was made by Judge Kelley, of
Pennsylvania, was not exactly a movement in
favor of tariff reform. The real meaning of the
action of the Committee is sharply put by Morrison, of the Committee is sharply put by Morrison, of the Committee, who says the bill is
merely an omnibus bill, and is being loaded to
death with trashy amendments. "It is a fraud,
and don't mean anything," be said, "and if it
has the good luck to get out of the Committee,
it will die an easy death in the House."
Mr. Dunnell, of Minnesota, also a member of
the Committee, who has been classed with the
high tariff men, says that the bill is being loaded
down in Committee, and MR. CONGER THEN MOVED WILL BE KILLED BEYOND QUESTION.

WILL BE KILLED BEYOND QUESTION.

The tariff men, from the outset, have insisted that it would not do to permit print-paper to be placed upon the free list, as such an act would endanger the entire tariff system. They have maintained that the protected industries have a common interest, and must stand or fall together, and that although some of the high tariff men might be disposed to favor a reduction of the tariff upon print-paper or other articles, they must surrender their individual convictions for the sake of the system. This theory the Committee or Ways and Means seem determined to carry out. Gen. Garfield, for instance, said that he did not propose to stand in the way of anybody who wanted to consider tariff questions, and that as a number of the members wish to exploit themselves in the House, he had concluded that it was advisable to give them a broader forum and to see what they could do with their proposition. This is his explanation of the action of the Committee in deciding upon an omnibus tariff bill, in which the Ways and Means Committee. CLAIM THAT THEY LEAVE

the House to decide upon the whole question. If the bill shall be ultimately reported, as the Committee seems now determined that it shall be, one object will have been accomplished. Whatever may have been the purpose of the Committee it will be very difficult, even with the reporting of an omnibus bill, to kill it or to indefinity postpone it without taking a direct vote upon the subject, and the friends of free paper will then have to decide whether they will permit any one to excuse themselves for voting against the placing of paper and wood-pulp upon the free list on the ground that it is necessary to maintain the duty on hichromate of

ing to play the same as a cape as express the opinion that the bill, as regarded and exciting determination of all tariff men against the bill, and he consequence will be that there will be no interest of the particular article.

SPEAKER RANDALL. TITERLY DENOUNCED BY SOUTHERN AND WEST-ERN DEMOCRATS FOR HIS PROTECTIONIST PRINCIPLES—ECHOES OF THE FILIBUSTERING

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Washington, D. C., March 30.—The contest in the House over the tariff question and the reference of the Townshend bill may be more farreaching than either Mr. Townshend or Speaker Randall expected. It is not impossible that important political consequences may follow the contest of the last few days. It is very certain that the Democrate leaders of the South and West favor lower duties, and equally certain that the Democratic leaders of the Middle States wish to avoid any agitation on the tariff question until after ocratic leaders of the Middle States wish to avoid any agitation on the tariff question until after the Presidential election. The fight of last week in the House may prove to be the means of reshaping Democratic national issues. Already it is reported that Tammany politicians have telegraphed to anti-Tilden men nere to "Keep up the fire on Randall as a Protectionist in disguise." It needed no telegrams from Tammany Hall to make Speaker Randall's position more uncomfortable. There has never been harmony between Speaker Randall and his party in the House; the occurrences of the last few dayshave proceeds of the sale of which shall be applied to
the support of universities of learning. Not
more than one-tenth of the lands shall be sold
in any one year, and the funds so obtained shall
be invested in United States bonds, the interest
on which, when it reaches the sum of \$50,000,
shall be available for the purposes of the bill.

NOT FOUTED ON "SHEER BOOMS."

Mr. Price, of Iowa, made a short statement
before the House Commerce Committee to-day,
illustrating the necessity of a sheer boom for
the bridge at Rock Island. It is estimated that
\$1,000 will be required to keep this piece of

between Speaker Randall and his party in the House; the occurrences of the last few days have helped to increase the disharmony.

The Speaker's recent rulings, by which he would not permit the journal to be read, and under which he escaped the responsibility of ruling on points of order, were so manifestly unjust and in the interests of the party of Protection, that a large number of Democrats are thoroughly disgrated. Among these are Procthoroughly disgusted. Among these are Proc tor Knott, Blackburn, Mills of Texas, and Hook er of Mississippi. Mr. Singleton, of Illinois said to-day that Randall's decisions

er of Mississippi. Mr. Singleton, of Illinois, said to-day that Randall's decisions

WERE UNPARALLELED.

"If he had decided that the House should decide whether the reference should be made to a certain committee, it would be wrong, but not outrageous; but, when he ruled that the journals could not be read, he went far beyond anything in the history of Parliamentary rulings. He has made himself so obnoxious to the Democrate that, if an election for the Speakership were to be had to-morrow, he would not get six votes outside of his own State of Pennsylvania. The feeling in the House is very bitter against Randall; but no harm will come to the party on his account, as he will be held responsible for the demoralization into which he has got the party."

Mr. Myers, of Indiana, thinks the Speaker has effectually slaughtered himself in the West, so far as any ambition may be entertained by him in the direction of the Presidency.

Mr. Vance, of North Carolina, did not like to say much about it, as he is a very conservative man; but he was willing to say that, in his opinion, there was a great deal of dissatisfaction with the Speaker on account of his rulings. He was not prepared to say, however, just how much injury he had done himself, or what opposition there would be to his renomination for the Speakership on this account. His own (Vance's) people are all for Free Trade, and will probably be

the Speaker.

A member of the Ways and Means Committee from a Southern State said that every one of Randall's rulings was grossly wrong. He believed that the Speaker's open violation of the rules, in his zeal to further the interests of the Protectionists, would do more to kill him politically than any other thing could. He thought, however, that Mr. Randall aiready sees his stupid blunder, and bitterly regrets it.

Mr. Warner, of Ohio, thinks the Speaker made a gross blunder in allowing his personal prejudices in favor of a High-Tariff policy to interfere with his judicial functions as Speaker, in which he is supposed to exercise impartiality. He did not believe, however, that the present disantisfaction among members would be permanent. Mr. Warner does not believe that the votes taken on the different portions of the McLane compromise have any significance as representing the sentiments of the House as to Tariff or Free-Trade tendencies,

Representative Le Fevre, of Ohio, said: Weil, I will be frank to say that I think the Speaker has injured himself very much in his DISPOSED TO CENSURE

representative Le revre, or Onlo, Said:
"Weil, I will be frank to say that I think the
Speaker has injured himself very much in his
decisions. Whether he could be elected again as
Speaker or not, I would not like to say; but
there is a very hostile feeling in the House
against him just now."

Mr. Morrison said the result of the struggle
did not surprise him in the least. When the
Committee on Ways and Means was organized,
he recognized the hopelesness of any attempts at
tariff-lexislation. In forming this Committee,
and the others as well, the Speaker had deliberately deceived members. The South and West
were wheedled and made ridiculous. He had
fought Randall on every occasion on which he
had been a candidate for Speaker, because he
knew him to be an avowed Protectionist. There
were points about Randall which he sdmired,
for all that. As to his candidacy for President
being hurt or helped by anything he has done,
that is all nonsense. He has no change for any
such distinction.

THE UTES.

THE SCHURZ BILL IN COMMITTEE.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The House In-Washington, D. C., March 30.—The House Indian Committee began to express its dissatisfaction with Mr. Schurz's Ute Agreement bill to-day by voting down a motion, by Haskell, to adopt it as a whole. After this initial step the Committee proceeded in detail, and struck out one after the other of the clauses in the bill which provided, first, to locate a portion of the Southern Utes in New Mexico, on the San Juan River; and, second, to locate a portion of the Uncompanieres on Grand River, in Utah. The provision relating to the removal of the White River Utes to the Unitah Reservation, Utah, will also probably be Reservation, Utah, will also probably be stricken out when it is reached. This will leave all the Utes in the State of Colorado, which is exactly what Mr. Schurz did not intend, and what the Indians themselves knew the temper of the Colorado people too well to ask. There will be other objections to the bill, which, if successfully made, will make the agreement totally worthless, and undo by one of those wrong-headed blunders what gave promise of being a very creditable piece of negotiation—a practical solution of the Indian difficulties in that State. The provision for the allotment of lands in severalty will be stricken out, because there is a bill already before the House

there is a bill already before the House
COVERING ALL THAT GROUND.

Mr. Haskell, who all along has been in favor of
Mr. Schurz's solution of the Ute problem, is very
much disgusted with this development, and says
it will destroy all hope of a peaceful solution of
the difficulties. He thinks Mr. Schurz has very
wisely done a difficult thing, and the least Congress can do is to ratify it immediately. To refuse to pass this bill is to put the Secretary in a
humiliating position, make the Indians suspicious, and possibly precipitate another outbreak, which the Colorado people would
welcome as a pretext for driving them
out of the State. The Colorado delegation generally will not be displeased with
this failure, as most of them were not satisfied
with the Schurz agreement. As soon as it was
announced that some of the Indians would be
left in the State there was an outery that there
had been foul play; and threats that the miners
would take possession of the reservation, at all
events, with the breaking up of winter, were
treely made. The prospect now is that these
threats may be carried into execution.

A CONTESTED SEAT.

A CONTESTED SEAT.

BRADLEY VS. SLEMONS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The House spent a profitless day in the discussion of the Bradley-Slemons case. This is a contest between a Greenback Republican and a Bourbon-Democrat. The latter has a majority of 2,827 votes. Bradley charges fraud and buildozing to an extent somewhat less than that number of votes, probably 2,000. Keifer and Calkins, Republican members of the Committee, hold that Slemons is clearly entitled to his seat; Calkins, for the reason that the allexed buildozing has not been proved. Mr. Frye asked if he had made a sufficient examination of the facts in the case to warrant the assertion that there was no such intimidation. Calkins replied that only three counties out of twenty were in question, and nothing of the kind had been proved. He believed the election there was as quiet as elections usually are in Southern States. This announcement was greeted with loud laughter on the Republican side. Keifer said the rule which has been followed from the first election contest down to the present case contemplates only the exclusion of a number of votes equal to the number of

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

the discussion was a speech by Mr. Bradley himself. The contestant is a tall, raw-boned, shock-headed Methodist preacher, with a natural aptitude for oratory of the florid type. He began in a very impressive manner to call attention to the fact that, however the members might decide this case, he stood there the representative of 20,000 loyal sovereigns of the State of Arkansas. Under a rough exterior there ram a current of fun, which, at intervals, broke out in a broad fling at his adversary. His manner was that of an exhorter, and his hour was occupied with a racy harangue. Slemons sat calmly reading a newspaper during Bradley's speech, occasionally looking up to smile. Weaver, of Iowa, led the forlorn hope in the interest of Bradley, and fairly excoriated Slemons, who really is made to appear in a very bad light. The House adjourned without taking any action, but there is little doubt that Slemons will retain his seat.

NOTES AND NEWS.

COMMITTEE WORK.

The House Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads has referred the bill of Representative George R. Davis, of Chicago, for the relief of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, to a sub-committee of which Singleton, of Illinois, is Chairman. The bill proposed to reimburse that road for extra service for carrying mails on Sunday during 1873 from Chicago to Omaha, and provided for \$25,000. Mr. Singleton will report the bill favorably to the Committee, with an amendment fixing the amount of compensation at \$18,000, a sum which the railroad will probably be giad to accept. The Committee is pretty certain to take favorable action on Davis' bill.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

To the Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds agreed to report favorably a bill for the erection of a public building at Hannibal, Mo., at a cost not exceeding \$15,000.

The House Committee on Military Affairs agreed to report favorably a bill to remove the political disabilities of W. H. Helm, of Kentucky.

WASHBURN—DONNELLY.

The House Committee on Elections again postponed the final vote on the Donnelly-Wash-

THE EXODUS.

prime cause of the exodus movement.

ANOTHER CAUSE

was the unfair treatment by owners of land and merchants. Every possible advantage had been taken of them, and, feeling aggrieved, they had looked around for relief, and the only solace offered is to emigrate. The witness thought the exodus would continue on the increase, but that it would not assume greater proportions to the West than heretofore, as a great many would go to Texas and the border. In the State of Texas, he said, there are a great many German settlers, and the colored people have more faith in the liberty-loving German than in the white people of Louisiana. In Texas he thought the Germans would allow them to vote as they please, even

IF THEY DO NOT VOTE

as the Germans might desire. The election of a Democratic President in 1880, the witness thought, would create consternation among the colored people of the South, and they would endeavor to go, as they went to Kansas, pell-mell, anywhere where they felt sure they would be treated better than in the South.

Mr. Vance asked Mr. Lewis whether if the negroes behaved themselves this bulldozing would not stop.

groes behaved themselves this buildwaing would not stop.

The witness replied that in the first place he thought they did behave themselves, and, as they had behaved themselves during the War, and before they were emancipated by remaining at home working for their masters, he asked the Senator if it was reasonable to think they would not behave themselves as freemen. Without concluding the examination of the witness the Committee adjourned.

CHRISTIANCY SCANDAL.

HARGES AND COUNTER-CHARGES BETWERN HUS-BAND AND WIFE.

BAND AND WIFE.

Dispotch to Cincinnati Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28.—News of Mrs.

Christiancy's statement about her husband has evidently traveled very rapidly to Peru, as the Minister is already beginning to inundate the Departments with statements concerning his wife, and how she came to leave Peru without aid from him. He says that when his wife came to him to Peru she was under the protection of

aid from him. He says that when his wife came to him in Peru she was under the protection of George Haight, an American resident in Peru. Haight is a man of family. He took a fancy to Mrs. Christiancy, and paid her a great deal of attention. The Minister avers that Haight came very often to the Legation, and that he was altogether too devoted to his wife. He acknowledges that he did have a scene with his wife, but it was occasioned by his coming into his saion one afternoon suddenly and finding his wife in Haight's arms. Another scene that he had with his wife was upon his discovery of a letter written by Dr. Victor Christiancy, now at Leavenworth, Kas., in which the Doctor expresses himself more ardently than a step-son should.

Mrs. Christiancy, in reply to this, says that it

presses himself more ardently than a step-son should.

Mrs. Christiancy, in reply to this says that it is true that Mr. Christiancy charged her with being in Mr. Haight's arms, but that it only arose from his extreme jealousy. Mr. Haight was atting talking with her in the Legation parlor; they were at a round table; Mrs. Christiancy renched across his arm for a book, excusing herself as she did so, but at this juncture the Minister came in, and, as she alleres, the memorable knock-down scence took place. Dr. Victor's letter she admits, but, as if also contains reference to the Chandler bargain and money paid to Christiancy, she does not think that jetter will be brought forward very prominently in the case. That Dr. Victor professed great admiration for her is true, but that she ever encouraged him is denied. She says that her relations with Mr. Haight will bear the closest scrutiny. She complains that Minister Christiancy, when he sent for her to come to Peru, did not furnish her any traveling companion, not even a maid. A Spaniard on board

PUBLIC LANDS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The Public Lands Committee of the House have agreed upon a bill which codes to the Territories of Dakota, Montana, Arizona, Idaho, and Wyoming seventy-two sections each of unappropriated public lands, to be selected and located under direction of the Secretary of the Interior, the proceeds of the sale of which shall be applied to the support of universities of learning. Not

tion of the Government to pay its debts shall depend.

Second—The proposition of itself is entirely untenable, and the duties of the three great departments of the Government in imposing upon the courts the appointment of executive officers for whose conduct other executive officers not appointed by the courts are responsible.

The Democratic Senators who have thus far avoided debate will have to "face the music" in defending this clause concerning Deputy Marshals as reported from their Committee, and a prolonged political discussion may be anticipated,

\$1,000 will be required to keep this piece of architecture in repair during the coming fiscal year, but the Committee didn't know just what a "sheer boom" was, and were chary about appropriating so much money without proof of the necessity of the outlay.

RECIPY OF A RAILBOAD.

The Managers of the National Soldiers' He are in session here clearing up all their busin that they may turn over their charge to the read that they may turn over their charge to the Board of Democrats which Congress will do less soon elect to take their places. They

THE GENEVA AWARD SPEECHES.

Bepresentative Carliale's bill amending the Internal Revenue laws relative to distilleries, which was adopted by the Sub-Committee of the Ways and Means Committee yesterday, was to have been reported to the full Committee today, but at the request of Representative Butterworth the matter was postponed in order to give a hearing Thursday to parties representing rectifiers of whisky in opposition to the bill.

EAGLE RIVER LIGHT.

The House Committee on Commerce will report faverably a bill appropriating \$10,000 to rebuild the lighthouse at Eagle River, Lake Superior, Michigan.

TERRITORIAL REAPPORTIONMENTS.

The House Committee on Territories agreed

TERRITORIAL REAPPORTIONIENTS.

The House Committee on Territories agreed to report favorably to the House Delegate Ainsie's (Idaho) bill providing for the reapportionment of members of the Legislatures of Montana, Idaho, and Wyoming upon the basis of population as shown by the returns of the census of 1880, excluding Indians. The Committee also instructed Representative Muldrow to report to the House the bill to recognize the judicial system of Alaska. DATES OF OFFICERS' COMMISSIONS. The Senate Military Affairs Committee adopted an adverse report, submitted by Senator Logan, upon the bill "To correct the date of the commission of certain officers in the Quartermaster's Department." This bill has been the prolific subject of controversy in army circles and before the Committees on Military Affairs for a number of years. Senators Maxey and Burnside, as the minority of the Committee, will present a dissenting report in favor of the bill.

what was just and desirable, and to commence an investigation of the Chinese problem without prejudice. These conditions were accepted by the Department, and he will go to China uncommitted to any policy, but prepared to investigate the subject of Chinese immigration thoroughly, both in California and in China. His instructions will, therefore, be nominal. When asked to-day for an expression of his views on the question he is to consider, Mr. Angell remarked that he had no views; that he should first learn the Chinese alfabet.

The Republican members of the Senate held a caucus this morning for the purpose of determing the party's line of action in the Senate with regard to the clause inserted by the House in the Immediate Deficiency bill, by which it is proposed to a mend the law concerning the sp-pointment of Deputy Marshals at elections. The caucus unanimously decided the clause should be opposed upon the ground that it is a "rider," and that all attempts of the majority to force legislation by such means should be resisted now as they were resisted at the extra session. THE EXODUS.

A MEGRO ON THE STAND.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The Senate Exodus Committee to-day examined John G. Lewis, colored, a resident of Natchitoches Parish, Louisiana, and an ex-member of the Packard Legislature. In answer to the general question as to the causes of the exodus, Lewis began by stating that the colored people in Louisiana have had, since 1874, "a very uphill road to travel." As a race they are very jealous of political and civil rights recently conferred upon them, and, whenever any of these rights are withdrawn or denied to them, they naturally feel discontented. Their political rights, he said, had been denied them, and this was the prime cause of the exodus movement.

The Senate in executive session to-day confirmed the following nominations: Frank G. Stebbins, New York, Consul at Manilla; Henry C. Snowden, Supervisor of Census for the Second District of Pennsylvania; John M. Hodge, Register of the Land Office at Salina, Kas.

Register of the Land Office at Salina, Kas.

REJECTED.

The Senate rejected the following nominations of Census Supervisors: Thomas H. Sherwood, First District, Pennsylvania; Charles P. Jadwin, Fifth District, Pennsylvania; Charles P. Jadwin, Fifth District, Pennsylvania; SOME IMPORTANT AGREEMENTS.

To the Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The House Committee on Ways and Means took up the tariff question to-day upon motion of Mr. Carlisle to formally adopt the bill, the provisions of which were agreed to at the last meeting of the Committee, "to fix the duky on highermate."

airman)—8. ays—Phelps, Conger, and Frye—3.

Naus-Phelps, Conger, and Frye-3.

ADDITIONS TO THE BILL.

Representative Tueker then moved that the following articles be included in the bill: Flannels, blankets, hats of wool, knit goods, balmorals, woolen and worsted yarns, all manufactures of every description comprised whofly or in part of worsted; the hair of alpace goat, or other like animals. This was agreed to by the following vote:

Yous-Representatives Tucker, Morrison, Milla, Carlisle, Felton, Garfield, Kelley, and Wood-8.

Naus-Phelps, Dunnell, and Frye-3.

REMOVING THE INDIANS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 36.—It is understood Gen. Sherman will leave for Chicago next Thursday to consult with Gen. Sheridan about making arrangements for the removal of the Utes from their present reservation in Colorado.

THE RATE OF DUTY.

Representative Conger moved that the rate of duty on the above-named articles be fixed at per cent ad valorem. This was lost by a tryota:

THE RECORD.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—Mr. Logan,
Committees on Military Affairs, report-

DUGH LOZENGES

ell moved that the bill infroduced by the yesterday to provide for the direct trade between the Miasissippi Brasil, and to anthorize and establishments and which was referred to title on Commerce, be referred to title on Post-Odices and He had not read the bill at the reduced it, and did not express any o its merits now, but thought it bleet to consideration by the Postide for the

en dispensed with,

sthout amendment.

ARMY APPROPRIATION.

Mr. Clymer reported the Army Appropriation off, and it was referred to the Committee of the Phole. The report states that after the deliberate study of estimates and full inquiry of the arious officers of the War Department, the committee had concluded that the estimates of the Department could be reduced \$1.201.675, eaving the sum of \$25.425,800, which is recommended in this bill and which is \$371,500 less han the amount appropriated for the present usual year. The bill, the report concludes, contains nothing but absolute regular approprintions for the supply of the army.

Mr. Blackburn reported back the "Star Server of Deficiency bill with Senate amendments, and it was referred to the Committee of the Whole, Mr. Blackburn stating he would call the bill up to morrow after reading the journal.

CONTESTED ELECTION.

The contested election case of Bradley vs. Siemens, from the Second District of Arkansas, was then taken up. J. H. Bradley, contestant in the case, was permitted to take the Boor, and made an argument in his own behalf.

Mr. Slemons, contestee, followed with a speech in support of his claims.

Mr. Weaver spoke in support of the claims of the contestant.

Mr. Sawyer sustained the majority report, concurred in by all members of the Committee but Mr. Wasver. In favor of the right of Siemons, sitting member, to creain his seat.

During the speeches of Mr. Weaver and Mr. Sawyer the House occasionally manifested its impationee by shouts of "Yote!" "Yote!" Neither of the speakers, bowever, abridged his remarks on that account, but continued the dry and tedious details of election incidents. Finality, Mr. Sawyer yielded for a motion to adjourn, and the House adjourned.

## CASUALTIES.

POISONED.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 30.—Jacob Zitz, commission merchant of Boonville, eighteen miles from this city, and his two daughters, Katie, aged 18, and Mamie, aged 8, were poisoned this morning by eating pokeroof grated by mistake for horseradish. Two little sons sent into the garden to get horseradish brought in the poisonous root, which was prepared for the table. Fortunately only the three mentioned partook of it. The physician pronounces them in a dangerous condition.

FATALLY INJURED.

Beetal Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., March 30.—A. R. Greencid, a brakeman on the Western Division of
the Lake Eric & Western Railroad, fell from a
loving train at Chency, Ill., yesterday, and,
ming down upon the track, his arm was horriy crushed lose to the shoulder. The injuries
ere of a stal nature, and he soon after died,
is body was brought to this city and awaits
and from his friends, who live at Watertown, FATALLY INJURED.

STEAMBOATS WRECKED.
Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribune.
MARCK, D. T., March 30.—The stee BISMARCK, D. T., March 20.—The steamer Denver was wrecked this morning by the break-up of the Missouri River, now running high and full of nee. The steamer MacLeod wark last fall and being raised, was abandoned and entirely wrecked by the ice. The water is very high, and boats on the ways are not considered absolutely safe. The Northern Pacific Rail-real's iron and ties on the ice-bridge were washed away.

FATAL FLAMES. New York. March 30.—A fire broke out this morning in the galley of the police-boat Seneca.

All on board were nelect at the time. The steward, Charles H. Berry, was burned to death in his burk, and Officers Patrick H. Kelly and Robert J. Vali sure probably fatally burned. The others excaped serious injury.

FATAL FALL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MD BAPINS, Mich., March 30.—A section named Walkelm Shular, fell from a hand-the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad, ardillac, to-day, and was instantly killed.

Note a wife and one child.

FOREIGN. Candidates to the British Par liament Elected With-

The Rioters at Enniscorthy Severely Denounced for the Parnell

out Opposition.

All Apprehensions of Trouble Between Germany and Russia Dissipated.

French Religious Journals State that Authorizations Will Not Be Applied For.

General Advance of Troops to Soon Occur in Afghanistan.

New Ministry Formed in Brazil-Sensational Reports from Mexico.

GREAT BRITAIN. MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT ELECTED.

LONDON, March 30.—The following candidates were elected members of Parliament to-day without opposition: H. A. Brassey (Liberal), for Sandwich; reflected.

The Right-Hon. Edward Gibson (Conservative). Attorney-General for Ireland, for Dublin University; reflected.

Liberal), for Sandwich; reflected.

The Hon. David R. Plunkett (Conservative) Sir Edv

oorter of Lord Heacons. Aylesbury; reflected. t Hon. George Sclater or Hants (north); refle

Starters.
Betting just before the race was 10 to 6 against Red Hazard, 3 to 1 against Muscodin, and 5 to 1 against Peroration. Muscodin had the lead throughout, and won in a carter, twenty lengths ahead of Red Hazard, which was forty lengths in front of Peroration.

RUSSIA. VERY AMICABLE

Special Cable.

LONDON, March 30.—A St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs that Prince Orloff, the Russian Ambassador to France, and Gen. Chanzy, the French Ambassador to Russia, preakfasted together yesterday morning at Prince Gortscha-HE WON'T ASSOCIATE WITH DE PRETCINET.

Petersburg says: "It is quite certain that Prince Orioff will not return to Paris while Premier de Freycinet is in power."

abilities of dissenters will shortly be removed and the same rights be given them as are ac-corded their fellow-subjects.

NO TROUBLE ANTICIPATED.

The Journal de St. Petersburg says: Messages which have been exchanged between Emperor William and the Czar tend to dissipate all recent apprehensions of trouble between Germany and Russia.

apprehensions of trouble between Germany and Russia.

DECLENING.

St. Petersburg, March 30.—The health of the Czarina is sensibly declining. All reports of an early departure of the court to Lividia are un-founded.

GERMANY.

ADMINISTRAING ECGLESIASTICAL LAWS.

LONDON, March 30.—A Berlin dispatch says:

"According to information received from a trustworthy source, the Prussian Government intends, at a supplementary session of the Landtag, to ask for full powers to enable them UNFOUNDED.

A Berlin dispatch says the report that Emper-or William is to meet the Czar shortly is totally unfounded.

DARMSTADT, March 30.—Queen Victoria athe Princess Beatrice bave arrived here.

GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

PARIS, March 30.—In an article on the pre-PARIS, March 30.—in an article of the probability of war between Russia and Germany, Le Rappel, alluding to the disquietude of the latter Power in regard to the attitude of France, exultingly exclaims: "It is good that acknowledgment must be made that one nation cannot allow another to be crushed with impunity. The offended law of solidarity averages itself sooner or later, and invariably the evil that one nation does to others recoils on itself."

Berlin, March 30.—Herr Oppenheim, former member of the Reichstag, leader of the National Liberals, and Free-Trader, is dead.

A NEW MINISTRY.

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 30.—A new Ministry has been constituted, with Saraivia President of the Council and Minister of Finance.

the Council and Minister of Finance.

A FATAL PARADE.

New York, March 30.—Notwithstanding the agreement between the President of the Argentine Republic and the Governor of Buenos Ayres for the reciprocal dismissal of their respective forces, a collision occurred on the 22d uit. between citizens and the national troops, and several of the former were wounded with bayonets, the soldiers alleging they were attacked with cries of "Viva Bueno Ayres!" and that an attempt was made to carry off a flag.

Such was the heat during the march of the national soldiery in the review on the 22d that, the men not having received their summer clothing, 200 fell down on the road and six died.

ENGLISH BREADSTUFFS.

THE "MARK LANE EXPRESS" WEEKLY REVIEW.
LONDON, March 30.—The Mark Lane Express says: "The weather has been favorable, and crop prospects are better than for years past. Only a few weeks more of such weather will secure a rich development of all agricultural produce. The favorable weather has also produced a marked improvement in the condition of English wheat brought to market, but nothing could improve the quality, which in most cases, is wretched. Deliveries have been meagre, and the total season's crop offered to date is 3,000,000 quarters less than for the corresponding period last year. Holders are very firm, and the advance of a shilling is recorded at several important country markets. The improvement, however, has not been felt at Mark Lane, where the quantity of sound native wheat offering is so small that the attention of millers is directed almost exclusively to foreign. In face of ENGLISH BREADSTUFFS.

so small that the attention of millers is directed almost exclusively to foreign. In face of RAPIDLY DIMINISHING STOCKS and unusually light arrivals, a decidedly improved consumptive demand has been experienced for all varieties of foreign wheat, but only at former prices, any inclination on the part of holders to raise their pretensions having been strennously resisted by buyers. The operations of millers at the beginning of the week were on a somewhat extensive scale, probably due to the fact that, with the arrival of Easter holidays, two market-days would be lost, and so, while chrrying out their reserved policy of hand-to-mouth purchases, freer huying for a time because necessary. With regard to the future, the position remains trackanged. America clings to her reserves in apits of the lower tendency of prices in New York and little oncouragements.

billing per quarter. Monday last, which since been maintained, sipplies being unusight, and, in the present scarcity of maintained supplies being unusight, and, in the present scarcity of maintained supplies being unusight, and, in the present scarcity of maintained supplies and supplies an

SPAIN.

COLONIAL MATTERS.
Special Cable.
MADRID, March 30.—From conven MADRID, March 30.—From conversation with a member of the Spanish Government it is learned that the present Cabinet, which was partially modified during the recess, has determined upon a vigorous policy in Colonial matters. The Cuban budget will be discussed in the Cortes dimediately before the Imperial estimates. The Government will admit a reduction of expenditure and a reduction of import duties in the West Indies, and also lower taxes on the sugar estates. They will prepare a progressive repeal of duties on cereals and flour. They thus hope to forestall and arrest the agitation of Marshal Campos and of the Generals who support him, allied with the entire body of the Liberals.

THE CUBAN ESTIMATES

diarism.

GEN. BLANCO ALSO REPORTS
that Spanish cruisers have defeated th
bustering attempts to disembark are
stores on the east of the island. Autointrigues are active. The Govehas instructed the General to do
most to stamp out the insurrection
the prorogation of the Cortes in July. I
Marshal Campos and the opposition in
are openly expressing bopes that the 6
ment will fall 4f, after resisting th
liberal plans of their predecessors
in turn prove equally unsues

PARECRILD TO BE PRESENTED TO THE KING. MADRID, March 30.—Mr. Fairchild, finister, will be received by the resent his credentials to-morrow. The Jesuits are building houses in Catalon and Rioja, and have purchased a large estatishment near Madrid.

TOWNS INUNDATED. The rivers Jucar and Segura and their tribu-taries have overflowed and the towns of Aiciera and Orihuela have been inundated.

FRANCE. DECREES AGAINST THE JESUTES. Special Cuble.

LONDON, March 20.—The French Journal Officie

Jesuits and other unauthorized congregations.
They are prefaced by an explanatory report to
the President of the Republic signed by M.
Lepere, the Minister of the Interior, and M. Caset, the Minister of Justice. The decrees are cased, the simister of Justice. The decrees are explicit in their language, and leave no loophole of escape for the Societies in question. The clerical organs threaten legal resistance against the enforcement of the decrees. The resultar clery, who were former.

decrees. The regular ciergy, who were formerly opposed to the Jesuits, take sides with them now because, as it is said, this conflict offers the last chance to the Church to resist with any degree of success the supremacy of the State.

THE REVIVAL OF THE ENFORCEMENT of the old and almost forgotten laws against the Jesuits does not receive the unanimous approval of thoughtful people in Paris. Some are inclined to designate the spirit that prompts the decrees as contrary to the true principles of Republicanism and antagonistic to the ideas of an enlightened and progressive age. They maintain that such repressive decrees evidence inherent weakness in the structure of a Republican Government, which is supposed to be founded upon broad and liberal principles, and would be better adapted for nations governed by autocracy or institutions of a bygone and intolerant age.

cy or institutions of a bygone and intolerant age.

THE RELIGIONISTS.

To the Western Associated Press.

PARIS, March 30.—The Gazette de France is in a position to affirm that all the religious congregations will adopt the same attitude regarding the Government measures. All the Catholic journals make it understood that none of the religious congregations concerned will apply for authorization. The unauthorized religious communities in France number 384 for men, with 7,444 members, and 502 for women, with 14,003 Jesuit communities, and the Jesuit colleges of France number twenty-seven.

HEALTH OF PARIS.

HEALTH OF PARIS.

The health of the city continues below the enge. There were 1,256 deaths last week, phoid-fever and small-plot are prevalent.

STRANGE ANNOUNCEMENT. Aurelian Schiell, the brilliant journalist, in a article in L'Évenement on the subject of "Crue ty to Animals," seriously announces his intention to commit suicide.

dion to commit suicide.

GEN. CHANZY.

A Berlin dispatch says: "So long an interval has clapsed since the withdrawal of the Russian Ambassador, Prince Orlon, from Paris, that the retirement from St. Petersburk of Gen. Chanzy, the French Ambassador to Russia, can searcely be considered as dictated by other than personal motives and his desire to enjoy a furiough."

NORDENSKAĞUD.

Prof. Nordenskjöld will be appointed Commander of the Order of the Legion of Honor.

MEXICO.

SENSATIONAL.

City of Mexico, March 29.—The Spanish organ. D'Espana, has created a great sensation by bitterly denouncing the Mexican Government and people, and accusing the latter of assasinating Spaniardson various occasions with impunity

The same journal ridicules the idea that, by Gen. Grant's influence, an American protector-ate might be established.

THE APACHE INDIANS.

The Apaches, driven from United States territory, have reëntered Chinuahua.

LAND SPECULATIONS.

A frontier paper accuses the American Government of selling American citizens lands beyond the boundary, and within the limits of the State of Sonora.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

THE WARLINE ATTITUDE.

Special Cable.

LONDON, March 30.—This morning's papers are full of the warlike attitude of China. The small cloud that has appeared on the horizon of the far East is already fraught with meaning to the world. The Standard's St. Petersburg correspondent fully discusses the probabilities of a war with the Celestial Empire, and hopes that a collision may be avoided. The Russian journals, for the most part, urge that in the case of war Bussia should descend upon the seaboard of China, in conjunction with the Japanese, whose friendship is to be zealously cultivated. The Standard's Berlin correspondent says, in addition to this announcement, that the Russians are endeavoring to induce the King of Burmah to join the proposed Japanese and Slamese alliance against China; that a Japanese Prince will leave Tokic as an Envoy to Russia in April. Russia is, meanwhile, sending more men to the Pacific.

The Vienna correspondent of the Times says that Russia will make no concession, but will insist on the ratification of the Kuldja treaty.

The Standard comments on the Stuation. It alludes to the rumor that China has claimed Macao from the Portuguese, and fears that the Loo Choo question will come to an unfriendly issue. It believes that Japan, having been jockeyed by Kussia in the Sarhaliero concession, will be careful in making new alliances with that Power. In criticising the reported removal of Minister Seward from Pekin it contends

AFGHANISTAN.

A dispatch from Cabul says: The

SERVIA. BELGRADE, March 20.—The points of the rail-ray convention reserved for the consideration f the Sevier Consideration way convention reserved for the consideration of the Servian Government, respecting a Bulgarian junction and a tariff of toils, have been decided against the demands of Austria. M. Ristich, Servian Minister of Foreign Affairs, will inform Austria that Servia must refuse to compromise the position accorded to her by the Treaty of Berlin.

VENEZUELA.

where the river discharges is blockaded. This would indicate that the troubles in Venezuela are not over, as last reported.

IRELAND. THE MOBBING OF PARNELL.

DUBLEN, March 30.—The Home-Rule League passed a resolution declaring that the treatment of Parnell at Emiscorthy by the hired mob reliects the deepest disgrace on O'Clery and all concerned in the outrage.

VARIOUS.

Berlin, March 30.—To pave the way for some estrable amendments to be introduced into the bulgarian Charter, the Emperor of Russia has

CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE TERKES.

TEHERAN, Persia, March 30.—At Tehikislar the preparations of the Russians for the campaign are singularly backward, their entire force only numbering 2,000.

GEN. GRANT.

NEW ORLEANS. NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—Special dispatches show that Gen. Grant met with a hearty reception at all points in Texas, and was handsomely received and entertained at Houston yesterday, leaving there to-day for New Orleans. Preparations are being made here for the reception of Gen. Grant. The State and city officials, military, and civic bodies will participate. The Computates will former NEW ORLEANS, March 30.-Special dispatch State and city officials, military, and civic bodi will participate. The Committee will to-mo row meet the party at Horgan City, and Wedne day evening, after a review of the procession Gen. Grant, an address of welcome will be ma by Gen. Bussey at the St. Charles Hotel.

GALVESTON, March 20.—During Gen. Grant's reception at Houston last night the gas was turned off from the street, and lamps and candles had to be used. Sunday night the guns of the artillery company to be used to fire the salute on Grant's arrival were spiked, but the spikes were removed in time for use. Five hundred dollars reward is offered for the miscreant who spiked the guns.

Gen. Grant and party arrived from Houston this evening and departed by steamer for New Orleans.

LITTLE BOCK, ARK.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 30.—A mass-meeting was held at the City-Hall to-night to make arrangements for the public reception of Gen. Grant on the 12th prox. Mayor Fletcher presided, and ex-Senator Clayton, ex-Gov. Rector. L. H. Roots, R. C. Newton, and other prominent citizens addressed the meeting. Appropriate committees were applied for the occasion. The proceedings were enthusiastic, and were

VICKSBURG. VICKSBURG, Miss., March 30.—The City Council has appointed a committee to go to New Orleans to invite Gen. Grant to visit Vicksburg.

TRADE AND LABOR. COHOES, N. Y.

New York, March 30.—A Cohoes dispatch says
the striking operatives of Harmony Mills have
appointed committees to visit the Eastern manufacturing cities to solicit aid. Suffering has
already manifested itself among the extreme
poor, and the city department for indigents is
overwhelmed with applications far orders. It is
rumored that Harmony Mills have agents in
Canada gathering families together, and that at
the expiration of thirty days' notice to vacate
their tenements an influx of the French working-classes will begin. This people is regarded
here as the Chinese are on the Pacific coast,—
several families, numbering thirty persons, orcupying rooms intended for one small family.
Tables are converted into beds at night, and
their sents are cheests in which their groods are
stored. Their food is of the coarsest quality,
and their garments of homespun gray.

LOUISIANA.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—Last week the negro aborers on the plantations of St. John the Baptist wrote to Gov. Wiltz asking permission to strike for higher wages. They were receiving 15 cents, but wanted \$1 per diem. Wiltz made no answer, so a strike followed. On Sat-

mainly to check the growing laborers.

To the Western Associated Press.

New Orlieans, March 30.—The strike in St. Charles Parish ended by most of the laborers resuming work at old wages. AT CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

CHARTANOGGA, Tenn., March 30.—The brick-masons gave public notice this morning that after April 5 they will demand \$3 per day. They have formed a Union, and express a firm deter-mination to form a lock-out unless their de-mands are acceded to. They are now receiving \$2.50 per day. CLEARFIELD COAL REGION.

ALTONA, Pa., March 30.—The miners strike in the Clearfield coal region still continues. The miners stubbornly refuse to accept the old price (50 cents), and the operators are equally deter-mined not to pay the 10 cents advance demand-ed.

CANADA.

Get Off Scot Free-That Smuggled Tea-The Welland Canal-Ingersoll Hunt-

ing for Halls.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MONTREAL, March W.—Owing to the Private Prosecutor having withdrawn his charges, and Montreal, March 10.—Owing to the Private Prosecutor having withdrawn his charges, and the Crown having no evidence to offer in the case of Sir Francis Hincks and the Directors of the Consolidated Bank, against whom true bills were found at the last Assizes for making false returns, those gentlemen were formally acquitted at the Court of Queen's Bench to-day.

The total quantity of the tea seized at Montreal was 1,716 half-chests, valued at between \$25,000 and \$30,000.

The Grand Trunk Railway will, it is understood, issue \$20,000 in bonds per mile for each mile of the new Western extension to Chicago.

A deputation composed of members of the Board of Trude and Corn Exchange left for Ottawa to-day to interview the Ministry on the subject of a reduction of tolls on the St. Lawrence, and to press for an early opening of the Welland Canal.

Marion, of the firm of Hart, Marion & Co., fruit importers, who absconded from this city intely after victimizing a number of people, is said to have gone to Brazil.

A Chicago newspaper proprietor has closed a contract here for 100 car-loads of printing-paper.

Special Dipatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Tonderso, March 86.—Col. Robert G. ingersoll, who is billed for a lecturing tour through Canada, is having considerable trouble finding piaces in which to hold forth, several of the cities and towns having refused him the use of their hails on account of his infidel belief.

MONTERAL, March 30.—The Political Economy Cub was called together last everying to discuss the commercial union between this country and that if was considered advisable to defer the discussion.

Ottawa, March 30.—The appointment of Mr. Bentley as Agent-General for Canada has been

discussion.
Orrawa, March 30.—The appointment of Mr. Bentley as Arent-General for Canada has been confirmed by the Emperor of China. It is expected the first subsidized steamer will sail for China in the course of a few months.
TORONTO, Can., March 30.—Samuel Price and Edward Bainer, aged respectively it and is years, while playing in a beat Sunday evening.

CRIMINAL NEW ESCAPED.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribun EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 30.—As antic these disputches, I. A. Mason, charged under in producing

Uniontown, Mason went before the Pelis Judge, waived examination, and, in defiance is law and precedent, was admitted to hall in the sum of \$20,000, giving a straw bond. In the meantime the son of one of his bondsmen has conveyed a horse to a convenient point outsid of the town, and, as soon as released, Mason stepped out to the place, mounted, and left is the direction of Webster County. His attorney was here the other day, and found the evidence agrainst him unimpeachable, and learning on his return, that the guard had been doubled, it is supposed advised this course as his client's only chance of escape from certain punishment. The papersarrived this morning, and were sent down to Chief of Police App. of this city, who went to Uniontown yesterday. If the Kentucky Secretary of State had not been so anxious about getting his \$2 cash down, and had sent the warrant C. O. D., this mortifying results would have been avoided. The citizens of Uniontown, hearing of the escape, were, or pre-

A LUNATIC MURDERED. PITTSBURG, Pa., March 30.—Additional facts eveloped at the Coroner's investigation relative of the murder of John Goehring, an immate of the Allegheny City Almsbouse, are that on the morning of Feb. 6 B. B. Crawford, in charge of the insane department, found an insane man named Wausman severely beating Goebring Wausman was locked up, and Goehring ran into the dining-room. Crawford called Cool-boff, u weak-minded inmate, to assist bim in boff, weak-minded inmate, to assist him in taking Goehring back to the room. Goehring resisted, kicking Coolhoff in the stomach. Coolhoff, greatly angered, returned the kick, kinocking, him down. While Goehring was en the floor, held there by Coolhoff, the latter asserts Crawford kicked Goehring on the head several times. Finally they succeeded in getting him as far as the bath-room, when he again became violent. Coolhoff then seized the roller on which the towels were hung and struck Goehring on the head, knocking him insensible. He was then taken to his room, where he died at 12:30 p. m. Crawford and two inmates buried the hoody quietly next day. In the monthly statement to the Foor Board, Goehring is reported as dying from mania potu. The affair was kept quiet, but finally lenked out through the medium of an inmate coming to the charge of murder.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 20.—Judge Drummond delivered to-day a written opinion in the case of the United States vs. John Connolly, of Lafayette, convicted before Judge Gresham and a jury for withholding pension money from a pensioner, in which be helds that Sec. 5,485 of the United States Revised Statutes, providing for the Dunishing of persons so withholding pennot impliedly repealed or inoperative by force of the Pension act of 1870. It was contended by of the Pension act of 1870. It was contended by the defendant's counsel that under the law as it now is a ciaim agent could not within the limit and meaning of Sec. 5.485 of the Revised Statutes wrongfully withhold pension money, and that Sec. 5.485 was inoperative, and that there was in short no crime knewn to the law of withholding wrongfully pension money by a claim agent or attorney. Judge Drummond holds that the law is in force, and that it is a crime under the statute. This question was before the United States Supreme Court recently, but, while the Court admit that there was force in the objection, do not decide it. This is an important decision.

MURDERED AT A BALL. CINCINNATI, O., March 30.—Charles Theis, Jr., and Joseph Ritter, two well-known young men of Newport. Ky., attended a bail together at Eclipse Hall last night, and during the night Theis was ordered away from the side of a young lady who had been brought to the ball by Henry Brown. Some trouble grose then, but it was settled without violence. About 5 o'clock, however, while going home, Brown and Ritter met Theis at the corner of Jefferson and Meamouth streets, and the quarrel was renewed, Brown knocking Theis down. At this point Ritter ran up with a drawn revolver, and, leveling it at the head of Theis, fired twice, both balls taking effect. Theis died in an bear. Ritter surrendered to the officers. Both are young men of good character, but both were under the influence of liquor. quor.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Boston, March 20.—Langdon W. Moore, known as the king of bank-breakers, was to-day sent to the State-Prison for sixteen years for the robery of the Charleston Post-Office and having burglar's tools in his possession. The man has stolen millions of money in various ways, and has long been regarded as one of the most dangerous criminals in the country. His friends railled to his support during the trial, and made vigorous efforts to get him off on the plea of post-offices being United States property, and therefore a State Court could have no jurisdiction. His conviction was gained chicily through a companion turning State's evidence.

CINCINNATI, O., March 30.—The examination of the coupons of the city bonds that have been redeemed develop the fact that additional duplications and even forgeries have been made. Some time ago it was discovered that eight bonds had been duplicated. Now as many as eighteen duplications have been discovered, and several forged coupons, as well as others upon which the numbers have been written in penell. The subject is undergoing investigation by the Board of Revision.

MURDERED HIS CHILD. Boston, March 30.—The report of the inquest this morning on the body of the child of Homer Wellington, is to the effect that the infant child, Morris Wellington, aged 15 months, son of Homer Wellington, came to its death on the 5th of January last by being poisoned by arsenic administered at sundry times by his father. Wellington was held for trial.

ARRESTED. CHEYENSE, W. T., March 20.—C. K. Allen, late express agent, who had obarge of the buillon recently stolen from the express office at Sidney, Neb., was arrested there last evening, charged with complicity in the robbery. The arrest was through detectives, under the direction of Superintendent Law, of the Mountain Division of the Union Pacine Road.

OUR COUNTRY'S DEFENDERS. Meeting of the lows State Encamp-ment-List of Officers Elected. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns. CERAR BAPIOS, In., March 80.—The State En-campment of Our Country's Defenders was held here to-day, attended by about seventy-five del-

campment of Our Country's Defenders was held here to-day, attended by about seventy-five delegates, among whom were a number of prominent State politicians. The meeting was fully up to the expectations of the delegates in every respect, and passed off in a satisfactory manner. The Order is spreading throughout the country, and several other States are ready to organize. One feature of the Order is that when the soldiers wish any favors at the binds of the Government, they will make it unaffect through the National Encampment. Little was said during the meeting in the way of politics, but that subject is being freely discussed to-night. Of the seventy-nive delegates, about fifty favor Blaine as between him and Grant, though they are disposed to believe the Grant boom is not growing less. A former Congressionan from the Fourth District says Grant is carrying Washburne, and will unload him at the White House. Among other prominent gentlemen present were the following ofheers of the National Encampment: Gen. R. S. Weeden, Chicago. Commander of Musters; C. A. Getty, Amboy, Ill., Adintant-General. The election of officers for the State Encampment resulted as follows: Ool W. B. Leach, Cedar Rapids, Commander-in-Chief; E. Eberhart, Laporte, Licutenant-Commander; J. C. Noddard, Cedar Rapids, Aljutant-General; George Welch, Boone, Surgeon-General; C. H. Brock, Marshalltown, Chief of Outposts.

Disputch to Cincinnati Enquirer.
CHICAGO, March 37.—In an interview to-day, Statement, presumably inspired by Secreta Sherman, to the effect that Medill two years a visited Sherman in Washington and endeavore to dissuade him from carrying out the provious of the act providing for the resumption a specie payments. Being asked concerning the statement of Warner M. Bateman, and its retreation by the Chacinnatt Commercial upon the authority of Sherman himself, Mr. Medill said:

"I have this to say: Mr. Sherman has mistaken me for some other person that he has he taken me for some other person that he has had this conversation with. No such interview ever occurred between us. I have so stated in Tris spring or 1878—perhaps the last of February or first of March—at the period of the silver re-monetization struggle in Congress. At that time The Chicago Tribuna was defending and upholding the Resumption act of 1875, in con-nection with the remonetization of silver. As

amption act, and that it was going me a brief year from that time.

"Greenbacks at the time I am now referring to—during the period of the struggle over the remonetization of silver—were worth \$6 cents or \$9 cents. There was but one or two cents further appreciation required to put them at parand settle the duestion, and it would have been unimaginable idicey on the part of myself to backing him to nullify the Resumption act that time. If I had desired the act not enforce or defeated, I certainly would have gone to the or defeated, I certainly would have gone to the conditions of t asking him to nullify the Resumption act a that time. If I had desired the act not endeaforce or defeated, I certainly would have gone to the President with any wishes I might have had on the subject, or to the Ways and Means Committee of the House, and the Finance Committee of the Senate. I should have gone certainly to the fountains of power, and not to a mere Treasur clerk, as Mr. Sherman was, on a mission of that description. The whole thing is, therefore, un true, as stated in the dispatch. It is absurd to its face, and in palpable contradiction of the record of The Transune at the time, and of mown desires, which were to have the Resumption act carried into effect, and the remodelization of silver established, so as to make it perfect an enduring.

about the Resumption set, or he insurines it, or he invents it, and it is for him to decide which it is. The Republican National Platform adopted at Cincinnati committed the party to the resumption of specie payments and the redemption of greenbacks in coin, and affirmed that commercial prosperity, public merals, and the National credit demanded specie payments. This platform The Tribuns cordinity supported, and upon it Mr. Hayes was elected. Think, then, of the shorte position in which Sherman seeks to pisce me, sof uraning him to nullify the Resumption act, and in the columns of The Tribuns cordinity supported, and upon it Mr. Hayes was elected. Think, then, of the shorte position in which Sherman seeks to pisce me, sof uraning him to nullify the Resumption act, and in the columns of The Tribuns uphelding it against the flux factions who were sacking its repeal."

"Is at possible that the story is a correspondent's invention?"

"I can't tell. It is a puzzle to me. I was perfectly surprised to see the statement originally attributed to me by Mr. Batemam, of Ohio, as it was inconceivable how my name could be mentioned in that constation."

In conclusion, Mr. Mcdill said:

"If Mr. Sherman had been an advocate of the remonetization of silver and of the mainfenance of legal-tender greenbacks, he never would have conceived what he has alleged against me, that is certain. Having placed himself in a false position before the country on these questions, and finding that his little boom is not prospering as he hoped and desired, in consequence of his heatility to the financial interests of the country, he seems now desirous of vereaking his disampointed feelings on some one, and seems to bave selected me as his victim. But it wen't help his boom. Mr. Sherman's purpose would seem to be to change a financial difference of views into a personal quarred; but he can't get up a false quarred of that kind with me, as pothing ever occurred between us on which to base a personal dispute.

LAID AT REST.

Funeral of the Late Rey. Father Kinsella, of Burlimgton, Ia.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Burlimgton. In., March 30.—The Ioueral of the Rey. Father Kinselle, late pastor of St. Patrick's Church, this city, took place to-day. The services were participated in by some fifty priests from various parts of the diocese, and were of the most solemn and impressive character. The Rey. Father Gunn, of St. Paul's, officiand at the solemn requirem mass. The Rey. Father Scallon, of Waterloo, preached the funeral sermon, which was an elequent tribute to the character of the deceased, and caused many an eye to become suffused and caused many an eye to become suffused with tears. The procession is estimated to have numbered 4,000 people, and was composed of the societies and members of the various Catholic congregations in this city. The body was borne on a bier to the cametery, followed by the attaining priests dressed in gown and surplice. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. Periolat, or Chicuro, who, together with her husband, was present to pay the last and tribute to the devasted.

OURAY AND DOUGLASS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 30.—This evening Otto Mears, an Indian interpreter, reached this city with the Chief Ouray, Wash and Augustlat, from Port Leavenworth. They left the main party of the Utes at Cameron Junction, and visited Fort Leavenworth for an interview with Douglass, the Chief now in Drison at that point. Just before leaving Washington Secretary Shurz instructed Ouray to visit Douglass, and obtain, if possible, the names of the Indians engaged in the Meeker massacre. Ouray refused to tell whether Douglass had given the desired information, but it is understood that he did. Douglass stated that his attempted escape some weekerson was for the purpose of being killed by the cuards, as he preferred to die in that way rather than be hung, which he thought was to be his fate.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP NEWS. OULAN SILAMSHIP NEWS,
NEW YORK, March 30.—Arrived, steamship
Anchoria, from Glasgow.
GREENOCK, March 30.—Arrived, Sidonian, from
New York.
HAVEE, March 30.—Arrived, Amerique, from
New York.
PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—Arrived, Lord.
Clive, from Liverpool.
PLINOUTH, March 30.—Arrived, Suevia, from
New York.

SUICIDE.

CLEVELAND, O., March 30.—Isaac Frank, well known in police circles ten years age as a detective, committed suicide at the Union Derot this morning by shooting himself in the temple. Motive unknown:

BLOOD PURIFIER. DR. CLARK JOHNSON'S

The Best REMEDY KNOWN to Me 9.000.000 Bottle

Is neutralized the hereditary taint or blood, which generates Scrofula, Errei manner of skin diseases and internal has

TESTIMONIALS.

ILLINOIS. Disease of the Stomach and Mys.
Dran Siz: Suffering for some time with Heads
and Disease of the Stomach and Liver, was induce
to use your reliable INDIAN SLOOB STEUP, who
restored me to perfect bealth and strangth.
No. M Eighth-st. CHAS SHELLET.

An Excellent Remedy.

Belvidere, Boone Co. B. Va. C. Belvidere, Boone Co. B. Va. C. B. Va. B. C. B. Va. B. V

DEAN SER! This is to certify that your ISMLAN HLOOD SYRUP has done me more good for Island Complaint and Meant Disease that any other need-ine I ever used. It also cared one of my delicred of hills and Scrofula. Third-Day Chills.

All that It is Recommended to De.
Lemon. Cost Co. III.
DEAR SIE: I have found, by giving your INDIA
SLOOD SYRUP a fair trial, that it is all the recommended to be, and advise anyone who may be used to the control of the second state to vive its trial.

DEAR SIR: My daughter had Chills for months and Iride almost everything, but without effect until I commenced the use of your INIIA BLOOD SYRUP, a short trial of which checked cured her. The Syrup has also greatly hencited the rest of my family, and I have had no use for a deep since I save had you medicine in my house. I wold not be without it, and sectionized the use to a supplementation.

Pain in the Mack.

Dean Sin: This is to certify that year Hilliam RING This is to certify that year Hilliam RING This is a valuable medicine.

MRN WOOD.

DEAR SIS: Your ereat 150 July 200 July 150 July 200 July

Draw Sta: This is to certify that some is the BLOOD STRUP has cured me of Long Draw which had been troubling me for a long that cheerfully recommend it to all authering transacting the long that the long limit to the long limit

Draw Bir: I wastronbid with Nounity for Stiffer, and an happy to say it based strategy and the Stiffer, and an happy to say it based strategy and the Stiffer, and an happy to say it based strategy and the Stiffer, and an happy to say it based strategy and the say it based str Dyspepsis Cared.

DEAR SIR: I have been troubled with Billouines and Dyspepsia and Indicestion, and have used for TRUEAN TRUEOP STRUE, and some it seems to wainable medicine. DRAM SIR: I have used your INDIAN ELCON SYRUP for Crampe in my Stomach and also for my children who were broubled with spaams, and is used children who were broubled with spaams, and is used children who were broubled with spaams, and is used

AB Agent's Testimony.

Woodined, Irondia Cd. III.

DEAR SIR: I can say that your Indian income of the pain in the Bowels, and Chilis, and I can safely recommend its use to suffering numerity in the Bowels, and Chilis, and I can safely recommend its use to suffering numerity.

Recommends It to All.

DAAR BIR: I have used some of your CLOD SYRUP with benefind recultation of thinks has good medicine to build up the award thinks has good medicine to build up the award would recommend it to all suffering to the safety.

Would recommend it to all suffering to the safety that the safety is a suffering to the safety that the safety is a safety that the safety that the safety is a suffering to the safety that the safe

Buckingham Kankakee Co. III. May him Drak Sir. I cheerfully teaking that your muly appraised INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP gives universal strateton and b highly esteemed by all who have healt. I have used your needlethe with the most estimated fresults, and on therefore recommend its one to the problem with Lavor Complaint and Sire Headeds all problem with Lavor Complaint and Sire Headeds.

A Good Blood Puriser.

DEAR SIR: I bay used your resail a Sile of Pariser, and inke pleasure in recommend in a sile.

Dear Sir: I was a great sufferer from the and found no relief until I commenced using for most valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUF: now as much relieved and benefited. I recommend your most icine to all.

A Good Blood Puriser.

DEAR SIR: I bay used your resail in the Sire of the state of the state

DRAE SIR. This is to entire that I have been greatly benefited by using your greatly benefited by using your greatly benefited by using your greatly house been greatly troubled with weakness four additional properties of the second mend it as a valuable remedy.

RHODA BARBATA

LISTOF WHOLESALE DEALERS CHICAGO, ILL.
VAN ACHAACK, STEVENSON & CO., MORRISON, PLUMMER & CO., MORRISON, PLUMMER & CO., MORRISON, PULLER & Market of TULMEN & MARKET OF T THE COU

Decision by Judge T Telegraph Ca

The Western Union Gets the

Back Under Its Co

-A Beary Judgu

THE TELEGRAPH ed. On the o y was equally as anx he joint arrangement

contended for by Mr. Garrett was his Honor, of so extraordinary cone-sided as to require the clear its support. He thought the payment was to be made upo session, and it was to be of the original cost, and ancing or settling of account plainant had failed to sustain the to one year's prior notice to be termination of the contract as the line, and as to the avermenta able notice, while there was must presented to show that the cotheright to insist on "reasonable intention to terminate the agreemate as now presented, whatever result upon final hearing, showed road Company was not bound to notice. But, in the view he took presented, the question of notice as a second to the contract of the contra

presented, the question of hotierial.

The Judge then proceeded to dition of the good faith of the part that the Baltimore & Onio Comright reserved, as claimed, it was to be exercised with the providence of the particular of the Court could not consider the That was true as a legal proposition of equity would scan as with an elevantance attending the exercised in good faith. Virus of maia fides had destroyed the act. The arrangement betypanies was in the nature of a coloint adventure; the property of the make money for both, and was property for the common benefit arrangement the property of the scan of the termination that the pany should own all of the proper Railfoad/Company's own security. Ty that this power had been on purposes for which it was give faith, it must be sustained.

The primary object of the portal faith, it must be sustained.

The primary object of the portal faith, it must be sustained.

The primary object of the portal faith, it must be sustained.

The primary object of the portal faith, it must be sustained.

The primary object of the portal faith, it must be sustained.

The primary object of the portal faith, it must be sustained.

The primary object of the portal faith for its own protection a cause of complaint appeared to the Railroad Company to spect property it might acquire by the ontract, but it was solely to braith for its own protection a cause of complaint appeared to the standard that resort to deto enable it to exercise a clear by giving notice on Feb. 23 the standard that existed in a sole of the power to terminate the agreem and been exercised in bad fait was a nullity, leaving both pare stood bufore the attempt was ma. The contention that the Railroad founds of public policy. "Public policy would be taken on March I, are power to terminate the agreem ould scarcely have expected flagmed by the standard that existed in a sole of the t

An order was then entered plainant an injunction restrants from further interfericontrol by complainant of the property described in the bries parties in the sentitons cupied Feb. 28 last. The control of the parties in the sentitons of the course of the ferific the ferific to cover all damages if the fee in favor of the defendant

HYDE PARK'S TR HYDE PARK'S TRU
Judge Tuley is engaged in her
he Village of Hyde Park again
ional Bank. This was a b
village charging that
when Treasurer of
accustomed to deposit his of
vate funds in the Fifth Natio.
time also he withdrew about
official account and passed it
it. It was claimed the bank
and aware of the fact that he
funds for his own private p
account in the funds of the control of the

DR. CLARK S'HOSNHOL ULO t REMEDY KNOWN to Man 00.000 Bottles

n the Liver, a the Kidneys, to Rolland ges the Blood, the Blood, to Nervous System.

ESTIMONIALS.

Cairo, Alexander Co., Ill.

Illering for some time with Header be
the Stomach and Liver, I was induce
able IMDIAN BLOOD SYRUP, which
porfect health and strength.

Chills Cured.

Tentopolis, Ednapham Co., III.
Tentopolis, Ednapham Co., III.
Tour great India El. Ednapham Co., III.
India I ever used for Heart Dusase.
It to all similarly affected.
BEN STAILINGS.

Piscases of the Lungs.

Benton, Franklin Ca. Th.

R: This is to certify that some INDIAN
YRUP has cured me of Lung Disass,
been troubling me for a long time.

Tecommend it to all suffering minusority.

ISSIA WITTINGTON. For Neuralgia.

B: I wastrophied with Neumiria for some fought some of your INDIAN MIAGO dan happy to say it has a first your day.

MRS. GEO. IRVIN.

Dyspepsia Cured.
R: I have been troubled with Billousness para and Indigestion, and have used your LOOB SYRUP, and found its to be a new sedicine.
THOMAS TRIMBLE Never Falls to Care.

Milford froquots Co. Ill.

Milford froquots Co. Ill.

Orampe in my Stomach and also for my
no were troubled with spasms, and in tent

cted a complete cure.

ELIZABETH MEIZE.

R: I have used some of your Knne Co. Ill.
RUP with beneficial results and I chink it
addicine to build up the system generally
smallered to all suffering from fueling.
W. Moon.

ckincham. Kankskee Co., ili., May R. 150.

B. I cheerfully testify that your justif ser
DIAN BLOOD SYRIUP gives universal as
and is highly esteemed by all who have not
used voir needlelse with the most astrona
a, and can therefore recommend its use to
d with Laver Complaint and Sim Headach
SARAH PENKY.

FWHOLESALE DEALERS

CHICAGO, ILL.

LAACE, STEVENSON & CO., 25 and on

PLUMMER & CO., 25 and of Laborate

PULLIER & Market at

ARING, 81 Lamorat.

OUTENBURGH & CO., 25 Walnut.

THE COURTS pecision by Judge Tuley in the Telegraph Case.

The Western Union Gets the B. & O. Wires Back Under Its Control.

The Village of Hyde Park versus the Fifth National

THE TELEGRAPH WAR Judge Tuley yesterday morning grante emporary injunction in the case of the Atla

Judge Tuley resterday morning granted a temporary injunction in the case of the Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company vs. The Baitimore & Ohto Railroad Company and the American Union Telegraph Company. This was a bill filed about three weeks ago charging that the Baitimore & Ohio Road, in the interest of the American Union Telegraph Company, had wrongfully elized possession of the lines of the Atlantic & Pacific Company along its road, and refused to surronder them up again. The complainant therefore asked for an injunction to prevent the defendants interfering with its property, and for a decree compelling them to deliver up possession of the lines, etc.

After reviewing the facts in the case at length Judge Tuley said it was evident that the Telegrap Company was extremely anxious to have the terms of the arrangement between the parties definitly settled and a written contract executed. On the other hand, the Railroad Company was equally as anxious to have the terms of the joint arrangement is indefinit as possible, and to avoid the execution of a written contract. It was, he thought, apparent that the latter Company desired to get the Telegraph Company to expend its moneys in the erection of new poles, wires, etc., and to make connections with defendants wires to as large an extent as possible, so that it could not recede without great loss, and this without the Railroad Company having definitly committed itself as to the terms of the joint arrangement, either in writing or otherwise. Such a course might have been perfectly justifiable

without the Railroad Company having definitly committed itself as to the terms of the joint arrangement, either in writing or otherwise. Such a course might have been perfectly justifiable in a business point of view, but it could scarcely be expected to find commendation in a court of equity. Where parties being in negotiation and having agreed to go into a joint adventure, one notified the other that he would proceed to expend moneys and change his own status upon the proposition as to the terms theretofore made to such other party, and such other party too defient and led the first-named party to suppose that his terms were agreed to, such other party would be held to be equitably estopped from denying such proposed terms to be the terms of such joint adventure. Not having spoken when he should have spoken, he would not be heard to speak when he should be silent.

After discussing some technical points as to the form of the proceeding, etc., the Judge said the main question was how far complainant's case had been overcome by the defendants. The case, as made by the defendants, rested substantially upon the affidavits of President Garrett, of the Railroad Company, President Eckert, of the Telegraph Company, and Superintendent Bates. These affidavits Judge Tuley reviewed at length, remarking that none of them professed to give the terms of the agreement between the parties, excepting relative to the right of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company to terminate the agreement, to take possession of the property, and as, to the payment

them professed to give the terms of the agreement between the parties, excepting relative to the right of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company to terminate the agreement, to take possession of the property, and as to the payment therefor. The affidavits of Gafrett and Eckert averred that the former had the sight to terminate the agreement at his pleasure, but as to taking possession of the telegraph property and paying therefor, Garrett's affidavit was that payment was optional, while the affidavit of Eckert was to the effect that payment was obligatory. Mr. Garrett insisted that if he so pleased he was to take possession of the wires, etc., accounting for them at their original cost; but Mr. Eckert claimed in his affidavit that Mr. Garrett was to be at liberty to take the property at any time upon paying therefor. The affidavit of Mr. Bates, while open to just criticism as being very broad and comprehensive,—indeed, too much so,—said nothing as to any payment being made for the wires. The Court pointed out that a contract giving the right to take possession of another's property at any time Mr. Garrett pleased, accounting therefor at the cost price, and a contract giving the right to take possession of another's property at any time Mr. Garrett pleased, accounting therefor the original cost, were two very different contracts. In the one, payment was a condition subsequent: in the other, payment, or tender of payment, at least, was a condition precedent. The title passed in the one case, and the debt remained; in the other the title passed by payment, if Mr. Garrett and Mr. Eckert each understood the agreement on this point as stated in their respective affidavits, the minds of the contracting parties had failed to meet upon a vital point. The most reasonable agreement was, that payment was to be made upon taking possession, and it was to be a payment of the original cost, and not a bal-

its support. He thought the fact was, that payment was to be made upon taking possession, and it was to be a payment of the original cost, and not a balancing or settling of accounts. The complainant had failed to sustain the allegation as to one year's prior notice to be given of the termination of the contract as to a portion of the line, and as to the averments as to "reasonable notice," while there was much in the case as presented to show that the complainant had the right to insist on "reasonable notice" of the intention to terminate the agreement; yet the case as now presented, whatever might be the result upon final hearing, showed that the Railroad Company was not bound to give any prior notice. But, in the view he took of the case as presented, the question of notice was immaterial:

The Judge then proceeded to discuss the question.

presented, the question of notice was immaterial.

The Judge then proceeded to discuss the question of the roof faith of the parties. Assuming that the Baltimore & Onio Company had the right reserved with the proviso underlying every exercised in good faith of the consequences, and that it was no matter if omplete elements and that it was no matter if own property of each was right, the Court could not consider the consequences. That was true as a legal proposition. But a court of equity would scan as with an eagle's eye the circumstances attending the exercise of that legal right, to discover if possible whether the right had been exercised in good faith or whether the evirus of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of mais fides had destroyed the vitality of the activation of the activat

HYDE PARK'S TROUBLES.

Judge Tuley is engaged in hearing the case of the Village of Hyde Park against the Fifth National Bank. This was a bill filed by the Village charging that A. D. Waldron, when Treasurer of the village, was accustomed to deposit his official as well as private funds in the Fifth National. During such time also he withdrew about \$97,000 from his official account and passed it to his private credit. It was claimed the bank was aware of this, and aware of the fact that he used the public funds for his own private purposes, and is bacce liable, by reason of such guilty knowl-

INDEBTED INSURANCE AGENTS. A judgment was entered yesterday before Judge Blodgett by the Millville Mutual Marine & Fire Insurance Company against their former agents, H. S. Tiffacy & Co., for the large sum of \$60,858. About three years ago, it will be remembered, the Company filed a bill against these agents, charging that they had entirely failed to pay over their collections and asking for an account. A commonlaw suit was begun, and a ples filed, but it was withdrawn, and no defense was made to the entry of the above judgment.

DIVORCES.

Eliza Petrie filed a bill yesterday against Deforest Petrie asking for a divorce on the ground of desertion.

And Mary M. Hall asked for a divorce from And Mary M. Hall asked for a divorce from Thomas T. Hall on the same ground.

Judge Jameson yesterday granted a decree of divorce to Mary E. Holbrook from Dasoom A. Holbrook, on the ground of adultery, and to Anna Brakke from John Brakke for desertion.

Judge Barnum granted a divorce to Sarah Sill from John Sill.

Judge Blodgett vesterday began the trial of the Government civil calendar, or cases by the United States on bonds of cigar manufacturers, whisky men, etc. The match-bond cases are on the calendar and will probably be reached tomorrow. The McArthur civil or bond case is postponed to next term to await the decision in the Home National Bank case, which stands on a motion for new trial.

The Patten contempt case comes up before Judge Moran this morning.

A verdict was entered up against Field, Letter & Co. by the Singer Manufacturing Company yesterday for \$13,609. This grows out of a misunderstanding as to the payment of some taxes or assessments on the Singer Building, leased by the defendants.

Discharges from bankruptcy were issued yesterday to Henry C. Stone and Charles W. Rigdon. Judge Dyer expects to get through his call of set cases to-day, and leave for home probably to-night.

STATE COURTS. J. W. Kepler began a suit yesterday for \$1,000 against Charles Winckier and Martin O'Connor. PROBATE COURT.

In the estate of Adelbert B. Conlan, letters of administration were issued to Kate Conlan. The estate is valued at about \$5,000.

In the estate of William Byrne, letters of administration were issued to Mary Byrne. The estate is valued at about \$1,000.

THE CALL. JUDGE BLODGETT Government cases in their order on the docket.

JUDGE DYER-400, Sanford vs. Fellows. 506, Connecticut Mutual Life-Insurance Company vs. Scammon. No. 507, Hubbard vs. Roach, on APPELIATE COURT-61, 62, 63, 64, and 65, No

JUDGE JAMESON—Chancery motions at 9:15 a. m.

JUDGE ROGERS—111, 114, and 116 to 121, inclusive. No case on trial.

JUDGE MORAN—96, 127, 137, 140, 142 to 164, inclusive, except 144, 149, 157, and 180. No. 48, Reich vs. Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company, on trial.

JUDGE TULEY—4, 5, and 6. No. 3 on hearing.

JUDGE BARNUM—Set case and calendar No. 12.

No case on hearing.

JUDGE JAMESON—Nos. 296, 294, 434, 464, and 556.

JUDGE LOOMIS—Set case 457. Term Nos. 374, 376, 380, 382, 383, 285, 386, 391, 395, 396, 397, 399, 402, 403, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 414, 416, 417, 418, 420, and 421.

JUDGMENTS.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE BLOCKETT—Millville Mutual Marine & Fire Insurance GETT-Millville Mutual Marine & Fire Insurance Company vs. Henry T. Tiffany and J. W. J. Culton, \$69,856.22.—Singer Manufacturing Company vs. Ffeld, Leiter & Co., verdiet \$13,600, and motion for new trial.—United States vs. William Cooper, H. B. Miller, and B. L. Sawyer, \$2,12.22.—United States vs. Parker R. Mason, G. G. Russell, and J. R. Furlong, \$32,140.44.—Same vs. G. G. Russell, M. B. Derrick, and J. S. Wolf, \$136.22.—Same vs. William Cooper, H. B. Miller, A. C. Hesing, George T. Burroughs, \$116.67.—Same vs. Parker R. Mason, \$2,713.

SUPERIOR COURT—CONFESSIONS—J. V. Farwell Same vs. Parker R. Mason, \$2,713.
SUPERIOR COURT—CONFESSIONS—J. V. Farwell
& Co. vs. A. W. Kaup, \$469.29.
CIRCUST—COURT—CONFESSIONS—William Hertschmidt vs. Albert W. Harding and Elizabeth
Harding, \$501.88.
JUDGE ROGERS—William Kuecken vs. J. T.
Vickory, L. L. Wilson, and F. F. Cole, verdict
\$75.—C. P. Perrine vs. H. W. Lovewell, verdict
\$250.

GREAT GUNS.

"No More War "-Small Guns and Large - Perfect Torpedoes - Impregnable Forts-What the Inventor Hopes

Por.

Dispatch to New York Herald.

NEW HAVEN, March 27.—For three years a force of skilled mechanics have represented, in this city, the efforts of Dr. J. H. McLean, of St. Louis, to make guns which, in his words, by their "terrible perfection, shall make wars imcossible." This afternoon Dr. McLean gave an exhibition to a number of invited guests,—the irst exhibition afforded since work began. In the period of three years \$100,000 have been expended, and the best mechanies, under the supervision of Mr. Myron Colony, have worked in the greatest attainable secrecy. It was in the place of manufacture that the exhibition took place. Mayor Bigelow and the Rev. Dr. Leonard Bacon were winesses. In a brick walled room stood four strange looking implements of death. One sonal gun, andet the Convenience of the manufacture was commented with nickel platings. This was the only gun not-made on the magazine principle. At the breech was a lever which moved from right to left, and which at each motion causes a discharge. This gun is loaded by hand, but it has been discharged at the rate of eleven times in sixteen seconds, and has proved effective in experiments at the distance of one mile. In the breech of the gun there is mechanism which causes the firing bolt to cock everytime the piece is discharged. Another gun, a battery bearing the significant name of "The Besom." a magazine loader: another, a small magazine gun, and a pirantic affair called by the province of large arms. Actual the room to be a small magazine gun, and a pirantic affair called by the province of large arms. Actual the room to be a small magazine gun, and a pirantic affair called by the province of large arms. Actual the room to be provided to the ready of large arms. Actual the room to be provided to the ready of large arms. Actual the room to be provided to the ready of large arms. Actual the room to be provided to the ready of large arms. Actual the room, behind which was placed plates of boiler iron, for the practice of the magazine gun known as the "Besom." The other arms were to be fired with blank charges, for obvious reasons. The battery gun has twelve barrels, and magazines contain several hundred charges. The capacity for firing is 360 per minute. The distinctive feature is that the magazines are located on either side of the deady tubes, so that the supply of charges is continuous. The gundrels are provided to the deady the provided to

Dr. McLean complimented his assistant. Mr. Colony, and tickled the vanity of the attendants by some complimented also as to the mechanical remius which he had found here at his command. He said that his assistant, Mr. Colony, had, during the late War, made improvements in eannon, arms, and projectiles a study. He remarked, with a time of justifiable pride, in closing, that a revolution has been effected in arms, and he could be able to say to the world, with potency, "All nations are commanded to keep the peace."

Then the house began to echo to the bung, been of the various guns which were tried. The guns of the various guns which were from the following and state of the various guns which were followed to fire it. It were off one the through and state it had been fired one the through and after it had been fired one the through the country of the cannoneer. There was no recoil and the gun cocked itself ready to be fired again as the option of the cannoneer. The magazine gun was then loaded with balls and was whoeled over abreast the target. "We are going to fire it, Doctor," said one of the employes. The hext moment twelve holes, all in a fine, appeared on the target. There was a little hitch on the second discharge, which the inventor said was caused by deforting the said, when the artridge win be remedied, he said, when the artridge win be remedied, he said, when the artridge win the second was caused by deforting the said when the artridge win the said when the said was caused by deforting the said when the said was caused by deforting the said when the said was caused by deforting the said when the said was caused by deforting the said when the said was caused by deforting the said when the said was caused to be an artifulation of the said was caused to be an artifulation of the said was caused to be an artifulation of the

The Thibung Branch of Fices.

In Oilder To accommodate our numerations are strong throughout the city, we have established Branch Offices in the different Divisions as designated below, where advertisements will be taken for the same price as charged at the Main Office, and will be received until 5 o'clook, p. m. during the week, and until 9 p. m. on Saturdays:

J. & R. SIMMS, Booksellers and Stationers, 123
Twenty-second-st.

W.F. BOGART, Drugsist, 68 Cottage Grove-av, northwest corner Thirty-first and State-tak.

State-sta.

WEST DIVISION.

CHAS. BENNETT. Newsdealer. Stationer, etc., 99
West Madison-st, near Western-sv.

TH. SONNICHSEN, Druggist, 299 Blue Island-sv.,
corner of Twelfth-st.

H. C. HERRICK, Jewelor, Newsdealer, and Fanoy
Goods, 79 Lake-st, corner Lincoln.

F. KRAFT, Druggist, 641 West Madison-st, corner
Paulina. NORTH DIVISION.

LOUIS W. H. NEEBE, Printing and Advertising Agent, News and Stationery Depot, 45 East Divisionst, between LaSalle and Wells.

L. BURLINGHAM & CO., Druggists, 45 North Clark-st., corner Division.

PERSONAL. PERSONAL-M.: I WAS VERY SICK THAT Sunday. Please write. About 500 Milwaukee-av. DERSONAL — PRIVATE DETECTIVE WORK Adopt on reasonable terms. All communications strictly confidential. Address DETECTIVE, Room 3, 184 South Clark-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES. A PURCHASER WANTED FOR ONE-HALF OF a first-class country newspaper and job-office.

DUSINESS INTERESTS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND exchanged Grocery, drug, boot and shoe, and other stocks for sale. Good legitimate business openings on hand. KIMBALL & CO., 125. Clark-st. Room 23. FOR SALE-OR TO RENT-A FIRST-CLASS ELE-yator on the Mississippi River, at Lyons, Ia. Ca-pacity 100,000 bu. A great baryain. Could easily be converted to other purposes if desired. Building fix 12 feet. Terms easy. Address J. C. ROOT, Lyons, Ia. FOR SALE OR RENT A PLANING MILL, SASH, door and blind factory with a large dry-kiln attached to it. Possession can be given April 1. Address Novelty Iron Works, Dubuge, In.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE, FIXTURES, AND furniture of that well-known boarding-house and saloon on the corner of Harrison and Clinion-sta. Apply on the premises, Jul Harrison-st.

FOR SALE OR RENT—IS-ROOM HOTEL FURnished, in a county-seat city of 3,000 in Central Illinois; good garden, 2001150; shade and fruit trees; well and cistern water; rent \$20 a month to party who buys furniture; lease given. M. J. SMITH, Morgan Park, Ill. WANTED-A MAN WITH FROM \$5,000 TO \$7,000 capital to take an interest in a manufacturing business. Good chance to make money. Address S \$, Tribune office.

WANTED—MAN OF ENERGY WITH 800 TO
join advertiser in arranging for the manufacture
in every large town is this State of an article in extensive use. Big money in it, Address S 7, Tribune office.

WANT TO SELL—A GOOD CHANCE FOR A
small investment. I will sell my one-half interest in a good-paying restaurant on the West Side
chesp for eash, lesse runs to May 1; 181: rent small;
business good. Address, for ten days, R 26, Tribune.

THE CENTRAL FURNITURE STORE,

ESS STATE-ST.

J. W. & J. B. STOREY,

HOUSE-FURNISHERS,

CARPETS,

STOVES,

CROCKERY,

BEDDING,

CROCKERY,

CROCK etc., at the lowest prices for cash or on easy payments to suit. Goods cheerfully shown. Store open evenings.

J. W. & J. B. STOREY.

23 State-at.

HOUSE-FURNISHERS. TOB SALE—THE CONTENTS OF THE WELLknown house of Annie Gale, 5is South State-st.
consisting of furniture complete for three parlors
eight chambers, dining-room and kitchen; also carpets, beds and bedding. For full particulars call or
address 564 South State-st. address 564 South State-st.

THE UNION FURNITURE CO., 503 AND 505 WEST Madison-st, sell silk inds of household goods on monthly payments. Low prices. Easy terms.

WANTED—A PIER GLASS WITH FRAME NOT to expeed 28 inches in width. Address R 5, Tribune office.

BOOKS.

WANTED—TO SELL—COMPLETE VOLUMES OF "Scientific American" for 1815-76-77-78-79, unbound, for 510. R 53. Tribune office.

bound, for \$10. R 53. Tribune office.

1000 ENGLISH BOORS JUST RECEIVED—
55 vols. Waverly Novels (new) English ed. 15.00

25 vols. Dumas Novels (new) English ed. 15.00

21 vols. Jumas Novels (new) English edition. 12.00

21 vols. Amer. Cyclopedia, full Turkey and gill 58.00

21 vols. Jandine's Naturilier Turkey and gill 58.00

21 vols. Jandine's Naturilier's History of England. 10.00

20 vols. Mistord's History of England. Cloth. 10.00

20 vols. Froude's History of England. Cloth. 8.00

4 vols. Frude's History of England. Cloth. 8.00

4 vols. Glubon's Rome. Cloth. 8.00

5 vols. Glubon's Rome. Cloth. 8.00

5 vols. Glubon's Rome. Cloth. 8.00

6 vols. Glubon's Rome. Cloth. 8.00

21 Lectures of Col. R. G. Ingersoll mailed for . 1.00

Cash pad for good books down-stairs at MILLER'S

Cheap Bookstore, 102 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—A LARGE SAFE WITH DOUBLE doors and combination lock: money vanit inside with combination lock. Apply at 76 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—WALNUT OFFICE FIXTURES, glass partition and railings, show-cases, scales, safe, and shelving for paint-store. 206 Randolph-st.

A LL CASH PAID FOR CAST-OFF CLOTHING, carpets, etc. ladies attended by Mrs. J. Gelder. Address J. GELDER, 36 State-st.

A LL CASH PAID FOR LADIES' AND GENTLE-men's cast-off clothing, carpets, and bedding, call on or address E HERSCHEL, 546 State-st.

L. B. COUPLAND & CO.,
Patent Attorneys,
Patent A

CITY REAL ESTATE. OR SALE-MX160-MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR VAN 156, with cottage, Oak-av., near Vincennes, co-story and basement brick house, contains ern improvements, Belden-av., near Lis

100 Fourth-sv., with 2-story house.

2 ft. with store, Cottage Grove-sv., near Twenty-sixth-st., 20,000.

Might lots, Kenwood-svi., corner Forty-eighth-st., 2 blocks from Kenwood depot., 255.

Solick from Kenwood depot., 255.

Solick Mahash-sv., near Fifty-fourth-st., 31,000.

Solick Mahash-sv., near Forty-third-st., 31,25.

Mottled, Wabash-sv., near Forty-third-st., 31,25.

Solick Leavitt and Hoyne-sts., near Twenty-second. Skride, South Dearborn-st. near Forty-third.

d) lots corner Weston and Fullerton-sv., 830 to 250.

C. W. FARLIN, Sö Washington-st.

C. W. FARLIN.
S. Washington-st.

FOR SALE—RECEIVER'S SALE—UNDER AN
Order of the Superior Court of Cook County, I hereby offer for sale the southeast quarter
of Section thirteen (13), Township thirty-seven (37),
North Range fourteen (14), east of third principal meridian, situated in Cook County, Illinois. Bids for said
premises must be delivered to me at my office, No. 18
Andolph-st., Chicago, on or before April fifth (514),
1880.

V. A. TURPIN. Receiver. FOR SALE-WITH OR WITHOUT MACHINERY—
A large building, together with 129 feet of ground;
well lighted and heated by steam; is specially adapted
for a cabinet factory; has been used for a machine
shop and foundry; is centrally located in the city, and
will be sold on easy terms. Address C M G, 90 East
Erie-st., Chicago.

will be sold on easy terms. Address CM G, 39 East Eric-st., Chicago.

POR SALE-30 FEET ON WEST MADISON.ST., with buildings, rented for \$40 per month, \$5,000.

MATSON HILL, 51 Washington-st.

POR SALE-THREE LOTS MAINS FEET EACH, south front on Monroe-st., east of Western-sv., at a bargain. H. POTWIN, 125 Washington-st.

POR SALE-VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE North Division and Morth-sv.; also en North-st., between Hawthorne and Clybourn-ava, wooden block pavement, sewer, water, and gas; also forts fronting Weed, Blackhawk, and Rees-sta. JOHN A YALE, 181 La Salle-st., Room 6.

POR SALE—DOCK PROPERTY ON THE NORTH
Branch and North Branch Canal, between Chicago-sv. and North-av. Chicago Land Company, Room
S. Si Clark-st.

TOR SALE—24XISS FEET ON INDIANA-AV.,
near Eighteenth-st., east front. MATSON HILL,
W washington-st.

FOR SALE—FINE OCTAGON STONE-FRONT
house on West Adams-st., near Lincoln. at a bargain if sold this moath. HENRY WALLER, JR., 97
Dearborn-st. Dearborn-St.

FOR SALE-RIVER PROPERTY FOR DOCK OR

I manufacturing purposes—60 feet on North
Branch, near Division-St. in two parcels, a bargain,
JOHN A. TALE, its La Salle-St., Room 6. FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST RESIDENCE lots in the city, 60x00 ft, fronting on Clark-st, and Lincoin Fark, in Wright's Grove, north of my resi-dence. A bargain will be given. DAVID GOODWIL-LIE, 35 Ohto-st.

LIE, 35 Ohio-st.

TOR SALE-25 FEET ON PRAIRIE-AV, NEAR
I Eighteenth-st, east front. MATSON HILL, 57
Washington-st.

TOR SALE-STONE-FRONT 10-ROOM DWELLING
in the vicinity of Lincoin Park; house has all
modern conveniences, cosl-vault under walk, gasfixtures, furnace, and is papered and grained; \$4.50;
\$1,000 cash, balance at low interest. HALE & SNOW,
135 Randolph-st. FOR SALE-A GREAT BARGAIN—TWO LOTS on Webster-av., four on Racine, and nine on Jay-st. Apply to E. T. PAUL, 13 La Salle-st. TOR SALE—INDIANA-AV., NRAR TWENTYninth-st.—Very good two-story and basement brick house, in good order. J. H. KEELER, 185 Clark.
TOR SALE—LOT 75XIS, WITH GOOD FRAME house, on Sangamon-st., near Washington.
Two-story and basement brick, 24 South Sangamon.
Two-story frame, brick basement, 18 South May:

Two-story frame, brick basement, il South May; 41,500.

41 North Carpenter-st., near Lake, good cottage and lot, only \$2,000.

GRIFFIN & DWIGHT.

Corner Washington and Halsted.

TOR SALE—A SPLENDID TWO-STORY BRICK house and large lot on Park-av. House has all modern improvements, and is all furnished complete. Will sell it as it is, or take out the ru-viturs. This is an elegant home for any ordinary if a; will sell for less than house cost. GRIFFIN & DWIGHT, Corner Washington and Halsted.

TOR SALE—THREE OR FOUR BEAUTIFUL LOTS on the boulevards and Ellis-av.; acre property on South Side, and several houses around Oakiand Staton, on easy terms and low prices CHAS. CLEAVER, Room Zi, 120 Dearborn-st. Room 21, 134 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NEW OCTAGON STONE FRONT ON Lake-av. near Thirty-seventh-st., only \$5,000.

MATSON HILL, 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—154 VINCENNES-AV.—TWO-STORY and basement brick house. 10 rooms, all modern mprovements. J. C. MCCORD, 154 La Salle-st. FOR SALE—BY E. S. DREYER & CO., 38 WASH-ington-st.: The northwest corner of Clark and Wisconsin-sts., having 285 feet east front on Clark (Lincoln Park front): 117 feet on Wisconsin-st. and 86.5 on North Park-av., in all 635 feet running back to siley. We are authorized to close this beautiful resi-lence property out at a bargain.

COR SALE-STATE-ST. PROPERTY, THREE I blocks from new Post-Office and Custom-House. Address P. 53, Tribune office.

FOR SALE-DEARBORN-AV., CONVENIENT TO BUSINESS. 105 50 by 50, only \$130 per foot. J. H. KEELDIS, 185 Clark-S POR SALE-BRICK RESIDENCE, WITH STONE trimmings, on corner of State and Division-St., nast and south fronts, 19,000. MATSON HILL, 97

OR SALE-RENT-OR EXCHANGE-HOUSES lots, and acres at Hinsdale; the highest land and west price of any suburb. O.J.STOUGH 123 Dearborn FOR SALE-14 ACRES ON NINETY-FIFTH-ST. WALLER, JR., 97 Dearborn-st. FOR SALE-DESIRABLE BARGAINS IN LOTS near Rock Island and new Fort Wayne car-shops, and acres near Englewood. L.P. COATES, 125 Dear-born-st.

OR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST-DESIRABLE residences in Aurors. Ill.; large grounds; house stast, finished in hardwood; has all modern improvements; barn, hon-house, etc.; price, \$18,000; would exhange for well-located property in Chicago on a cash asis. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-s. REAL ESTATE WANTED

WANTED-TO BUY A 1-STORY FRAME HOUSE between Twelfth and Lake-sta. Apply at 231 south Canal-st.

TO RENT-HOUSES.

West Side.

TO RENT-FROM MAY 1, 180, 317 PER M
fine frame cottage, 16 Filmore-st.
512-6 large rooms, 24 Filmore-st.
518-2-story brick house, 23 Fillmore-st.
518-2-story brick house, 23 Fillmore-st.
511-6 rooms, first floor, 11 Havenderst.
512-6 rooms, first floor, 10 Harvard-st.
511-6 rooms, first floor, 10 Harvard-st.
511-6 rooms, first floor, 30 Harvard-st.
511-6 rooms, first floor, 30 Harvard-st.
511-6 rooms cottage (with bath) II Howard-st.
517-6-room cottage (with bath) II Howard-st.
510-0 RENT-SIMPHEL HOUSE ON PAR

Inquire at 505 Western-av.

TO RENT-FURNISHED HOUSE ON PARK-AV.,
A No. 1 house and furniture. Want a small private family; no boarders. Rent reasonable.
Furnished house on West Monroe-at., 300 per month.
Owner's family will board with tenant.
Fist. 6 rooms, on Warren-av., with 350 worth of good furniture for sale.

GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,
West Side House-Renting Agenta,
Corner Washington and Halsted-sts.

Corner washington and Haisted-sts.

Corner washington and Haisted-sts.

Double, Il rooms, with all modern improvements, and stable, 72 West Monroe-st, 58 West Jacron-st.; and table, 72 West Monroe-st, 58 West Jacron-st.; 39-Tineo-story frame, 155 Centre-av.; 39-Tineo-story frame, 155 Centre-av.; 30-Tineo-story frame, 155 Centre-av.; 30-Two-story brick, 38 West Congress-st.

Ris-Three-story prick, 38 West Congress-st.

Inquire at 135 Dearborn-st., in bank.

TO RENT-HOUSE NO. 447 WEST LAKE-ST.;

TO RENT-HOUSE NO. 447 WEST LAKE-ST.;

To RENT-HOUSE NO. 447 WEST LAKE-ST.;

To Desession on part now, from May 1; 14 rooms;

hot and cold water. Apply at 45 West Lake-st. TO RENT-FURNITURE FOR SALE-WASHING-ton-st., elegant house, 12 rooms, brick stable. Address 2 35, Tribune office.

TO RENT-SE WEST MONROE-ST., 10-ROOM brick dwelling with 40 feet of ground. JAMES M. GAMBLE, 40 Dearborn-st., Room 5.

GAMBLE, 60 Dearborn-st., Room 5.

TO RENT-SIS CARROLL-AV., 10 ROOMS, ALL, modern improvements, furnace, gas fixures, etc. J. C. MCOORD, 154 La Saile-st.

TO RENT-TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT BRICK, all conveniences, on Fark-av., between Leavitt and Hoyne-sts. South front. HOLMES & BRO., 36 Washington-st.

TO RENT-STORY AND BASEMENT STONE-front house and barn, Il Park-av., Herooms; gasfixtures and furnace. Inquire of R. C.ROUNSAVELL, 25 Ontario-st., and not on the premises.

South Side.

nxtures and furnace. Inquire of R. C. ROUNSA VELL, 225 Ontario-st., and not on the premises.

To RENT-509 MICHIGAN-AV. TWO-STORY I and basement, Prooms, partly furnished; immediate possession; \$0. D. W. SUTHERLAND, Room 6, 56 Clark-st.

TO RENT-NO. 7 HUBBARD-COURT. HOUSE and furniture for saic. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT-DWELLING 145 TWENTY-FIRST-ST., I near Wabash-av, orightily lighted on three sides; rooms, large storage basement, front and back stairs, bath, not and cold water, gas-fixtures, etc. Apply at 184 Wabash-av, corner of Twonly-first-st.

TO RENT-ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE residences on the South Side; fourteen rooms, besides large bath-rooms, pantries, closets, laundry, attic, and cellars; large parlous, library, dining-room, and kitchen on the first floor. House is well lighted on all sides, and partly furnished. Lot's setzill fix with good stable. WALTER TRUMBULIL, Room 48 Reaper Block.

TO RENT-1-ROOM COTTAGE, 346 COTTAGE Grove-av, bath-room; bot and cold water. J. T. DALE, is Tribune Building.

TO RENT-1-BIXTEENTH-ST., 14-ROOM THREE-story brick dwelling; ten-room frame dwelling on Michigan-av., near Twelfth-st., 321 JAMES M. GAMBLE, Rooms, 46 Dearborn-st. Michigan-av., near Tweitin-st., att Jakes a. Gamble, Rooms, & Dearborn-st.

To RENT-2-STORY HOUSE, 8 ROOMS, ON Twenty-ninth-st.; possession at once; 25. HEN-RY L. HILL., 140 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT-1825 WABASH-AV, NEAR THIRTY-fourth-st.; first-class order; finest location in the city. J. C. MCCORD, 151 La Salle-st.

TO RENT-1825 WABASH-AV, NEAR THIRTY-fourth-st.; first-class order; innest location in the city. J. C. MCCORD, 151 La Salle-st.

TO RENT-2-870RY AND BASHMENT BRICK house, ten rooms, all modern improvements; Wabash-av., near Twenty-first-st. & Resper Block.

TO RENT-T-ROOM FURNISHED HOUSE 1057 Indiana-av., for six months. Apply to MYRON I. PEABCE, 183 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT-DWELLING HOUSE NORTH OF Thirtieth-st., east of State-st. Rent, 475 per month. Address w 18, Tribune office.

TO RENT-HANDSOME RESIDENCE ON ONE OF the boulevards for board of one genileman and his secrant; parties must be responsible. No boarders permitted. Address w 12, Tribune office.

TO RENT-34 ONTARIU-ST., 15-ROOM BRICE dwelling; 28 Ohlo-st., 14-room brick dwelling JAMES M. GAMBLE, @ Dearborn-st.

st.: St. Michigan-ev., 3-story and basement mar-ble front. See Michigan-ev. 2-story and basement dwellings. ble from.

Sign and St Michigan av. 2-story and basement dwellings.

Michigan av. 3-story and basement brick.

Michigan av. 3-story brick dwelling furnace, gas fixtures, and range, in excellent repair, now vacant.

Michigan av. 3-story and basement marble front, corner Sixteenth-st, barn.

Michigan av. 3-story and basement marble front.

Michigan av. 3-story av. 3-story

ment bricks.

313 West Randolph-st., 2-story and basement bricks.

458 West Randolph-st., 2-story and basement marble front.

457 West Congress-st. 2-story frame.

759 West Hubbard-st., 2-story frame.

759 West Monroe-st., 2-story and basement brick.
6 Warren-av., 2-story frame.
7 North Irving-place, 6 rooms.
86 West Adams-st., 3-story and basen

marble fronts.

Se West Superior-st., 4 rooms.

So Fulson-st., second floor.

Washington-square, 3-story and ba bries.

St. St. and 'S Dearborn-av., 3-story and base-ment marble fronts.

Flats on Illinois-st. near Rush, 512 to 515 each.

Plats on St. Clair-st., near Illinois, 512 to 515

each
leeping-rooms in the Mercantile Building, on
La Salle-st.
Also a large number of other houses and roo
st of which can be seen at my office. Suburban.

TO RENT—THREE HOUSES IN MONTROSE, 8 miles from the Court-House, convenient to depot, with five acres of land each.

Five cottages on West Sixteenth-st, between Morgan and Nut, from \$10 to \$12 each.

Four cottages on North Wood-st, and Clybourn-place, near Holling Mill, cheap.

LAZAROS SILVERMAN, To La Salle-st. TO RENT—IN EVANSTON — HOUSES, FURnished and unfurnished, by FRANK MERRELL,
dealer in real estate, office near Evanston depot.
TO RENT—OB EXCHANGE—HOUSES WITH
large grounds at Highland Park, Englewood, Maywood, and Mont Clare. B. L. PEASE, 13 Dearborn. TO RENT-HOUSES AT WINNETKA WITH large shaded grounds, & and upwards; bargains on monthly payments. J. T. DALE, 16 Tribane on monthly payments.

To RENT - AT OAK PARK-HOUSES CONVEnient to depot at very low rents. SIMPSON
DUNLOP, Room 28, 12 Dearborn-st.

O RENT-OR FOR SALE—330 PER MONTH, A

inc large residence at Kiverside. Carpets and
duratiture for sale. Inquire of S. H. COMINGS, 115
Lake-st.

T O RENT-IN KENWOOD, CORNER WOODLAWN.

Av. and Forty-sixth-st., two 2-story cottages, containing 6 and 7 rooms, both in first-class order. C. B. DUPER, corner Clark and Sixteenth-sts. South Side. SORIN SIGE.

O RENT—FLATS SUITABLE FOR SMALL FAM-ilies, centrally located on South Side. ALFRED V. SANSOME, Room 7, 110 La Salle-st.

North Side.

To RENT-FLAT OF 7 ROOMS, BATH, CLOSET, etc., very light, good neighborhood, near Lincoin Park; bedroom and dining-room furniture for sale; possession given now; rent \$2.50. HALE & SNOW, 183 Randolph-st. West Side.

O RENT-FIRST-FLOOR FLAT, 8 ROOMS WITH laundry, on the north westcorner Paulins and varren-av. Rent \$31. Apply to PIERCE & WARE, 14 a Salle-st.

South Side.
To RENT-FURNISHED EAST FRONT PARLOR, with bed and two small rooms. New No. 1436 I with bed and two small rooms. New Alb. as Michigan-av.

TO RENT-1 OR 2 ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UN furnished. Call after 6 p. m., 55 University place. TO RENT-TO GENTLEMEN-LARGE NIGELY.

furnished second story front room, bath and gas.
No moving May 1. 42 Wabab-av.

TO RENT-AN ELEGANT SUITE OF ROOMS
furnished, its South Clark-st, first floor, ready for occupancy April 1. Rent moderate. Apply at office E.

West Side.
TO RENT-THE UPPER FLOOR OF THAT ELE
gant 2-story and basement brick, 50 Fulton-st
one blook from Union Park; corner house, soul
front; hot and cold water; furnace heat; marbimantel; surroundings and neighborhood A. No. 1
From April to May 1 50; after May 1 55 to good per
manent tenant.

TO RENT—A FINE FRONT ROOM AND A SMALL er front bedroom, both nicely furnished. 94 Dear born-av.

Stores.
TO RENT-STORES IN NEW BLOCK CORNER Cottage Grove-av. and Thirty-seventh-st.; good place for groceries, boots and shoes, dry goods, etc.; one store suitable for watchmaker. A. COOK. TO RENT-DESIRABLE STORE (FIVE FLOORS and basement), 20 and 25 Wabah-av., with side entrance to upper floors, which will be rented separately if desired. Early possession can be given. Al-FRED W. SANSOME, ROOM 7, 100 La Salle-at. TO RENT-STORE AND BASEMENT, WITH ASphalt floor, 16 and 18 Third-av.; also front on extension of Dearborn-st., between Jackson and Van Buren; power easily available, ALFRED W. SANSOME, Room 7, 116 La Salle-st. TO RENT-STORE AND BASEMENT, NO. 98
Franklin-st., May 1. ALFRED W. SANSOME,
Room 7, 110 La Salle-st. Room 7, 110 La Salle-st.

TO RENT-FROM MAY 1—STORE IIS MADISONst. between Clark and Dearborn; one of the finest locations in the city. Apply to J. H. ANDREWS,
lb Clark-st., in the foremoon.

TO, RENT-22 AND 24 MICHIGAN-AV., FOURstory and basement building, 40x140. Inquire of
GEO. G. NEWBURY, 184 La Salle-st. GEO. G. NEWBURY, 184 LA SAILS-ST.
TO RENT-WABASH-AV., FIVE-STORY BUILDing, finished to the top. E. SLOSSON & CQ., 155
LA SAILS-St.
TO RENT-STORE ON STATE-ST., NEAR WASHington (or half a store); the best location on the
street. E. SLOSSON & CO., 155 La Sails-st. TO RENT-STORE AND BASEMENT, 126 SOUTH Clark-st. D. G. HAMILTON, Room 1, 126 South Clark-st. Clark-st.

TO RENT-FROM IST OF MAY, ON SOUTH
Market-st., one store 20x30, and one 30x30. (MCDONNELL, 51 South Market-st.) MCDONNELL, 3I South Market st.

TO RENT-STORE NOS. 188 AND 130 WASHING ton-st. 40x188, four stories, with modern improvements; cheap to good parties. Address W 55, Tribuna

TO RENT-22 AND 24 MICHIGAN-AV. 4-STORY and basement building, 40x148. Inquire of GEO. G. NEWBURY, 184 La Sallo-st.

Docks and Yards.

Docks and Yards.

TO RENT-DOCK PROPERTY ON THE NORTH Branch and North Branch Canal, between Chicago-ay, and North-ay. Chicago Land Company, Room 3, 34 Clark-st.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT-FOR FIVE YEARS-THE SECOND, third, and fourth floors of one of the finest buildings on Wabash-ay. near Madison-st; size, 40x150, with large water elevator. Will be rented together or separately. For terms apply to N. C. THAYER & CO., 250 Wabash-ay.

TO RENT-SILOGES, 60x100 FEET, CENTRALLY Located and very desirable for manifestuaring purposes. Good light. E. SLOSSON & CO., 155 LA Salie.

TO RENT-THE THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING SOUTH Canal-st. THOMAS LOMEGAN, SO Centre-ay.

TO RENT-LARGE AND SMALL WELL-LIGHTED rooms for manufacturing; power and elevators. A. E. BISHOP, IE South Jeffersou-st.

WANTED-TO RENT-BY GENTLEMAN AND

WANTED-TO RENT-BY GENTLEMAN AND wife, furnished house; must be in respectable neighborhood. Address R sl. Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-BY GENTLEMAN AND tage, 6 or 7 rooms modern improvements, in good locality; rent must be reasonable. Address Q st. Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-MEDIUM-SIZE HOUSE or cotiage, furnished by responsible party; best of care taken; would take possession now or ist of May. Address St. Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-HY GENTLEMAN AND wife, by April 12, three or four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. South Side, not west of Wabash-av., nor over five blocks from Twenty-second-st. References first-class in every respect. Address P J, 70 State-st., Room 9.

WANTED-TO RENT-BY GENT AND WIFE, part of a modern bouse (4 or 5 rooms) in good location. South or West Side, unfurnished; want possession April 1; permanent for the right place. State full particulars as to conveniences, airs of family etc. A No. 1 references given and required. Address K No. 6 Board of Trade-court. WANTED TO RENT TWO OR THREE BOOM on the North Side for light housekeeping. Ad tress A J W. 318 Orchard-st. HORSES AND CARRIAGES. CALL AND GET GOOD BARGAINS IN NEW AND Second-hand carriages, buggles, phaetons, etc., at 804-30 Wabash-av. H. B. Hill.

FOR SALE—A LIGHT ONE OR TWO HORSE family carriage, cheap. So Centre-av.

POR SALE—AT SU WEST LAKE-ST., ONE PAIR of matched bay horses, weighing 2,600; or will trade for horses unit for city use. Call to-day.

POR SALE—A DOUBLE SET OF BUGGY HABpess, nearly new. Apply at 22 West indiana-st.

WANTED-MALE HELP. WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG MAN who has worked in a clothing house as abjoung and receiving clerk. BARBE. SCHOENBRUN & MORGENTHAU, 156 and 301 Madison-st. WANTED—DRUG CLERK: ONE COMPETENT, reliable, good character and habits and of pleasing address: must not expect too high salary. Give references. Address Box E. Wenkeshs, Wia.

WANTED—IN OFFICE OF WHOLESALE HOUSE, a boy about 15 years old; must be good penman. Address, with references, 8 ik. Tribune office.

WANTED—DRY-GOODS SALESMAN. III WEST Madison-st.

WANTED—CLERK—BOY, AMERICAN, ABOUT 15 years old; references. Apply 344 South Clarkst. Marks A. F. Chair Company.

WANTED—4 COATMAKERS, 2 PANTSMAKERS, and 1 good bashelman; good wages and stendy work, at CURBY & PAMBLA'S, 618 State-st. We mean business; call immediately.

WANTED—HANDS FOR WILLOW WORK; ALSO hands for upholstering. Apply at my house. C. T. DAHL, 26 North Sangamon-st, east of Milwanton-st. WANTED-6 OR 8 FIRST-CLASS STOVE PLATE and reservoir molders. Apply to CRIBBEN, SEXTON & CO., 70 to 80 Erie-st. WANTED-TWO GOOD COAT TAILORS TO GO to Galesburg, Ill. Apply to H. A. KOHN & BROS., corner Washington-st. and Wabash-av. BROS., corner Washington-st. and Wasash-av.

WANTED-SIX FURNITURE FINISHERS., APply to CLARK BROS. & CO., Rober-st., near Blue Island-av.

WANTED-TWO CARRIAGE PAINTERS AND two woodworkers at 261 State. B. F. TUCKER. WANTED-IMMEDIATELY-A GOOD CAR-ringe belper at 74 Sixteenth-st.

WANTED-A GOOD DYER, 67 COTTAGE WANTED-A BARBER AT 116 STATE-ST. WANTED-A MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS
working hydraulic presses. BABTH & MEYER,
219 East Kinzle-st.

Employment Agencies.

WANTED—30 MINERS AND CARPENTERS FOR Michigan; steady work; free fare. CHRISTIAN & CO., 288 South Water-st. WANTED-RAILROAD LABORERS AND IRON-miners, to leave to-day; five carpenters and one barber. ANGELL & CO., 6 West lake-st. WANTED-200 RAILBOAD LABORERS FOR C. & N. W. R. Co. in Wisconsin and Michigan; 25 Cornish miners; 15 carpenters; 5 stonecuters; free fare, at J. H. SPERBECK'S, 71 West Randolph-st.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED-A YOUNG MAN OF SOME EXPERIgiving references, and salary expected, Z & Tribuna.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED CANVASSERS TO
Call upon the American News Co., Room 6, 165
Dearborn-st. Destroom-st.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WILLING TO WORK
for a moderate salary and commission; to such
there is a chance after a short time of management
that will pay. MONRY & SMART, ES South Clark. WANTED-THURSDAY MORNING, SIX STRONG bors, 12 to 14 years old. JOHN C. CROW, 134 Madison-st.

WANTED-AGENTS FOR THE BEAUTIFUL
new book, "Mother, Home, and Heaven." Best
authorship; handsomely illustrated, it pleases everrybody. Send for circulars. B. C. TREAT, 107
Clark-st., Chicago.

Clark-st., Chicago.

WANTED-AGENTS-MEN WITH SMALL CAPtial can clear E0 per week with our household
goods; \$1 samples free. Call or send stamp for papers. Merrill Manufacturing Co., Hoom 2, 7 and 29
North Clark-st., Chicago.

WANTED-FIRST-CLASS WAITER, MAN, IN
private family, experienced and well recommended. Apply before 3 o'clock to-day at 420 North
La Salle-st. WANTED—OFFICE BOY IN WHOLESALE house; must live with parents. Address, in own handwriting, with age, and references, W is, Tribune.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN WHO HAVE WORKED in grocery store and acquainted in the city. Call at 16 North Wells-st.

A DVANCES MADE ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, etc., at one-half brokers' rates. D: LAUNDER, Rooms's and, 121 Handolph-st. Established 184. A NY SUMS TOISUIT LOANED ON FURNITURE
A Without removal, pianos, and other good securities. 152 Dearborn-st., Rooms II and 15.
A COCUNTS IN FIDELITY, STATE, AND GER-man Savings banks bought for highest cash price. C. B. STYLES, 201 Dearborn-st., near Post-Office. A DVANCES MADE IN SUMS TO SUIT ON FUR-niture, pianos, etc., without removal, at lowest rates. 26 Dearborn-st., Room II.

FOR LOANS ON CITY PROPERTY IN SUMS OF EM and upwards, apply to J. C. & G. PARRY, 100
West Monroe-st. West Monroe-st.

Highest Price Paid For State Savings and Fidelity Barr books and Sondinavian National Bark certificates, IRA HOLMES, General Broker, Se Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT ON PARMING lands, Morigages purchased, Apply at 75 Fifth-av, Room S.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE WITH-out removal, machinery, and other good collaterals, J. J. OWEN, St La Salie-st., Room S.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, Warehouse receipts, or any good collateral, at lowest rates. E. A. CLARK, & Dearborn-st., Room B. \$5.000 WANTED FOR FROM ONE TO FIVE pay 7 per cent, and give commission or situation to a gentleman who has the amount or more; no risk. Address S 45, Tribune office.

A RARE BARGAIN—ELEGANT CHICKERING aquare plane, in excellent condition, four round corners and three strings, for \$170 cash. Q 55, Tribune CHICKERING PIANO FOR SALE—IMMENSE sacrifice, elegantly carved, 7 cotave, fine from frame. Chickering plano: greatest bargain for enah. Call at 7304 West Madison-st.

> PIANOS AND ORGANS INSTALLMENTS AT

CORNER STATE AND ADAMS-STS.

PIANO FOR RENT-FIRST-CLASS PIANO; terms low, Also, for sale, elegans extension dining table and walnut sideboard. 88 West Adams. \$\text{\$0.140}\$ -A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL SELL AT great sacrifice a 7 octave, rosewood, carvedleg plane; retail price \$00; can be bought for \$140. Greatest bargain ever offered. Call at 75 West Madison-st.

\*\*MISCELLANEOUS.\*\*

MISCELLANEOUS.

A DVERTISERS CAN LEARN THE EXACT COST PARTY OF THE ACT COST PARTY OF THE PARTY O

LIBERAL REWARD FOR OVERCOAT TAKEN
from Baum's Pavillon Monday night; no queslions asked. Address P 26, Tribune office.

To from Baum's Pavillon Monday night; no questions asked. Address P.E. Tribune office.

Lost—Lady's Left-Hand Shalskin Glove cars, or on cars. Flease return to A. H. Millish, corner State and Madison-sis. Reward.

Lost—CHILD's Gold Locket Return to M. Twenty-fith-st. Suitable gold Locket Return to M. Twenty-fith-st. Suitable reward.

STORAGE.

A STOREHOUSE ESPECIALLY FOR HOUSE-goods and merchandise, 26 to 26 Mandoph-st. Perfect after, lowest rates, unequaled facilities.

STORAGE IN DRY LOFTS BY ELEVATOR FOR house furniture. Apply to H. W. WETHERRILL, its and IST Wabash-sv.

STORAGE FOR VURNITURE BUGGIES, MTC.: Cheapest and best in diy. Advances as low rates. J. C. & G. FARKY, 181 West Monroe-st.

J. C. & G. PARRY. HI West Monroe-st.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A. GOODRICH ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, US DEARA. born-st, Chicago. Advice free; fitteen years'
experience. Business quietly and legally transacted.

D. HARRY HAMMER, JUSTICE OF THE
st. Chattel-morgages, etc., acknowledged.

PROFESSIONAL. DR. KEAN, 173 CLARK-ST., CHICAGO—CONSUL-tation free, personality or by letter, on chronic male or female diseases. Cures warranted. Finest illustrated book extant, 55 pages, beautifully Sounds prescriptions for all diseases. Price 31, postpaid.

CLAIBVOYANTS.

WANTED-AT 49 WARREN-AV., GIRL P WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOU work; wages no object. 32 East Indiana 41, tween Cass and Rush. WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO COO wash, and iron. Apply at 1130 Indians-av. WANTED—GIRL OR WOMAN; MUST BE GO WOOK and isundress; two in family; no Irish ne apply. Call at 55 Wabash-av., Fiat 1. apply. Call at 3H Wabash-av., First L.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO GO A HALP
hour's ride from Chicaso; one who can cook
wash, and iron; a good home to the right party. Inquire of F. G. MOSS, 102 and 162 Lake-5.

WANTED—RELIABLE GIRL TO DO GENERAL
housework. Call at Huron-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRE TO DO LAUNdry and assist in second work. Call at I
Rush-st.

WANTED-A GOOD GIRL TO COOK, W. and from in a private family. 63 West Ad WANTED-A'COMPRIENT GIRL TO DO SE work; must have good city references. As WANTED-A GOOD GERMAN GIRL FO kitchen work. Apply at 52 Sixteenth-st., between WANTED-FIRST-CLASS COOK IN A PRI family. Apply before 3 o'clock to-da North La Saile-st. WANTED-A GOOD COOK AND LAUNDRESS AT WANTED-A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE WANTED-A NEAT, EXPERIENCED GIRL TO WANTED-A GOOD SECOND GIRL, ONE AC customed to waiting on table. 579 Michigan-A WANTED-A GOOD UPHOLSTEREE AT 558

Milliners. WANTED-SOME FIRST-CLASS MILLINERS go in the country. Apply to O. R. KEITH & C. WANTED-A MILLINER TO GO TO MICHIGAN Inquire of LOUIS HEILBRON, 18 and I

WANTED GOOD NURSE; GIRL ABOUT II years old; high wages. 25 Rast Chicago-av. SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE. Bookkeepers, Clerks, &c.

SITUATION WANTED-BY AN EXPERIENCE
Shookseeper. Gave up a good situation in the flat
to take up my residence in Chicago. Beat of reference
from late employers. Address E 82. Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED-IN EITHER A WHOLD
sale or retail house by an Eastern man of 15 year
experience in the dry-goods business as salesman
cloth house preferred. References given. Addres
N 75. Tribune office.

N II, Tribune office.

CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAI
SAFE E. a fair penman, acquainted wish city as
general business. Address O S. Tribune office.

CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN IN a
wholessle or commission house: understand CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN IN A wholesale or commission house; understands bookkeeping; is willing to make himself generally useful. R & Tribune office.

CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, GOOD penman, accurate at figures, and understands bookkeeping. Best references. Address S L. Tribune.

CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, BB-gining with small salary, in store or office. Good references regarding both character and shilly. Address P & Tribune office. I

CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN IN A years of age in an office or store; is a fair penman, and willing to work for small salary to begin with. Can give satisfactory reference. P W, Tribune office. SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN IN A Sirst-class retail grocery; has nine years' experience. Best city reference.

Coachmen, Teamsters, &c.
SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY A
Syoung married man (Swede). Understands the
business, and gardening thoroughly. Three years in
last place. Address S III, Tribune office. SITUATION WANTED-BY A FIRST-CLA coschman, thoroughly competent, with the be city reference. Address S 15, Tribane office.

Miscell aneous. CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GENTL.

Sman recently from the East, member of &
Board of Trade here, with good connections and fir
class letters, in some commission house. Would a
cept a very small salary for the privilege of bedoi
mg familiar with the business. Se, Tribune office. O or grain farm. J. S. Bucketons.

CITUATION WANTED-BY A YOUNG MAN AS

Waiter in a private family with very good references. Address, for three days, S.14. Tribune office. SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANKED—BY A GIRL FOR GENE
al housework. Apply for two days at 514 Waba SITUATION WANTED-TO DO SECOND WE NAV-11. CITUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD GIRL PC general housework or second work. Best of re erences. Call at 3ff Twenty-fourth-st. CANADIAN GU

CANADIAN OLD GOLD AND SILVER—

SITUATION WANTED—BY A CANADIAN GU

Noney to load on waters described and silver—

Six on water SITUATION WANTED-BY A CANADIAN GIRL as cook, laundress, or for general work; small family. Apply at 12 Eighteenth-at, up-stairs.

SITUATION WANTED-BY FIRST-CLASS GIRL to cook, wash, and iron or do general konsework. Good references. STwenty-fourth-st.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A CAPABLE GIRL TO cook, wash, and iron in a small private family. Res South Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED-BY AN EXPERIENCED or ir as cook and laundress. Call at 18 Eay-sy.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A PROTESTANT ownman for general housework in a small private family. Call at 76 Wabsh-av.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A YOUNG GIRL TO Cook, wash, and iron, 24 Calumst-ay. References.

SITUATION WANTED-FOR NICE, STRONG colored girl to do ceneral housework; well qualified. References. 12 Twentieth-st.

SITUATION WANTED-FOR A NICE STRONG colored girl to do ceneral housework; well qualified. References. 12 Twentieth-st.

SITUATION WANTED-FOR A NICE STRONG colored girl to do ceneral housework; well qualified. References. 14 Twentieth-st.

English. 115 Twentieth-st.

CITUATION WANTED-BY A NEAT AND OBLIGGING young girl to do second work in a private family. Address W 12, Tribune office.

CITUATION WANTED-BY A COMPATENT COOK Or for general housework. City references if required. Call at 316 Thirty-first-st. Nurses.

Situation wanted—as norse, or would of do second work. The best of dity reference can be given. Call at 1674 Arnold-st, in the rear.

Monsekeepers.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG WIDOW Slady who is highly respectable and industriously inclined, as housekeeper or any other position of trust. Would be found an agreeable she home companion to children an agreeable she home companion to children. References will be found most satisfactory. Will, Tribune office. Employment Agencies.
SITUATIONS WANTED-FAMILIES IN NHED OF good Scandinavian or German female help can be supplied at G. DUSKE'S office, 156 Milwagked-av.

South Side.

445 MICHIGAN-AV., BOARD AND DESIRAfew gay-boarders.

967 st.—Large front alcove room, furnished; dayboarders wanted.

W ABASH-AV., NEAR TWENTETH-ST.—TO
W ABASH-AV., NEAR TWENTETH-ST.—TO
hot and cold water; private family. None but permanent parties need apply. P. 6, Tribune offices.

North Side.

NORTH CLARK-ST., FOURTH DOOR FROM
the bridge—Front gooms, with board, it to B per
rock; without board, if to \$1.

Week; without board, E to \$1.

Two OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN RE Accommodated with room and board, back parior and hall bed-room; use of piano; West Side. Address \$1, Tribune office.

Hotels.

Charkence House, Corner State and Hall-rison-sta, four blocks south of Palmer House-Board and room, per day, \$150 to \$2; per week from to titl; also furnished rooms rented without board Windson House, 178 State-St., Opposite Palmer House-Room and board, \$2 to \$2 per week; \$1.50 per day.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD-FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM
Wanted by young lady in business; South Side
north of Twenty-second-st. Address Q & Tribune. PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH 250 CASH IN AS established commission and insurance business. References exchanged. Address 5 a, Tribuse office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH 1800 OR 10,000 TO GO In with party with like amount to easy a business in Colorado. Will take goods from Chicago with as, least of reference given and required. Address 5 ll. Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH 6000, IN A BUSINESS which is paying 200 per cent now, and will not all paying 200 per cent now, and will not great change for the right parties. Address 5 ll. Tribune office.

PIACHINERY.

TOR SALE—OND HOADLEY PORTABLE EXgine, sleam freight elevator, anariting pulleys,
hangers belting, etc. 26 Handolph-ss.

Port SALE—OTEAM, HYDRAULIC, AND HAND
Power elevators; one upright engine and boiley.

Broad power, and one B-borsa. Also, one Crase
Broa steam-hoisting engine. REEDY Elevator
Works, St. 09 illinois-st.

WANTED—SECOND-HAND POWER REPAIRS.

WANTED—SECOND-HAND POWER REPAIRS.

FOR SALE-CHRAP-SIX DUMP-CARE, FOR UBloading coal size in good order; also good secondthe coal size in good order; also good order; also goods.

FOR SALE-CHRAP-SIX DUMP-CARE, FOR UBmond & Loveloy's store-Good s-spring delivery
wagon, horse, and harness, store fixtures, tables
desks, safe, etc.; general assortment of upbolds-servi
goods. Apply at once.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY TRACHER WOULD residence if desired. Call or address TRACES. A STONISHING TO ALL-MRS. FRANKS IS THE Abest adviser on love, marriage, absent friends, busing the control of t

POSTAGE.

of the Post-Office at Chica

and Tweive Page Paper. TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE has esta YOHK-Room 29 Tribune Building. F. T. Mc SGOW, Scotland-Allan's American News

ANGOW, Bootson, and J. Strand, Strand, Strand, Strand, Charles, Strand, Agent, ASHINGTON, D. C.—1319 F street. AMUSEMENTS

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1880.

There were 1,26 deaths in that city

JAMES GORDON BENNETT is happy. His

French Jesuits are having houses t in Catalonia, Spain, preparatory to mov-Catalonia, Spain, preparatory to mothat place. They have also purchased

The South Town Democrats have been re-ising their tickets. Mr. M. C. Stearms has with-insyn from the Collectorship candidacy, and ludge L. B. Otis will lead the forlorn hope in his

A FRENCH journalist announces in a very matter-of-fact sort of way that he will commit micide, but fails to indicate the time or place. He has not yet been placed in the lunatic

Two ENGLISH Lords have published letters expressive of their party sympathies. Lord Grey, who used to be a Whig, now wishes the Roses success, and Lord Derby, who used to be Tory, wishes the Liberals success.

THERE seems to be a disposition on the part Eighth Ward Republicans to make no ation for Alderman, but to unite with the Democrats of the ward in defeating the r ringster and cheapdomagog, Lawler.

Tre House Committee on Appropriations in reduced the army estimates \$1,301,675. The rum to be appropriated is \$20,423,800. Compared with the amount necessary to sustain the armies of European nations, this sum is insignificant.

The Trish Home-Rule League has passed esolutions denouncing the attack of O'Clery's histy-bought mob on Mr. Parnell. The League sclares that the treatment of Parnell reflects is grace on O'Clery and all concerned in the astardic outrage.

The House Indian Committee has begin to play havoe with Secretary Schurz's plan for estiling the Use question. One by one the clauses of the bill were stricken out in Committee, so that if the measure reaches the House at all it will in a shape which will practically nultify all that has been done in the Ute negotia-

The decision of the Appellate Court set-ting aside the ordinance granting the Western Indiana Baliroad Company the privilege of en-tering the city was accepted by the Company as final. The Company, however, prepared a new petition, and, proposing to proceed as required by the decision of the Court, has asked for a new ordinance, which will probably be passed.

THE vote at the San Francisco charter decion yesterday was unusually light, peing per cent less than a full vote. The latest addices indicate that the Citizens' Union candinates are elected. The Workingmen have lodged protest against the counting of the ballots for the opposition candidates on the ground that he names are not printed on regulation paper.

Considerant E apathy prevails in the Republican ranks of the South Side, and it is feared that if the party does not enter into the campaign with more energy the Democrats will corry the election for town officers and that party the flection for town officers and that party the flection for town officers and that party the flection for Alderman of the Second Ward, will be elected. Some active work between now and election-day will insure the election of all the Republican candidates.

THERE were some more election riots in Great Britain Monday evening. At Chester the Independent candidate was mobbed and beaten, and there was a free fight at Dundee, Scotland, while in fretand another attempt was made to prevent Mr. Parnell from speaking, this time without success, however. The agitator's supporters were more than a match for the rullians hired to assail bim.

JUDGE DRUMOND decided at Indianapolis generally that it was a crime on the part of a claim agent or attorney to withhold pension modely from a pensioner, and that the section of the United States Statutes providing for the purposment of such acts is still in force. The decision is considered important, as many per-tine have considered that the provision referred to was inconsister.

tee on Public Lands of the her Committee on Public Lands of the use has agreed to report a bill which will be havenuty-two sections of public lands to each the Territories of Montana, Dakota, Arizona, he, and Wyoming; the lands to be selected bouted under the direction of the Secretary the Interior, and the proceeds of the sale to used for the establishment and support of the Board of the sale to used for the establishment and support of the Board of the sale to used for the establishment and support of the sale to used for the establishment and support of the sale to use more than employed the coded

Scheme in some of the Western States to manufacture a little advance sentiment and give him an appearance of great strength in localities where he is really very weak. He expects to accomplish this by subsidizing a few Democration gwspapers in districts where County Conventions are to be help hoping in this way to make a show of power that will be of service to him in conventions occurring later on. The old man

SECRETARY SHERMAN emphatically denies that he or any person in his interest caused the issue of any circulars or letters attacking Senator Blaine, but, curiously enough, several circulars, signed by a Mr. J. W. Frazier, one of the most active members of the Sherman Literary Bureau, which bitterly attack the Senator from Maine, found their way into the possession of several Republican Senators yesterday. Frazier is on intimate terms with the Secretary of the Treasury, and it is not at all likely that he has done the work without intimations from a cerain quarter that it would be appreciated.

THE English elections commenced yester The English elections commenced yesterday, when candidates for 134 constituencies were nominated. About twelve candidates, chiefly the former members, were declared elected, there being no opposition. Of these, six belong to each party. Among those of any prominence elected are Mr. Forster of the London School Board; Mr. Knatchbull-Hugessen, an author of some juvenile works; Mr. Sclater Booth, a member of the present Administration; and Mr. David Plunkett, the "Masquerading Imperialist," who sits for Dublin University. The small number returned without opposition shows how dereely the battle is being waged between the rival parties.

A WASHINGTON attorney writes to THE PRIBUNE that a vigorous and impartial investi-ration into the merits of the "Vociter patent" for wood-pulp will reveal some reasons for the success of the paper-ring which are not gen-erally understood. This patent was renewed erally understood. This patent was renewed some three years ago under circumstances that are said to have been suspicious. The renewal was unjustly and oppressively prejudicial to the paper industrial interests of the country, but seems to have enabled the papermakers to transfer the imposition upon the consumers. A proposition to repeal the renewal of this patent is included in a bill recently introduced into the Senate by Senator Call, of Florida, and it is hoped that this will lead to a thorough exposition of the whole matter.

THE Mayor's action on the appropriation ordinance will meet with the hearty approbation of the people of Chicago who do not depend for a living upon appropriations from the City Treasury. The Mayor's theory concerning the surplus money in the City Treasury is eminently wise, and it is difficult to understand how so many respectable members of the Council could have been weak enough to vote any part thereof for current expenditures. The Transum has at all times advocated and defended the preservation of all surplus revenue, in order to enable the city to meet its current expenditures with cash instead of resorting to costly scrip. During tile last year the Mayor and Controller have resolutely defended this fund, and with its THE Mayor's action on the appropriation have resolutely defended this fund, and with its sid, as so much eash, can save this year perhaps as much as \$100,000 in the cost of the City Government. The Mayor's veto of certain items of the appropriations for schools was justified by the excessive sums voted by the Council. The Council, however, included in the new ordinance what the Mayor had vetoed in the old one, but, this new ordinance being subject to a veto, the this new ordinance being subject to a veto, the exaggerated appropriation for school buildings will probably be defeated. The time for com-pleting the ordinance expires March 31.

UNDER the pretense of favoring the re-

UNDER the pretense of favoring the removal of the tariff on paper and the ingredients used in its manufacture, the House Committee on Ways and Means has agreed upon a bill including in its provisions not only paper, but all the protected articles having friends in Congress, the object being to so load down the bill as to secure the united opposition of the protectionists in the House, and thus slaughter in public what the Committee does not dare to strangle in private. First the enemies of cheap information went through the farce of adopting by a vote of 8 to 3 a proposition to of clieap information went through the farce of adopting by a vote of 8 to 3 a proposition to place on the free list all manufactured paper, wood pulp, and all fibre and fibrons plants fit for use in the manufacture of paper. If the Committee had been in earnest in the desire to cheapen paper it would have stopped right there and agreed upon a bill embodying this proposition; but there was no such intention, and the real animus of the packed protectionist majority was shown by the immediate adoption of an additional clause providing for the reduction to 40 per cent advalorem of the duty on chrome iron ore, flannels, blankets, wool hats, knit goods, balmorals, woolen and worsted yarns, manufactured goods composed wholly or in part of worsted, and the hair of the alpace goat and other like animals. The next step will doubtother like animals. The next step will doubt-less be to add salt and steel rails to the list of articles upon which to recommend a wholesale reduction of duty, and then to bring the bill be-fore the House in such a shape as to make sure of its defeat or postponement.

THE LATEST DEMOCRATIC STRATEGY. The prospects for Mr. Tilden's nomination by the Democrats seem to grow worse every day. He may be as ambitious for Presidential honors as ever, and he may succeed at Cincinnati when the Convention shall have actually assembled by the same peculiar methods he used to secure the St. Louis nomination in 1876. In the meantime, however, a more powerful opposition is being organized against him than that which he ncountered four years ago. When he shall come to weigh this opposition against his "barrel" on the other side of the scale, he may conclude that the St. Louis tactics will not win this year and resolve not to waste his

money.

The irreconcilable attitude which Tammany maintains against Tilden is by no means the most formidable obstacle to his nomination. Tammany would be powerless to defeat him in Convention if he had the Democratic sentiment of the country with him. In such case, indeed, the hostility of Tammany might operate to confirm his pretensions as a reformer. The real trouble is that the Democracy seems to have lost faith in Tilden not merely as a reformer,—the absence of which would not be very alarming to the Democrats, but as a leader. In the first place, there is a very general impression that Tilden's character as a politician has been smirched to a degree that will be fatal to Democratic success in case he be nominated.

The history of the cipher dispatches will be revived to the minutest details, and the Democrats feel powerless to explain away the transactions which had for their purpose the purchase of Returning Boards and Electoral votes in Oregon, South Carolina, and Florida.

Mr. Tilden has not been able as a private citizen to free himself from identification with the discentiable efforts made an identification with the discentiable efforts made an identification. with the disreputable efforts made on his be-half, and there is a well-grounded fear that

half, and there is a well-grounded fear that he would be still less successful in escaping from these damaging circumstances if he were before the people as a candidate.

While Tilden was willing to intrigue for the Presidency, and at least was not hostile to the attempt to secure the office for him through bribery and corruption, he lacked the courage to maintain the claim to the office which his friends set up for him, and a large faction of the Temperatures's look aron

him as a coward and an imbecile on that account. This feeling has been especially injurious to him in the South. Now that the fime for making the nomination is approaching, the objections to Mr. Tilden are more bluntly and emphatically stated than ever. The Louisville Courier-Journal stands almost alone among the Southern newspapers in counseling and advocating his candidacy; but a very lew others admit the possibility of his nomination, and trim their safis apeardingly; the bulk of the Southern cossibility of his nomination, and trim their affs accordingly; the bulk of the Southern entiment takes the form of pronounced astility. The statement has been industri-usly circulated through a few of the public prints and through a great variety of private sources that, if Tilden be commanded by the Democrats and Grant by the Republicans, the latter would carry several Southern States. The Charleston News and Courter names Florida, Louisiana,

Pexas, North Carolina, and Virginia as likely

to go Republican in such a contingency, with a possibility that South Carolina would also

vote against Tilden. There is a disposition among some of the nore devoted adherents of the third-term movement to misconstrue these Southern declarations against Tilden. They jump at the conclusion that both Grant and Tilden will e nominated, and then exultingly point to nese occasional expressions of Southern reference for Grant over Tilden as sure igns that Grant will receive a number of lectoral votes from the South, which will make his election sure. It is perfectly clear, nevertheless, that the Southern manifestations in question have a totally different neaning. They are favorable to Grant only as against Tilden. If they are sincere, they could only be used as an argument for Gen Grant's nomination after it had become certain that Tilden would be the Demo-cratic candidate. But the Republicans will nominate before the Democrats. If Gen. Grant be nominated at Chicago, as the Southern Democrats believe and hope he will be, they will have prepared the way for defeating Tilden at Cincinnati. That is the purpose, and the only purpose, of the recent intimations of a Southern preference for Grant as against Tilden. There has ever yet been a sign that Grant can secu any Confederate support, nor obtain a single Electoral vote from the South, in case the Democrats select any other candidate than Tilden. They are simply using Gen. Grant's name, in the belief that he will be the Republican candidate, as the means for insur-ing the defeat of Tilden in the Cincinnati Convention. It is the defeat of Tilden for the nomination, and not the election of Gen. Grant, that the Southern Democrats are working for. If Grant be nominated at Chiago, Tilden will not be nominated at Cincinnati; and the alleged Southern preference

figure in the campaign. The South will then be as solidly Democratic next fall as it was in 1878 and as it is to-day. It cannot be denied that the new Souther plan for opposing Tilden is ingenious. Its strategic purpose will be doubly vindicated if it shall succeed to the extent of misleadi the Republicans of the North into the fals hope that Gen. Grant will be able to carry any of the Southern States. In case any such conviction should gain ground, it would materially assist the third-term movement, and Gen. Grant's nomination would materially assist the Southern Democrats in their effort to shelve Tilden. In this manner the Democrats would make their enemies their strong est allies before the real battle begins. To be elieved of Tilden, and opposed only by the third-term movement and "the old crowd," seems to be the precise situation for which the Democrats are praying and intriguing.

for the former over the latter will cut no

THE ENGLISH ELECTION.

The English papers which have just come to hand are filled with articles upon the dissolution of Parliament and the forthcoming election. Singling out two of the repres tive papers, the Pall Mall Guzette and the Spectator, the former representing the Tory views and the latter the Liberal, a glance at their contents will give our readers a very clear impression of the condition of the campaign and of the issues involved in it. The Gazette, in making its appeal to the

English people, points out the results that will ensue in case the Liberals are successful, and of course from its standpoint the results are likely to be disastrous. It considers it to be certain that if a Liberal Government comes into power it can only exist at the discretion of the Irish members, and it must yield to their demands, however exacting or outrageous they may be. It claims that the Liberal party has no hope of success except through the favor of the Irish party, led by such men as Parnell and O'Donnell. Should t succeed, it foresees that the English members of the party would be divided into hostile factions, and that as between the Liberals of the old school and the modern Radicals there could be no compromise. In short, says the Gazette, "Every Liberal who votes at the next election with intent to place his party in power will do so knowing beforehand that he is playing Mr. Parnell's game, and that the certain result of success will be to give the control of his party to Home-Rulers and anti-rent agitators,-a control from which his chiefs will not be able to break except at the cost of their existence as a Government." The second point made by the Gazette-and it is the same indicated by Beaconsfield in his recent declaration-is that a Liberal success will involve Europe in a general war. It assumes that the Libera party cannot return to power without placing Mr. Gladstone at the head of the Govern ment; that Panslavism is the force that more than all others threatens the peace of Europe, and that he is a sympathizer with that

rope, and that he is a sympathizer with that force. It says:

As he sympathized four years ago with Panslavist designs against Turkey, so to-day he avowedly sympathizes with Panslavist hostility to Austria; and if in 1876 his vehement encouragement gave the movement strength to overbear the resistance of the peace party in Russia and the reluctance of the Czar, much more surely would it now avail to sweep away those barriers if the absolute direction of English policy were recommitted to Mr. Glasstone's hand. For, now as then, these barriers to Panslavism are the only ones in existence; and one of them, as we can well believe, is sorely tried already. The Czar is under far stronger temptation to plunge into warlike enterprises as an escape from domestic troubles in 1880 than he was in 186; and it may need but a little more impetus to be given to Panslavist pressure in order to force his hand.

This impetus, it believes, Panslavism would

This impetus, it believes, Panslavism would receive at the hands of a Liberal Cabinet, with Mr. Gladstone at its head. Russia would be hurried into war, this time against Austria. Italy would certainly take part in the strng gle, and France and Germany would probably

be embroiled.

Reversing the picture, the issues of the Liberal campaign, as stated by the Spectator, do not contemplate any such disastrous results. On the other hand, the reforms promised by the party are very cheerful in character. The Liberal leaders offer a higher place for England in the councils of Europe; an enlarged navy; an army released from the lash; a policy "either of frank accord or still franker defiance" with Russia; the en-franchisement of Greece; the liberation of the Christians of Southeastern Europe; the pacification of Afghanistan, with its indepactication of Afghanistan, with its inde-pendence guaranteed by England and Russia; thorough reform in the administration of India; the reduction of faxation; the grant to all householders of counties the political freedom enjoyed in boroughs; "to enfran-chise the land from the fetters of injurious customs and obsolete laws, till sheld shall be sold as readily as a watch, and with little more expense for transfer. The Speciator sums up the choice as follows:

sums up the choice as follows:

It is for the country to choose between these programs and these policies,—between prosperity and honor, and unrest without dignity, between the old statesmen who, by the continuous improvements of a half a century, have made England what it is, the country to which all good men in the world oloc with admiration and envy, and the flashy Oriental who offers it notoriety, and who has in every quarter of the world destroyed its reputation for fair-dealing, unself-ishness, and respect for the rights of the weak. It has, in fact, to choose between the party which offers it the alliance of France, the affection of all rising nationalities, and the repute of the justest Power in the world, and the party which offers it the patronage of Austria,—who, in her first battle, will need an English loan,—the cowering hatred of Turkey, and such repute as is obtained by the demand for Cyprus and the transportation of our protected and humble ally, Yakoob Khun.

At this distance from the struggle it is diff-

At this distance from the struggle it is difcult to see what there is in the Liberal program that involves a European wherein it is inconsistent with the peace and general prosperity of England. Every one of its issues is in the nature of reform, both n the domestic and foreign policy, while the Tory party offers nothing that indicates any divergence from its past policy, which has kept England engaged in foreign wars and bred discontent at home. There is not a plank in the Liberal platform that does not call for reform, and reform always tends to make a people happy and contented. Relief from injustice and oppression never yet disturbed the peace of a country. There is nothing which would soon-er pacity the Irish, for instance, or coner secure their willing support of Government, than reform in the land laws; and equally there is nothing which will as certainly keep up the general discontent and provoke the renewal of the present struggle as the continuance of those laws. From a republican standpoint of view, there is no question which of the two great English parties commends itself to American sympathy. It will be unwise, however, for Americans to expect success in the direction of their sympathy. The wealth and strength of such an alliance as the Church, the landed aristocracy, and the publicans cannot easily be overcome, and there is little room for hope that a Liberal Government will be restored to power, however, desirable their program may

THE latest assertion by Secretary Sherman concerning the imaginary assault upon his virtue by the editor of THE TRIBUNE, and the latter's threat to "ruin" him if he did not refuse to execute the Resumption law, is

not refuse to execute the Resumption law, is thus reported from Washington:

Reading along a little further, the Secretary read Medill's remark that the interview was impossible because he knew Sherman had no power to nullify the Resumption act; and, and he wished to accomplish that, he would have gone to the President insteador the Secretary. "He did go to the President insteador the Secretary. "He did go to the President, exclaimed the Secretary; "he tried to influence the President, as well as myself, to prevent the Resumption act being carried into effect; and the President with surprise repeated the conversation to me."

In this statement Mr. Sherman perhans

In this statement Mr. Sherman perhaps identifies the time of the interview, and perhaps furnishes the means of proving the treachery of his own memory on the subject. We have already stated that the only interview Mr. Medill had with Mr. Sherman was a brief one, and, as remembered, a rather cold and formal one, about the time of the passage, or shortly before the veto, of the Silver bill,—towards the close of February,

After that bill had passed Congress, there was much uncertainty as to whether the President would approve or veto it. There were numerous callers on the President from New York and other Eastern cities, urging the President to yet the bill. While the bill was in the hands of the President, he kindly appointed an evening at his private office, to which he invited the editor of THE TRIBUNE, to hear what the latter had to say why the bill should not be vetoed. At that interview, Mr. Medill presented his views orally, and also read a summary of his "points" in favor of re-monetizing silver. At the conclusion of the conversation, at the President's request this paper was left with him; and, if it has not been destroyed, it can be produced, and will show the exact subject on which that conver-

sation took place.

Mr. Sherman has identified the subject of the interviews by Mr. Medill with himself and the President as relating to one subject,
—a demand on them for the nullification of
the Resumption jaw! A memorandum of
the conversation with the President is, or was, in the hands of the President; and the Secretary possibly, on application, can obtain it, and publish it. That will establish whether he is right or wrong in his recollec-

tion. The time and circumstances pending the action of the President on the Silver bill, then in his hands, and the engrossing interest on that subject at that time, render it rather improbable that the editor of THE TRIBUNE, who was a warm supporter of the Silver bill, should have ignored that subject and sought to bulldoze, threaten, intimidate, and coerce the President and Secretary into a nullification of the Resumption law, which was already practically in operation, and which THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE was steadily supporting, and urging the remonetization f silver as a means of making specie-payments easy, successful, and permanent. That is the record.

LAKE navigation may be said to be practi-LAKE navigation may be said to be practically open for the season. The Straits are clear, and vessels are loading and preparing to sail from Chicago. The Eric Canal will be open for general traffic April 10, by which date the Western cargoes will be at Buffalo. Preparations have been made for bringing all the craft into service that can be procured in the American waters, and there will be a speedy and effectual relief for the grain and provision blockade in the West due to the embargo which the rall-reads have placed on the movement of breadrelief for the grain and provision blockade in the West due to the embargo which the railroads have placed on the movement of breadstuffs and produce during the winter. A reduction of five cents per hundred pounds a few weeks ago has enabled the railroads to seeme a large share of the business which they had foolishly locked out during the previous three months, but the opening of navigation will force them to abate still more of their exterionate rates. It will be impossible to exact \$5 cents for carrying grain after the first faw days of lake navigation. It will be a difficult matter for Col. Fink to maintain his pool at any schedule when the cutting of rates shall once set in. Then the old cut-throat policy will probably be resumed. The railroad managers who have deliberately shut out the business during the winter will ultimately, perhaps, carry the freight at a loss, and in this manner their stockholders will have been made to suffer both winter and summer for the empty privilege of exciting public indignation and depressing public interests. The recompense for the losses incident to this blind policy is altogether inconceivable to people who are not railroad managers.

Pulp and its manufacture are fostered by a traudulent patent and a heavy Federal tax called "protection." The Cincinnati Commercial gives good reason for the protection of this great American industry: "The way to produce pulp in plenty for paper is to procure a huge grindstone and apply abundance of power to it. Then Jam poplar and buckeye logs against the stone while it is revolving with great rapidity. This is a complex industry that must be protected."

THE charter for New York City, which has been unanimously reported from the Senete Committee on Cities, is said by the New York Committee on Cities, is said by the New York Times to be a most dangerous instrument. "The Tweed charter," says the Times, "was an ad-mirable instrument as compared with this one: for the charter of 1870 did at least identify re-sponsibility with power, and left certain per-fectly tangible marks for public indignation to wreak itself upon when the day of reckoning

political thimble-rigging, calculated to the identity of a cabal of political sneak who differ from Tweed only in lacking who differ from Tweed only in lacking in on respectable quality,—courage." The charter would give to an Appointing Board the power to fill all offices which are either already vacant or may become vacant before Jan. 1, 1881. The Appointing Board is to be composed of the Mayor, Controller, and President of the Board of Aldermen. Two of these—the Controller and President of the Board of Aldermen.—John Kelly and John J. Morris—would constitute majority; and the Tiskes says they would act it the future, as they have done in the past, "according to the terms of a corrupt political bar gain." The New York Poet says: "The New York bill is simply the result of an agreement York bill is simply the result of an agree between Mr. Kelly, the head of the Tame Democratic machine, and Mr. Arthur, the of the Republican machine, to divide ce-city offices between themselves and their

THERE is pending in the Philade Courts an interesting will case in which appear on the one side the heirs of William M. King, a Medical Inspector in the United States Navy, recently deceased, and on the other, his wife, each offering what appears to be a genuine will. The lawyers have flocked into the case very liberally, and, as the whole property amounts to less than \$100,000, there is every probability that they will cat it up in a very short space of time. they will eat it up in a very short space of tim they will eas it up in a very short space of time. The King case, however, is not an exceptions one. Contests of wills have grown to be of constant occurrence, and, between the lawyers. Receivers, and Masters, there is soon nothing left to be fought for. In the current number of Puck there is a cartoon which tells the wretchestory of a clarge. There is the testator of a slower. Puck there is a cartoon which tells the wretched story at a glance. There is the testator on his death-bed surrounded by the mourners, the reading of the will which is the commencement of hostilities, the heirs tugging at the money-bag until they rend it asunder, and the lawyers scooping in the gold as it rolls out; the unhappy legatees shivering round the fireplace; the happy lawyer standing contented in the midst of the property; and the testator's grave unmarked even by a headstone. The best advice to a man even by a headstone. The best advice to a ma even by a headstone. The best advice to a man about to make a will is, "Don't." Either leave the property to be settled and divided by law or give it away in your lifetime. There is no other way of saving it.

A LIST of Congressional districts in which Republican Congressional districts in which all the salone has been compiled by the New York Sun, with the evident purpose of showing that the Republican party would lose about forty seats by the combination of all the elements opposed to it, and that such a combination is opposed to it, and that such a combination in possible. The assumption on which the calcula-tion is based is, however, in great part erroneous. The Greenbackers in many instances prefer the Republican party to the Democratic, and will t Republican party to the Democratic, and will to a great extent vote the ticket the Republicans may present this fall as against the Democratic ticket. The Greenback party has been disin-tegrated during the last two years; and all that is needed to bring the Greenbackers back to the Republican fold, in many States, is wise and con-ciliatory action on the part of the Republican convenients county. States and National ons, county, State, and Nati

The Convention was the best of the Republican Conventions ever held in Texas. I was composed of the leading respectable citizen of all parts of the State. Col. Tom Ochiltre who led the Grant men, did his work with consummate ability and marked success, and actually squelched the bitter opposition to the Gree Captain.—Dispatch to New York Times (friends to Grant).

So it appears there was "bitter opposition "the best Republican Convention ever in Texas" to "the Great Captain." What is the convention of the convention o was confidently asserted that there could be no opposition to the third term in Texas. But now it is admitted not only that there was such opposition, but that it was powerful enough to prevent a vote of positive instructions to the

THE Revenue act, adopted by both Houses of the California Logislature, and signed by Gov. Perkins, requires the assessment of money when deposited in savings-banks, and again when leaned out. In the first instance it is assessed to the depositor, and in the second to the bank; but the levy is on the same money, and is a charge on the same person in both cases. This charge on the same person in both cases. This is unmistakable double taxation. Its burden will fall mostly on poor people. The savingspositors, averaging \$655 each; but some of the have large amounts, and probably 60,000 have \$300 each or less. They are the class who get the grenter part of the benefit of savings-banks, and they will be the chief losers by this war o

THE railroads which have maintained a powerful lobby at Washington this winter to prevent any action on the subject of inter-State transportation, are charged with insincerity and inconsistency by the New York Journal of Commerce, thus: "It is claimed by those who have been most actively in this work that the railroads have not thus far approached the question in such a spirit as could be wished. When regulation by separate States has been proposed, they have alleged that it is a question that can only be dealt with through National legislation; while one of their chief arguments when National legislation has been proposed, as in the Reagran bill, is a claim that a remedy can only be obtained through State legislation." only be obtained through State legislation

BAXTER and Brooks were once rival Gov-BAXTER and Brooks were once rival Gov-ernors in Arkansas. They strutted their brief hour upon the stage; worried the Government and bored the people inexpressibly. They dis-appeared, and everybody supposed their feuds and factions were buried with them. But such, it appears, is not the case. The Little Rock Republican says that Gen. Grant's recognition of Baxter is the cause of some opposition to the third term in Arkansas; and the results of that the same old affair may yet have some importiresome old affair may yet have some importance and significance of their own.

SHELBY County, Illinois, which gave majority of 1,500 for Tilden over Hayes, sends five delegates to the Republican Convention at Springfield. Four of the five are Grant men. springileid. Four or the five are Grant men, and it is assumed that the other delegate will also vote for Grant. On the other hand, Kane County, which sends eight Blaine and five Grant delegates to Springfield, returned a majority of 2,300 for the Republican toket in 1876. Champaign County, which selected delegates yesterday, gave a majority of 1,400 for the Republican ticket in 1878. ticket in 1876.

NEGROES are now leaving the Mississippi bottom-lands for the North at the rate of 800 to 800 per week. Tensas Parish and Yazoo County are still the least favored spots in the South. The working of natural laws of society, which make orderly and industrious communities prosperous, and turbulent communities the reverse, were never botter illustrated than in

WHEN Bristow was a candidate for the WHEN Bristow was a candidate for the Presidency, certain newspapers said that the vote of Kentucky ought not to count; that, if he could carry the State, that would be a reason for not nominating him, as Kentucky was thoroughly disloyal; and so on. Now the same newspapers attach great significance to the supposed preference of Kentucky for Gen. Grant.

THE movement in favor of a new Bank-rupt law is taking shape and gaining strength rapidly in the Eastern States. It is said that the objection to the law of 1867, which was drafted by a Rhode Island Congressman himself heavily in debt, was, that it discriminated against cred-tions. The new law, it is hoped, will guard against severity on either side.

To THE surprise of everybody down in Georgia, the colored Republicans of Morgan County have chosen a salid Blaine delegation to the State Convention. The proofs that Mr. Blaine has received of the regard in which he is held among the colored people of the South are said to be very gratifying to him and his friends. Don Cameron's guerdon, if Gen. Grant becomes President a third term, will be the Secretaryship of the Treasury. He had the War-Office before, but now desires a promotion. Donald is a cunning boy, and knows how to keep books; and in arithmetic he's been as far as the Buile of Three.

THE TRIBUNE'S special correspondent at Washington, who interviewed President Hayes the other day on the Presidential question, is made to say in the report that "Gen. Garfield has the West," which is a mistake of the telegraph operator too gross to go uncorrected. What the correspondent really said was that "Gen. Garfield has many friends in the West,"

onist was as well known as it is now. Gen, arfield hasn't "got the West" on the tariff testion by a long shot.

Dr. B. W. RICHARDSON, the eminent physician, said, in a recent address in London: "A good fourth of the deaths of adults, who die in their prime from what are called natural diseases, are due to diseased conditions of body that have been induced by mental influences."

As JESSIE RAYMOND stole silently aw from Washington, it was observed that she clutched Tommy convuisively in one hand, and a good-sized roll of greenbacks, computed to be \$800, in the other. It will be a good many years before Tommy earns so much money again. pefore Tommy earns so much mo

INDEPENDENTISM Is making much tre in Georgia, and the good Bourbons wish now they hadn't killed the Republican party quite so dead. If not iso late, they may warm it over a little, or apply a galvanic battery to its heels and give it some muscular activity.

TEXAN Republicans, who have six more votes in the Republican National Convention than their Kansas brethren, are so without hope of carrying their own State that they do not deem it worth while to nominate a ticket. THE New York Times and the New York Nation have spoken harshly of Secretary Sherman's canvass for the Presidency; and we fear he may think the editors of those journals are bold, had men.

Mile. Nevada is the stage name of an American girl who is to sing in opera at Milan soon. We auxiously await the appearance of Mile. Idaho and the lovely Miss Indian Territory. "Sophomore"—The gentleman you refer to—George Washington—may have been a great man, but we fail to find any race-bosse named

after him, which is the test of pop out West. A Tennessee farmer who owns a good deal of property within five miles of a railway has never seen a locomotive. And he has no idea of what a steamboat is. He is 80 years old, intelli-

gent,-and blind. "Professor"-Your comm "The Lion; An attempt to show the harmles-ness of its roar. Its ordinary habits viewed from a constitutional standpoint," is declined with thanks.

A Washington correspondent says that Sen ator Conkling loves fast herses. By referring to the proper files in the Congressional Library the Senator will find that one called Gov. Sprague has a 5-year-old record of 2:20%.

Miss Fannie Lyons, of Niles, Mich., invited a small company to her father's house the other evening, and introduced William Nicols, of Jackson, as her busband, explaining that they had been married ten weeks. Mrs. Emma Gay, of Polk County, Iowa, has sued her husband for a divorce. Her petition says that the action is brought not "through fear or act of restraint, or from levity, but in sincerity and in truth," Mr. Gay having eloped

with "one Miss Davis." It is dreadful to think of what might have followed his going off with a pair of them. Nashville offers a purse of \$100, free to all, for the best ode, not to exceed one hundred lines, on her one hundreth anniversary, to be celebrated April 24. Tennyson, Longfellow, Bryant, and other free-for-all poetical figers are expected to enter, and the occasion will

toubtless bring to the post the largest field of pards seen for many a day. It was the fair soprano of An orthodox chu Who sat up in the gallery And hit the sacred lyre. Quite young she was, and pretty, too A plump and pleasing person— The tenor was a brawny Scot— His name: J. H. McPherson.

He loved the fair soprano, and Would fain have married been; But Birdle Blanche (that was her name) Told him that was too thin. The blonde contralto of the choir

Like one of the profesh. Of course between her and Miss Blanche Arose a deadly feud. In no church choir are women known To live in sisterhood.

One eve, when twilight gently spread Its mantle over all, The members of this model choir Had met for rebearsal.

The church was somewhat dimly lit; The tenor and Miss Blanche "This old deserted ranche."

They sat them down a corner in To wait until the rest Should come along, and all the while Their lucky absence blessed. The blonde contralto, coming in

Discovered the young tener's arm Around somebody's waist. She laid the case before the Board Of Elders, who, to show Their reprodation of the hug, Declared that Blanche must go.

She went, but not until she had, Before a select few, Remarked that other hearts would ache if she told what she knew. It was her last and deadliest shot, And proved a funeral pyre Upon which to incinerate The balance of the choir.

Stern parents all, with one accord,
Made haste their girls to snake
From out the place where Scandal's tongue
Had 'gan itself to shake. Without some girls, a choir, I ween,

Is like unto the play
Of "Hamlet," with the ScandinaVian out of the way. Hell hath no fury, some one says, To match a woman's ire; But, ere the poet made this bluff, He should have joined a choir.

Mr. Blaine is undoubtedly at the present moment, as he was in 1876, the first choice of a large majority of the Republicans of Minnesota.—Sl. Pun Pioneer-Press (Ep.). It will be a month or six weeks yet to

POLITICAL POINTS.

It will be a month or six weeks yet to ascertain whether there is a feeling in the West sufficiently strong to jeopardize Republican success in the event of Gen. Grant's nomination. If there is, he may be relied upon, at the proper time, to withdraw his name, as he did in 1876.—Rock Island Union (Rep.).

Senstor Don Cameron is reported as saying that, after reading and reflecting upon the exochas question, he has come to the conclusion that the transfer of at least half a million colored people from the Southern to, the Northern States would be beneficial to all concerned.—Washington dispetch to Philadelphia Press.

The Republicans of Kentucky and Missouri continue to evince great earnestness in the matter of dictating the Republican nomination for President. It is to be hoped they will maintain their organization until the election, and if possible keep the Democratic hajority in each State below \$0.000.—Indianapolis Journal (Rep.).

The blunder of the Grant managers is in supposing that the kindly feelings which the people generally entertain for the conqueror of the Rebellion blind them entirely to his faults as an Executive, and to the danger of departing from a precedent set by Washington and honored by all his successors to Grant. If this precedent was not a wise one, it would have been dishonoved long before this. No party has dared to do it yet. Is the Republican party as strong now that it can afford to attempt it?—Athol (Mass.) Transcript.

It is a moral certainty that Grant will not be a candidate; the conditions which do exist under which it would be morally possible for him to be a candidate; the conditions which do exist make it morally impossible that he should be a candidate. He will not be a candidate because he camot be. It is an annual condition which do exist under which it would be implied in his consonnesses to suppose that he would scop to the degradation of his name, and place, and character, which would be implied in his consonnesses.

PRESIDENTIAL

THE COURTS Secretary Sherman Returns to Ohio to Straighten Out Matters,

His Injudicious Friends Having Made the Trip Absolutely Necessary,

Open War Between the Tilden and Kelly Factions at Syracuse.

Each Seeking to Hire the Greatest Number of Halls and Hotels. The Tammany Wing Settle upon

Convention. The Kansas Republican Delegation to Chicago Considered Almost Entirely Blaine.

April 20 for Their State

Georgia Democratic State Convention to Be Held on the 9th of June.

SHERMAN.

SHERMAN.

HIS VISIT TO OMO.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribun.

CINCINNATI, O., March 20.—There is much speculation here as to the real object of spectary Sherman's visit to Ohio. He will reach Mansfield to morrow at 4 o'clock, will make speech there in the evening, attend to private business affairs on Thursday, and on Friday so to Columbus. It is an open secret that Sherman and his nearest friends are dissatisfied with the management of his interests in Ohio. Warner M. Bateman, Col. C. W. Moulton, and Gan. Robinson in their well-meant efforts to advance Robinson in their well-meant efforts to even the cause of their chief, have succeeded a antagonizing the friends of all other candidate and bungling things generally. Urgens a quests have been sent to Sherman to come hom and straighten things out, and, while many on his friends advised against the trip, it is believe that he regards the situation as one that re-quires his personal attention.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

COLUMBUS, O., March 20.—The THEFUNE arrespondent desires to say that all the letters and sorrespondence heretafore sent he is responsible for, and adds that the following is the substance of a letter received at the Blaine headquarters:

"Naw Lishon, O., March 28.—Last Sturday, he 7th inst., we took a vote. We polled 215 Resublican votes for Blaine, two for Grant, and me for Sherman." one for Sherman."

A note at the bottom of the letter says: "We are for Blaims first and Grant second."

It is evident that the Ohio delegation will be livided, and that there will be a bitter fight at

effort of the Sherman ma range for a general reception of the Treasury is met with o MORE DENIALS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Trib Washington, D. C., March 22.—Mis purporting to come from Scoretary visited the newspaper offices last n stated that the report that the Sherm ary Bureau had sent out any circular Blaine, such as was referred to by Ge of Ohio, was entirely untrue, as no mar had ever been issued by the Burea the knowledge of Scoretary She United States Senator happens to have this comidential circular which is said come from Sherman's Bureau. The his commentar circular ome from Sherman's Bureau. The oes attack Blaine in a very outrageous t is printed, marked confidential, and iss t is printed, marked confidential, an J. W. Frazier. This Mr. J. W. Fraz the date-mark of Sherman's Burcau, it is hardly probable that Mr. Frazier puts his hand in the pocket and pays for his own stamps. Inamusin as his time is devoted to the Sherman cause, the Sherman denial of any knowledge of the circular, and the exhibition of several sonies of the circular, copies of which have found their way to Heppblican Senators to-day, caused considerable comment in the Senate cloak-room.

special Dispote to The Chicago Tribuna.

New York, March 30.—Secretary Sharman says he does not believe in using official patronage to aid him toward the Presidency, and that he will not use it. He is a member of a Chicago tribuna, and that he will not use it. He is a member of a Chicago tribuna of place, therefore, to call the Secretary attention to the fact that the Shorman child in this city and Brooklyn have been in conference, and that the head and front of the New Lork club in Collector Merritt, with whom Secretary Sherman is supposed to have some familiar official relations, while the Chief of the Brooklyn Club is Col. R. C. Wall, just appointed by President Hayes as Collecter of Internal Revenue in Brooklyn. He may also well consider that many others of the customs officials are doing such political service for him as they can, and that little is cone for him here indeed outside of the official ring. It was a little curious, too, that this political hobmothing should be most openly manifested right in the face of President Hayes, who appointed their predecessors because they would not foregothe very political scrivity in which these officials are now engaged. The Sherman boom officials are now engaged. The Sherman boom

cificials are now engaged. The Sherman bound is NOT A MIG CNZ.
however, even with all the officials thrown into the effort. The significant feature of the centerance was the unanimous sentiment, freely and broadly expressed, against the renouling-tion of Gen. Grant.

THE DEMOCRACY. FIGHTING FOR THE HOTELS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 30.—The fight bet John Kelley and Tilden has for the pi days been transferred to Syracuse. Bo Tammany leader and the friends of the 5

John Kelley and Tilden has for the pastwo days been transferred to Syracuse. Both the Tammany leader and the friends of the Sare of Gramercy Park have engaged in a ferre struggle for the control of the hotels and openhouses of this city. The Tilden State Committee called the State Convention to select delegates to Cincinnant to meet in Syracuse April 20. The Tildenites secured Wisting's Open-Hease and the Globe and Variderbit Hotels, the proprietors of which have stipulated that they shall be under full control of the Tilden State Committee. It sell the useless, therefore, for any Kelly rien to apply for logings. The Kelly men, however, were not be outdone, and to-day they secured the new Grand Opera-House, and the Remington, Carriers Empire, and Temperance Hotels. It is expected that the Kelly State Convention fill new be called to meet in this city on the same day that the Tilden State Convention meet. The feeling among the Democrats in this action is friendly to Kelly, and great satisfaction is expressed at the failure of the Tilden State Committee to shut the doors of one Syracuse hotel against Kelly and his friends.

INHARMOXY.

Special Dispate to The Chicase Tribuse.

New York, March 30.—The Democrats have about given up all hope of harmony. Frey thing done shows only a widening of the heads are commodations, and then amounted the hadren for peace. The Tildenites succeeded folerable will in their State Convention, thus prevention the Kelly Convention from meeting there of their State Convention, thus prevention to have the same hall made famous fy them last year as the scene of the Tammany organs a chance to Kelk and pound, which they are not slow to improve, and is grantally regarded as a more open confession of this many strength than was to be arguited. Kelly apager says of the Committee's action to the head are the same hall made famous fy them last year as the scene of the Tammany for the in the State. Such many many organs a chance to Kick and pound, which they are not slow to improve, and is granta

opest efficien."
That the people of Syra
Ty well the character of
tions, is shown by the sir ors of a new opera-hous
syracuse, that they, tho
elves, would not let the
tratic Convention for \$6,6

THE TANNANY The Tammany ites to-day is a Convention at Syracuse on making the call include: "A posed to a piedged delegatinational Convention for the sman, but in fawer of the non right, acceptable candidate can unite the Democratic particle Nation." It was amoun large hotel had been supple one, so that 900 persons could A late report also said the prand of the Tammany braves come the Tammany braves come cannot for a sufficient considerance of the supple consid

SAMMY'S WI MAKING HIS APPEAR Special Dispatch to The HINGTON, D. C., Ma anti-Tilden Democrat said to tion has reached here to the ns, by his well-known a and of one or two of less Tilden understands perfect be impossible for him to se pression or sentiment of the papers are to be used to give?

ance of strength for the effect in other parts of the country, sens efforts will be made to pression of mubble opinion. ans efforts will be consistent of public opinion in Nebraska and Iowa, whe ventions are held earlier to Tilden managers have cally vention for a very early leaving time enough for the consistent of the consiste to meet or for discussion chiect evidently is to for and to obtain an expression the 20th of April in his far nowever, the delegation is anti-Tilden. Tilden is cer a speeding his money and

To the Western Associations, March 30.—The

KANSAS. BLAINE ARBAD.
Special Dispatch to The Chie
TOPEKA, Kas., March 30.—Nes
delegates to the Republican i
are now here, and the contest t secret caucuses to-night to plans for the work in Conven have a clear majority of fro adherents will insist that the be chosen by the Convention sional Districts to nominal each, leaving four to be Blaine men. The First Congressor overwhelmingly for Blaine, while Third Districts are for Grant I justly. The whole effort of the C be to prevent sending an instru-to Chicago. The Blaine men ha majority in the three districts sure the selection and instruc-delegates, and will in all probab-that right.

THE "STRONG A Keetneky Democrat, Col. J. Ston, has been talking with a of the Heraid about the behavior after the election of 1878. The of Max, Moses, Denmark, For, and the rest had fallen through, mained, as the party believed, Tilden to saddle Blackstone and in. The Kentucky Democrats for a fight, and Col. Johnston was

tation who came to New York for free of finding out what Mr. to do. These was a solem at No. Il Gramercy Park. Sprin and waterson, and Perry Smita and, as we have lately learned sources, it appeared that whole brigades of the "best boys" were and cager to march upon Washin Tilden said no. He was altogeth consent to become responsible even if such is desperate measure to selze the Government, it woul lasting ruis of the Democratic pe of the politicians from Kantucky who were disappointed at the it found that there was to be not edge now that Mr. Tilden was it he lacked back bone, he had what ed much more, to wit, brains. It is a curious fact that just ware beginning to see that Mr. Tilden was in office which many of his follows to them—believed that he is a candidate on the net submit to be counted out in mass attempt to tamper with the must have Gen. Grant, say addirect the time of the many of his follows to their ballots will be coanted; and with. If he is a candidate on the net submit to be counted out in mass attempt to tamper with the must have Gen. Grant, say addirect the follows. It is not any other ballots will be coanted; and ed, we may depend upon it that home. It is not shown how he countricter control over the hulldow lator of returns when he is of than he could while he held the E The suppression of the Republication of Gen. Grant is to "perments were overthrown by His friends cannot suppose that the fear of Grant majority in Cougress from carry cally scheme they may have dequanting the Electoral votes, they mean by saying that we could not stop there in 185 suppose that the fear of Grant majority in Cougress from carry cally scheme they may have dequanting the Electoral votes, they mean by saying that we count the votes for himself, and tim of the Whita House without on a suthorization. But the some of his imprudent admirer coposition an excuse to charge it taiting a military ursurpation. In connect the obstacles his foolish to the preserve acquiring the steet of the same unitary transpation.

GENERAL NO THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CO.
Special Dispatch to The Chica,
ATLANTA. Ga., March 30.—The
stic-Executive Committee met ATLANZA. Ga., March 30.—The natic Executive Committee met mg at 80 o'clock in the Kimba tetion of the National Executive wording the interlacing of the 1 and County Executive Committee. The abrogation of the two-third forred to the action of primary. Conventions were called.—one gates to the Cincinnati Convent Allanta June 8, and the other to didates for Governor and State in Atlanta Aug. 4. Much was growth of the Independent morgie, and many suggestions were in its to be allayed. The preferent bors of the Committee for Prosidman, 3; Bayard, 3; Hundricks, Justice Field, 2; nominee, 3; Pestrangely enough, Tilden 1, and man.

GRANT VS. TILDES

GRANT VS. TH WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30 dria Gazette publishes short lett of nearly every Domocratic paprogend to Tilden's candidacy, a conservation of opinion; the Grant and Tilden, the formers State. Tilden is pronounced to the Domocrats can nominate, choice of a large majority.

Convention. nsas Republican Delegation to ago Considered Almost En-

tirely Blaine.

oratio State Convention to

Held on the 9th of June. SHERMAN.

HIS VISIT TO OHIO.

A FEW PACTS.

TE DEMOCRACY.

Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

N. Y., March 30.—The fight between

y and Tilden has for the past two

transferred to Syracuse. Both the
eader and the friends of the Sage of
ark have engaged in a force strugecontrol of the hotels and opendiscity. The Tilden State Committee
tate Convention to select delegates ils city. The Tilden State Committee tate Convention to select delegates it to meet in Syracuse April 20. The secured Wieting's Opera-House obe and Vanderbilt Hotels, the prowhich have stipulated that they under full control of the late Committee. It will be refere for the convention of the late Committee. It will be

led to meet in this city on the same he Tilden State Convention meets, among the Democrats in this accion to Kelly, and great satisfaction is at the failure of the Tilden State to shut the doors of one Syracuse at Kelly and his friends.

newspaper; in Boston which of the your nomination."

"O no." said John, "there are others of the Boston papers which speak of me well."

"I know that," added the correspondent; "but the Transcript is the most cordial and hearty. Now, couldn't you let the Transcript have the official advertising of the Treasury Department official advertising of the Treasury Department. ment?"

"Certainly," said the Secretary. Then ringing his bell, he had his messenger send to him Mr. Startevant, the Stationery and Printing Clerk. He came. "Mr. Startevant," said the Secretary, "I want you to give the Boston Transcript all the advertising of the Treasury Department hereafter."

Whoreupon the Clerk departed, and entered the paper on his list of such as should print the Treasury advertising; and from that day to this the newspaper has enjoyed this patronage, and has rone yed its zeal for Sherman's nomination. This is no Democratic He, but can be put to the test of proof, if necessary.

THE TANKANY CALL.

The Tammanyites to-day issued their call for Convention at Syracuse on the 20th of April, taking the call include: "All Democrats opered to a piedged delegation to the ensuing ational Convention for the support of any one tan, but in faver of the nomination off an uppart, acceptable candidate for President who in unite the Democratic party of this State and the Nation." It was amnounced that the oreare botel had been supplemented by a little ac, so that 900 persons could be accommodated, late report also said the proprietors of the rand Opera-House had been persuaded to let a Tammany braves come in and spoil their upon for a sufficient consideration.

SAMMY'S WILES. aking his appearance in spors.

conventions, and before a formal ex-conventions, and before a formal ex-con of sentiment of those States, these are to be used to give Tilden the appear-of strength for the effect which it may have ance of strength for the effect which it may have in other parts of the country. For the same reasons efforts will be made to secure an expression of public opinion in Tiden's favor in Nebrasias and Iowa, where Democratic Conventions are held earlier than elsowhere. The Tiden managers have called the New York Convention for a very early day, April 20, hardly leaving time enough for the County Conventions to meet or for discussion to take place. The chiece evidently is to forestall public opinion, and to obtain an expression, if possible, prior to the 20th of April in his favor, so that it may be of influence in other States. One object for calling the New York Convention so early is for the effect it might have in Penasylvania, where, however, the delegation is quite certain to be anti-Tilden. Tilden is certainly in the field and a spending his money and using all his customary machinery."

jority—370? In 1875 he started out with 404 votes, thirty-four more than a majority, with seven other mentle-men dividing up the remaining 334. We are not opposing Mr. Tildeu's nomination, but simply at-tempting to show by cold mathematics that it is TAMMANY. To the Western Associated Press.

To the Western Associated Press.

TO YORK, March 30.—The Brooklyn Engle, a
d Democratic newspaper of great influence
abouts, says: "Tammany's ciamor will
Tilden, and it may nominate him. There
hy one way Tammany Hail can injure Piland that is by an explicit declaration from
eaders that they have retired altogether
the business of attempting to control the
onal politics."

KANSAS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribene. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

TOPEKA, Kas., March 30.—Nearly all of the 350 lelegates to the Republican State Convention, are now here, and the contest to-morrow will be he most exciting in the history of the State. South the Grant and Blaine factions are holding ceret caucuses to-night to determine upon lans for the work in Convention. Blaine will clear majority of from 30 to 50, and his its wfil insist that the Chicago delegates en by the Convention instead of follow-old rule of allowing the three Congreseach, leaving four to be chosen at large by the Convention. This plan would give Grant four and Blaine six, but the Blaine men hope to prevent the district plan, and secure the election of the entire ten delegates by the whole Convention. A number of the delegates are sent here without instructions, and the Grant men are combined with them to defeat the Blaine men. The First Congressional District is overwhelmingly for Blaine, while the Second and Third Districts are for Grant by a small majority. The whole effort of the Grant crowd will be to prevent sending an instructed delegation to Chicago. The Blaine men have a sufficient majority in the three districts combined to insure the selection and instruction of Blaine delegates, and will in all probability insist upon that right.

THE "STRONG MAN."

MISCHEF THAT SUCH TALK IS DOING GRANT AND THE REPUBLICANS.

New York Tribune.

A Kentucky Democrat, Col. J. Stoddard Johnston, has been talking with a correspondent of the Herald about the behavior of Mr. Tilden after the election of 1878. The canvass of the votes in all the States was over. The operations of Max, Moses, Denmark, Fox Gobble, Weed, and the rest had fallen through, and nothing remarked as the pasts believed except. for Mr. mained, as the party believed, except for Mr.
Tilden to saddle Blackstone and swear himself
in. The Kentucky Democrats were all ready
for a fight, and Col. Johnston was one of a deputown in the county was represented b The delegates to the Congressional Con were instructed for the Hen. J. G. Cans The delegates to the Congressional Convention were instructed for the Hen. J. G. Cannon, the present Representative from the Fourteenth District. Those to the Representative Convention were instructed to vote for the Hon. James S. Wright, of Champaign, for Senator, and A. H. Bail ey, of Rantoul, for Representative from the Thirtieth District. Platt County will name the other Representative.

The delegates to the State Convention are uninstructed. Either by accident or design, a majority of the delegates are for Blaine, yet the Convention itself applauded the name of Grant to the echo whenever it was mentioned. For Governor it is said five delegates are for Cullom and three for Gen. Rimaker.

The action of the Convention was harmonicus, and the be st of feeling prevailed.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Gallessura, Ili., March 38.—Last evening the colored voters of this city held a large and enthusiastic meeting at the City-Hall. A Republican Club was organized. It is certain that every colored voter in the city will be a member. They passed a resolution favoring Blaine for Presidest. They are about unanimous for him.

To morrow the Knox County Republican Convention will be held at the Opera-House. The politicians are already at work with the delegates. A lively time is expected. From present appearances Blaine will carry the Convention.

In. The Kentucky Democrats were all ready for a fight, and Col. Johnston was one of a deputation who came to New York for the purpose of finding out what Mr. Tilden meant to do. There was a solemn conference at No. 15 Gramercy Park. Springer was there and Watterson, and Perry Smith, and Randali and, as we have lately learned from various sources, it appeared that whole regiments and brigades of the "best boys" were "well heeled," and eager to march upon Washington. But Mr. Tilden asld no. He was altogether too wise to consent to become responsible for a civil war; even if such a desperate measure cabled him to seize the Government, it would be the ever-lasting rum of the Democratic party; and many of the politicians from Kentucky and elsewhere, who were disappointed at the time when they found that there was to be no fight, acknowledge now that Mr. Tilden was right, and that, if he lacked backbone, he had what his party needed much more, to-wit, brains.

It is a curious fact that just when Democrats are beginning to see that Mr. Tilden was sensible and particitie in refusing to take by violence in office which many of his followers—perhaps most of them—believed that he was entitled to, a demand is made among Republicans for the monitation of a candidate on their side who will not submit to be counted out in case the Democrate attempt to tamper with the returns. We must have Gen. Grant, say advocates of the third term, because he is not a man to be triffed with. If he is a candidate, and, if he is elected, we may depend upon it that he will take the office. It is not explained how the nomination of Gen. Grant is to "petrify the fierce Democracie" (as Moses would express it). It is not shown how he could exercise a stricter control over the hulldozer and manipulator of returns when he is only a candidate than he could while he held the Executive office. The suppression of the Republican State Governments were overthrown by the rife-clubs. His friends cannot suppose that the mere magic of his name will put a stop

GENERAL NOTES.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION. Special Dipatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 20.—The State Demonstic Executive Committee met here this morning at 10 o'clock in the Kimball House. The action of the National Executive Committee regarding the interlineing of the National State, and County Executive Committees was adopted. The abrogation of the two-thirds rule was referred to the action of primary meetings. Two conventions were called.—one to select delegates to the Cincinnati Convention, to meet in Alianta June 9, and the other to nominate candidates for Governor and State officers, to meet in Atlanta Aug. 4. Much was said about the growth of the Independent movement in Georgia, and many suggestions were made as to how it is to be allayed. The preferences of the members of the Committee for President are: Thurman, 3; Bayard, 3; Handricks, 3; Hancock, 3; Justee Field, 3; nominee, 8; Pendleton, 1; and trangely enough, Tilden 1, and he a newspaper man.

San Francisco, Cal., March 30.—At 12:30 the total vote cast was 18,815, or about 8,000 short of the vote at the same hour at the last election. At this rate less than 35,000 votes will be polied. Against the probability of a light vote favoring the Workingmen is the fact that, owing to the difference in the tint of paper, the character of the ballots can be known as they lie in the boxes, and those who have been on watch claim that the Citizens' Union ticket is ahead even in some strong Workingmen's precincts. There is not much talk of scratching, though more or less is being done. Thus far the election has been the quigtest ever held in the city.

The total vote of the city, except two small outside precincts, is 30,697.

Since noon the Workingmen's wards have pulled up somewhat, and at the close it is found that nearly all the wards are about uniformly 25 per cent below the vete of last September. The Tenth, a strong Workingmen's precinct, has fallen somewhat short of that proportion, and the Twelfth, an equally strong Citizens' ward, runs a little over. There seems to be a general belief that the Citizens' Union have elected all their candidates, although the outlook is less favorable, reasoning from the totals of the various wards, than earlier in the day.

The Workingmen have filed a protest against counting the ballots of the Citizens' Union on account of the difference in the thin, claiming that their own ballots were printed on legal paper obtained from the Secretary of State, while the ballots of their opponents are not in conformity with the law, differing in color, weight, and texture of paper.

Much comment is excited by the variation before noted in the ballots of the long of the ballots and persons voting them, and the Workingmen charge that the Citizens' Union put up a job purposely to eunble them to excercise surveillance over the voters in violation of the ballots and persons voting them, and the Workingmen charge that the Citizens' Union put up a job purposely to eunble them to excercise are v

LOCAL POLITICS.

The Two Parties Preparing for Tuesday's Contest.

Full List of the Aldermanic Candidates Seeking Election.

There was a fairly attended meeting of the emocratic City Executive Committee last vening as Lower McCormick Hall, Thomas E. ourriney in the chair. On motion, it was orered that the Town Central Committees meet DOWN ON TILDEN.

BOWN ON TILDEN.

Washington Post (Dem.).

Mr. Tilden received the solid vote of Maine on the first ballot in the St. Louis Convention, but he will not get it at Cincinnati.

Neither will be receive the vote of Connecticut, which was solid for him before. Ex-Gov. Buglish or Senator Eaton will be accorded that honor.

evening at Lower McCormick Hall, Thomas E. Courtney in the chair. On motion, it was ordered that the Town Central Committees meet this evening,—the South Town at Central Hall, the West Town at the Town Collector's office, and the North Town at Lewer McCormick Hall. The candidates were also requested to be present and give their assistance in appointing a Campain Committee. Speeches urging the necessity of bringing out the full Demogratic vote were made by Tom Courtney, George Hibben, and Phil Conley, after which an adjournment was had until to-morrow evening, when the Town Committees will report the result of this evening's conferences.

The SOUTH SIDE.

The Republican South Town Campaign Committee met yesterday afternoon, at 4 o'ciock, in the Grand Pacific Hotel, with John H. Clough in the chair. The following list of Committees was announced: Pinance, J. L. Woodward, Arthur Dixon, and P. B. Smith; Printing, Gilbert, Birch and Shorick; Speakers and Halls, Messrs. Easton, Grant, and Couch. Reports from the wards showed the necessity of the Republicans bestirring themselves, as the Demograts seem to be awake, and, unless better work is done, are liable to carry the town elections. The meeting adjourned until 4 o'clock this afternoon, at the same place.

A largely-attended meeting of colored Republicans was held last evening at Orivet Hall, R. C. highest or senator Eaton will be accorded that honor.

Riorida was unanimously for him in 1825, but it is doubtfal if he gets a vote from her in 1820. California's vote was then his first and last, but this time it will probably be east as decidedly for Judge Field.

Illinois was fairly divided in halves, but at cincinnat will probably be solid for Morrison. Maryland and Miohigan were his by a two-thirds vote before, but bothern against him now. Mississippi cast her full vote for him then; now she will east her full vote against him. New Humpshire was solid at 8t. Louis, but at Cincinnati will at least be divided.

Nevada and Oregan were both for him, but will now be carried for Judge Field.

Virginia then gave him seventeen to five: she vill now be carried for Judge Field.

Virginia then gave him seventeea to five; she now will at least reverse the figures, if, indeed, she gives him a vose.

Delaware will present Bayard; Ohio and West Virginia, Thurman; Connecticut, English or Eaton; New Jersey, Parker; Pennsylvania, Haucock; Himois, Morrison; Virginia, Missouri, and Michigan, Seymour; California, Field; and Indiana, Hendricks. Other States will bring forward other caudidates, such as Jewett, David Davis, and Payne.

New York, rent as she is by contending factions, will no longer be the potentiality she was in 1876. Where, then, can any friend or advocate of Mr. Tilden's figure up the 462 votes necessary to neurinate him by two-thirds, or even a majority—370?

The Democrats of the Fourth Ward met last evening in Armory Hall, Indiana avenue, near Twenty-ninth street. Julius S. Grinnell nominated Andrew M. West for Alderman of the Fourth on the Democratic ticket, saying that the Republicans were dissatisfied with their candidate, and that he thought Mr. West would secure many of their votes being a resident of the Republican end of the ward. The nomination was made unanimous; and a Committee of three consisting of Messrs. Mattocks, Stone, and Waldron, were sent after Mr. West. Speeches predicting a Democratic victory were made by Baker and Doolittle. Mr. West was then brought in, and he thanked the meeting for the honor conferred upon him, hoping that he would make a respectable showing. Many other speeches were made, and when the assemblage dispersed it was far into the night. FORT WAYNE, Ind., March 30.—At 9 o'clock to-night a fire broke out in the four-story brick block owned by James M. Kane & Brc., and occupied by H. J. Trentman & Brc., wholesale crocker; Noil Bros. & Co., wholesale millinery; and Hanna, Wiler & Co., wholesale millinery; and Hanna, Wiler & Co., wholesale motions and fancy goods. The fire is still raging, with no prospect of being extinguished before mersing. The block is valued at \$30,000, and the stock of goods contained therein at \$190,000. The total loss will probably exceed \$40,000, a large portion of which will be covered by inaurance.

FIRES.

AT FORT WAYNE. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. FORT WAYNE, Ind., March 30.—At 9 o'clock to

AT HIGHLANDTOWN, MD.

BALTIMORE, March 30.—Sebastian Helidorfer's brewery, at Highlandtown, Baltimore County, near this city, was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. Loss, \$10,000; insured in the German-American of New York for \$5,000.

IN CHICAGO.

AT NORWICH, CONN.

Nonwich, Conn., March 30.—The loss by fire of Ponemah Milis last night is \$35,000.

POLITICAL NEWS. ILLINOIS,

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. CHAMPAIGN, Ill., March 30.—The Champaign

gates to attend the State Congressional and Representative Conventions met to-day. Every

SAN FRANCISCO.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—At 11 o'clock tonight the success of the Citizens' Protective
Union and defeat of the Sand-Lot seems assured.

Convention

out of a chimney at No. 38 George stream occupied by Paul Kudschick.

dispersed it was far into the night.

A meeting of the Republican West-Town Campaign Committee was held in Justice Matson's office, corner of Madison and Halsted streets, last evening. Gen. Martin Beem was elected Chairman, and James Stewart Secretary. Farer's Hall was selected for headquarters, and the Committee will hold a session there at lo o'clock every moraing. On motion of Mr. Smeltz, the Executive Committee was instructed to see that there was a Republican judge in every precinct in the Sevenih Ward, the Council having appointed only three. The following Finance Committee was appointed: Sixth Ward, C. Tegtamayer; Seventh, Philip Maas; Eighth, George W. Spofford; Ninth, Col.

A still alarm to Engine Company No. 3 at 2:40 resterday afternoon was caused by the burning The Bighth Ward Republican Club met at No. 68 South Halsted street last evening, but at once djourned until Thursday night, as the Commit-ee appointed to make suggestions concorning AT PORT AUSTIN, MICH.

DEFROIT, Mich., March 30.—A fire at Port Austin, Mich., last night, destroyed the new salt block and sawmill of Thomas Winter & Co. Loss, \$12,000; uninsured.

The Eleventh Ward Republican Club held a well-attended meeting yesterday evening in Martine's Hall. Notaries were appointed to attend the polling piaces on election day as follows: First Precinct, Mr. William Clittenberg; Second Precinct, Mr. C. L. Webster; Third Precinct, Mr. A. J. Stone; Fourth Precinct, Mr. F. N. Howard; Fifth Precinct, Mr. R. S. Tuthill. The following resolution was passed unanimously: "Resolved, That we heartly indorse the action of the Republican voters at the primary election in the selection of T. H. Bond for Alderman of the Eleventh Ward; also the action of the West Town Convention in its choice for town officers, and we pledge to each and all the mominees our earnest support." On motion, a number of members of the Club were appointed toket-peddlers and challengers for the various precincts.

Union and defeat of the Sand-Lot seems assured.

A small vote is polled, and the votes in the Workingmen's wards show a specially marked falling off as compared with the last election. The city is perfectly quiet.

To the Western Associated Press.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 30.—At 12:30 the total vote cast was 18,85, or about 8,000 short of the state of the control of the control of the cast was 18,85, or about 8,000 short of the cast was 18,85, or about 8,000 short of the cast short of the c

nees our earnest support." On motion, a number of members of the Club were appointed ticket-peddlers and challengers for the various precinets.

The Twelfth Ward Republican Club held a rousing meeting resterday evening at No. 998 West Madison street. Mr. Martin Howard addressed the meeting, and at the close of his remarks offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted: "Resolved That it is the sense of this meeting that it is the duty of all true Republicans having the interest of the Republican party and its principles at heart to support the Republican nominees for political preference, and to that end we do each and all of us piedge ourselves to use all honorable means to secure the election of the entire town and Aldermania mominees of this ward and town." The meeting was also addressed by Judge J. B. Barry, Mr. E. F. Allen, Cot. A. Hulbert, F. C. Russell, S. S. Gardner, and Col. J. D. Whitney, after which it adjourned.

A meeting of the Republican Club of the Fourteenth Ward was held last evening at No. 668 Milwaukee avenue. The nominations of J. J. McGrath for Alderman and of the entire town ticket was indorsed by the Club. Mr. McGrath returned thanks in a very brief speech, claiming that the nomination was entirely unsolleited by him. If elected he would always be found at his post, and would endeavor to obtain an economical and honest government for the people. He promised at the same time to do all he could for the interests of the ward. He denounced Ald. Stauber as a dangerous Communist, and said it was time the Fourteenth Ward should wipe out the stain of being represented in the Council by a member of the party of anarchy and destruction. He was in earnest in the fight, and if elected, as he believed he would be, he promised to make a record of which neither he nor his constituents should be ashmed. The Executive Committee were organized, and made some arrangements should be ashmed. The Executive Committee were organized, and made some arrangements should be ashmed. The reverse was

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1880,

Pollowing is a list of all the Aldermen in the eld, whether regularly or irregularly non-inted, or by reputable or disreputable or an integral of the control of the contro NS:
Frank Warrea, B.,
Wm. Clemens, C.
A. F. Billings, R.,
Henry Appel, C.
D. L. Shorey, R.,
C. S. White, C.
H. E. Mallory, R.,
Rembart Munster, C.
Geo, Turner, Ind. D.,
Thomas Ryan, C.
Bd Burke, D.,

Andrew M. West, D., Geo. Turner, Ind. D., Ed Burke, D., Thomas Ikyan, C. Ed Cullerton, Ind., Wm. Curran, D. Wm. Curran, D., James H. Gill, Ind., rank Bieleteldt

Prank Lawler, D., Pat Rafferty, Ind. D. S. R. Pratt, C. H. Ackhoff, D., H. Schroeder, Ind. D. A. M. Ghacow, C. R. P. Williams, Ind. R. Pat H. Tierney, D.

THE DE LESSEPS PARTY. NEW YORK, March 30.—Count Ferdinand de Lesseps reached this city from Boston at 20 o'clock this morning, and is at the Windson Hotel. To-night he dises at the Union Club

J. E. Geoghegen, D

CAUTION TO SMOKERS. Beware of initations and counterfeits. Examine each cigarctic; see that every wrapper has Kinney Bros.' fac-simile signature on it. No bogus patented substitutes or flavoring in our genuine brands. Kinney Tobacco Company,

"Persons suffering from impure blood, or whose bealth is giving way, either as ministers or those who study closely, will find in Fellow Hypophosphites Syrup the material to bull them up and the tonic to keep them there." Dr. C. Clax.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

National Taste Clearly Defined.—The sale of Atkinson's White Rose exceeds that can nother perferme, and constantly increasing can hardly fall shorts of a quarter of a million of bottles annually.

Victor Baby Food CUTICURA RESONVENT.

## uticura BLOOD REMEDIES.

Signs of Blood Poisons.

Son.

The Curreura Remedies cure the most obstinate forms of Bi od and Skin Diseases, and Affections of the Scalp with Loss of Hair, when all other remedies and methods of treatment fail. Curreura Resouvers purifies the blood, renovates and invigorates the system, absorbs and carries away poisonous matter, and by enriching and strengthening the blood, vitalizes with new life every organ and process of the body. Hence and strengthening the blood, vitalizes with new life every organ and process of the body. Hence the permanence of the cures made by the Curre

the permanence of the cures made of CURA REMEDIES.
CUTIOURA, a Medicinal Jelly for external application, arrests disease, cats away dead flesh and skin, allays inflammation, tohing, and irritation, and heals ulcers, sores, and scalp affections with loss of hair, when the RESOLVERT is taken internally. CUTIOURA SOAP, prepared from Cuticura, is cleansing, refreshing, and the only natural beautifier of the skin, which it soften, whitens, and preserves beyond praise. CUTIOURA whitens, and preserves beyond praise. CUTIOURA Whitens, and preserves beyond praise. whitens, and preserves beyond praise. CUTICUT SHAYING SOAP, also prepared from Cuticura, the first and only medicinal soap compound e pressly for shaving.

RUNNING SORES

Messrs. Lothrops & Pinkhan, Druggists—
Dear Sirs: On the 23d of August, 1877, I had the
misfortune of having my leg broken, in front of
William Sterns' dry-goods store, by a case of
goods being thrown on me. The bone was set by
a physician of this place. Upon removing the
splints, sores broke out from my knee to the
heel, and several physicians called it variouse
veins, and ordered me to wear rubber stockings.
After wearing out about. \$25 worth of different
makes without any signs of any cure, I bought
the Cornoura Remedies for the purpose, as I
expressed it at the time, to be humburged again.
Hefore half had been used I was astonished to
see the sores heal up one by one, and now not
one sere is to be seen. I recommended the same
to a neighboring lady who had been troubled for
years with a sore wrist. After using hundreds
of remedies, she is completely cured. Respectfully yours,
HENRY LANDECKER.

SALT RHEUM

Ten Years. Treated by Ten Physic Used all kinds of Medicine. Weeks & Potter—Dear Sirs: I feel it my duty to inform you of what your Councura Remedies have done for me. I have suffered from Salt Rheum for ten years, been treated by at least ten physicians, and taken any quantity of medicine, without cure until I took your remedies, which have been perfectly successful in my case, leaving the skin on my face, scalp, and body as white and free from humor as any-body's. Yours truly.

\*\*STEPHEN H. LOVEJOY.\*\*

Auburn, Me., April 8, 1879.\*\*

ITCHING HUMOR

For Eleven Years Cured.

JOHN W. F. HOBBS, Esq., North Hampton, N. H., well known as the originator of the Citizens Line Coaches, Boston, writes that he has been cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES of an itching humor from which he has been a great sufferer, as all his friends know. He considers them the greatest remedies of the age.

"It Pays to Trade on the West Side."

The Carpet Depart't of the WEST END DRY GOODS H Madison and Peoria-sts.,

Will prove this to the entire satisfaction the keenest, closest, shrewdest, best po purchaser who will take the trouble to spect our stock. Our assortment of New Ingrains

Tapestry Brussels

and most correct designs and colorings, not the frowsy, antiquated, hideous patterns that offend the eye and taste, but harmonious, elegant designs and effects. In **Body Brussels** 

IN PRICE ment, and will make mo

interesting figures to Young Housekeepe Parties refurnishing, Hotel Keepers, Bear ing Houses, &c., for cash only. It will pay to purchase early this season as each week marks an advance in price by

the makers. CARSON, PIRIE & CO.

CARPETS.

Chus. Gossage

& Co.

Our Spring importation of **Dress and Mantle** 

Now arriving, includes many designs exclusively our own, and all the "Novelties" of the Paris and Berlin markets, excelling in elegance and variety all former ex-

hibits. Jet, Passementeries, Fringes, Vest Fronts, Collars, Ornaments, Tassels, Trimming Drops. "Iridescent," "Cashmere, Sunrise," Silver, Cut Steel, Gold

and Bronze Trimmings, Ornaments, Collars, Fringes, &c. Black Chenille and Silk Jetted

Fringes at 35c and upwards. Worsted Fringes for Sacques and Dolmans. Our stock of

**Buttons** 

Is unrivaled -- over 2,000 different patterns to select from --- Antique designs on Bronze, Silver and Gold. Exquisite Art Designs in In-

laid Pearl, Chased and Cut Steel, and an immense assortment of Jet, Cashmere, and Buffalo Horn. Ribbons

In all the new colors and patterns.

Fringes Made to Order To match color combination in material.

Chas. Gossage & Co.



THE TRIBUNE WEATHER MAP.

one Made by the Signal-Service, U. S. A., at 11 P. M.,

hington Mean Time, March 30, 1880. 00000

OFFICE OF THE CRIEF SIGNAL OFFICES, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 31-1 a. m.—For Tenessee and the Ohio Valley and the Lower Lake region, warmer, clear or partly cloudy weather ortheasterly winds, generally veering to southeasterly, stationary or falling barometer.

For the Upper Lake region, increasing cloudiness, followed by areas of rain or snow, wind ostly southeasterly, stationary or higher temperature, lower barometer. OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WAS

CROCKERY, &c.

JUSTRECEIVED

Per Steamship "BAVARIAN," New Patterns Dinner, Tea, and Lunch Sets in Minton, Spode, Wedgewood, and Copeland. New

Styles Limoges Dinner and Tea Sets. Also Cut and Engraved Glassware. Toilet and Chamber Sets in New Designs. Fine Table Cutlery. All grades of Crockery,

Housekeepers, and others a

ommencing, will find it for their

interest to examine our goods and

prices before making purchases.

Parties can order from us

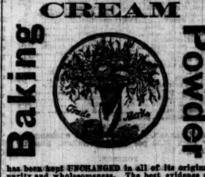
"Telephone." We use both the District Telegraph and Bell.

83 & 85 STATE-ST.,

Glass, and China Ware.

BAKING POWDER.

THE CONTRAST! While other Baking Powders are largely ADUL-TERATED with ALUE and other hurtful drags, Dr. PRICE'S



TTS. SAPETY. HEALTHFULNESS. PUBLIT, EFFECTIVENESS, is THE FACT of its being is close, from North to Sonth, from East to Wenthe homes of the rich and poer, where it has bused for the last 12 years.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER. NEVER SOLD IN BULK

STEELE & PRICE, Manufecturers of Espatia Years Gems, Special lavoring Extracts, Etc., Chicago and St. Louis.

DIVIDEND NOTICES. CHRYSOLITE SILVER MINING COMPANY.

BOOMS NOS. 51 TO 57 BORREL BUILDE 115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Million Dollars (BROWNOM) Capital Sloce of the Com-pany, amounting to One Hundred Thousand Dollars (BOLOW) or Fifty Cents per share, out of the second month's net earnings, parable at the Central Trust Company on the 25th inst. Transfer books will close March 21 and reopen March 25.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTER!

BOYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

BARBES CHOCOLATE, &c. ONE HUNDRED YEARS OLD.

BROWNS

| 編の表の正の日本報 3-F-25

RATED DENTIFRICE for WI

Rock Island and Some Other Stocks Up Two to Four Points.

The Produce Markets Active and Irregular-Provisions Lower.

is Weak on 'Change, but a Part of the Decline Recovered.

FINANCIAL.

York exchange is steady at 60e discount 000 between banks, with few transactions. I hold off in hope of lower rates, and hold-I not concede a fraction as long as they saibly help it.

bank clearings were \$3,400,000.

carnings of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids hern Road increased \$15,000 for the third in March; and the Wabash gains were 0 for the same period. The Union Pacific is for the first twenty-six days in March in increase of \$336,000, being the largest at shown by this road.

orced to stop dividends entirely. The present enormous capital of many of the companies, most of which is invested in long pans at much higher rates, will enable them to outline their dividends to policy-holders for one years to come. It was, however, the opining of many that with the increased activity in it departments of outlines capital would command better and even remunerative rates, yough \$27 per cent was about all that they half hope for or expect.

In railroad bonds, in New York last week, the reset transactions were in the Eric and Kansas Texas issues, which were in the main firm and good demand. The Northwestern and St. and bonds were conspicuously firm, and admeed on small offerings. The Iron Mountain referred incomes and C., C. & I. C. issues ruled wer than the week previous. All the leading at and second mortgage bonds were in request the highest prices ourrent for some time past. Watering railway stocks has been one of the cent fruitful sources of extortion, not to say and, in railway management. The West has id for the New York Central Railway again dagain. On the actual capital and real cost the road the 8 per cent dividends would now

paid for the New York Central Railway again and again. On the actual capital and real cost of the road the 8 per cent dividends would now amount to 50 per cent or more. The old Commedere knew very well that the public opinion, crystallized into law, would force him to lower his freight and passenger rates so that reasonable dividends should be made, and the great public would thus receive a part of the profits. But in order to cover up his extertionate charges the stock has been frequently watered, thus rolling up the enormous fortune of himself and his son William H., while the public are still, forced to pay the 8 per cent on this enormously watered stock. And yet, in the face of these facts a bill has been passed by the New York State Senate giving rallway managers under specious verbiage the right to water their stocks in order "to carry out any plan or agreement of reorganization." On this subject the New York Journal of Commerce very justly remarks:

"Such a bill is framed in the interest of railroad rings and stock-gamblers only. Its passage adds to the cumulative evidence, aircady strong, going to show that the railroad companies have captured the Legislature. The watering of railroad stock is one of the most notorious of abuses and ought to be wholly forbidden or held more rigidly in check, not made easier by law. A company which can issue stock to any extent at the pleasure of a few Directors, has the means of "rigging the stock market!" for stock-jobbing purposes, and that is probably the true purpose of the bill. Fortunstely for the public, the Stock Exchange relessinterfere with such games, and if the bill passes the Assembly, and is signed by the Governor, the stock-gamblers will not even then have everything their own way. The New York Stock Exchange, and the protection is good for the whole public. But though the Stock Exchange might be trusted to baffe these extense, the fact that such a bill has passed the Stock Exchange ingint to even the protection is good for the whole public. But though th

cent, and still the stock market, opening firm, remained strong all day, and at the close the entire list was stronger and highet. It may be all right, but it scarcely seems so. There is no little interest felt in the St. Paul & Sloux City and St. Paul & Minneapolis stocks, and well-informed persons are buying them freely. With respect to mining stocks, the only thing to be said is that the present is a very good time to be cautious, but not too cautious. In certain quarters there are ominous rumors of another collapse like that of the Little Pittsburg impending. On the other hand there are strong indications of a boom in the Bodie District. Watchfulness on all sides is now to be strongly commended to holders of mining stocks.

To the Waters Associated Press.

Money loaned up to 8 per cent per annum and 1-le per diem, closing at 6 and 3-le bid.

Prime mercantile paper, 566.

Sterling exchange, 60 days, depressed, 484%; sterling demand, 487%.

Dry goods imports for the week, \$7,391,000.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Governments generally firm, but 4½ a were is per cent and 5s coupon ½ lower.

Ray silver, 114.

firm, but 4%s were & per cent and is coupon % lower.

Bar silver, 114.

Railroad bonds fairly active, and firm.

State securities dull and nominal.

The stock market was generally active and buyant throughout the day, with an advance in prices ranging from % to 4% per cent, New York Central, Lake Shore, Pacific Mail, Onlos, Cedar Falls & Minnesota, Eric, Western Union, and Rock Island leading the appward movement. The general tist closed at a reaction of % to 1% per cent from the highest point. Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northein declined from 78% to 7%, and recovered to 77%. Nashville & Chattanoors dropped from 80 to 7%, and recovered to 78%. There were several causes at work to produce this improved condition,—among them the belief that money would soon be easier, that some of the operators heretofore on the "bear" side had turned "bulls," and favorable reports of railroad traffic in the West. The immediate occasion of the advance in New York Central was, first, a report that the syndicate had disposed of their remaining balance of 80,000 shares; and, second, that the next quarterly dividend would be 8% per cent. The other Yanderbilt properties first, a report that the syndicate had disposed of their remaining balance of 80,000 shares; and, accond, that the next quarterly dividend would be 3½ per cent. The other Vanderbilt properties were all higher. Vanderbilt, it is reported, now holds 185,000 shares of Lake Shore, and D. O. Mills 80,000 shares, the latter having had 20,000 shares registered in his name—last week. It is claimed by "bulls " in Eric that the Company will recover fully \$2,000,000 on the settlement of the McHenry-Bischoffsheim suit. Iron Mountain gains \$23,000 the third week in March. Louisville & Nashville earnings increased \$33,000 in the same time. Transactions 214,000, as follows:

Transactions 214,000, as follows:
spion C. R. & N. L400 New Jersey Central. L601
wanns. 13,000 Northern Pacific. 6,000
are & Hudson. 4,200 Onlos. 14,000
that & St. Joe. 1,400 (closing at 25g). 2,400
that & St. Joe. 1,400 (closing at 25g). 2,400
that & St. Joe. 1,400 (closing at 25g). 2,400
that & Texas. 1,200 Facific And 1, 1,000
thors. 2,200 Union Pacific. 1,300
Shore. 2,200 Waster Ludon. 1,300
Shore. 1,200 Western Union. 11,000
western 1,200 Western Union. 11,000
western L500 New York Central. 25,000
vester Chatties. 1,200 New York Central. 25,000 

Brocks.

175 St. L. & San Fran.

178 St. L. & San Fran.

178 St. L. & San Fran.

179 St. L. & San Fran.

170 On lat purferred.

170 On lat purferred.

170 On lat purferred.

171 Orthern Pacific.

171 Orthern Pacific.

171 Orthern Pacific.

171 Onthern Pacific.

172 Onthern Pacific.

173 Orthern Pacific.

174 Outbern Pacific.

175 Onthern Pacific.

176 A Houston & Texas.

186 A Hantic & Pacific Texas.

186 A Hantic & Pacific Texas.

186 A Hantic & Pacific Texas.

187 Onthern Pacific Texas. B. &

U. P. firsts
U. P. land grants
U. P. sinking run
Lehigh & Wikes
U. St. & B. C. firsts 

MINING NEWS. CHICAGO MINING BOARD.

The following were the prices rul Mining Board: | Morning Call. | Bod. | Ash | California | 3.00 | 8.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2

| District | 100 at \$2.70. | Afternoon Call. | Bid. | Asked. | Levinstan | 52.00 | 12.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.

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city consumption: 483 bu corn, 451 bu rye, 3,338 bu barley.

The following grain was inspected into store in this city yesterday morning: 4 cars winter wheat, 2 cars mixed, 24 cars No. 2 spring, 24 cars No. 3 do, 5 cars rejected (50 wheat); 210 cars No. 2 corn, 106 cars and 4,000 bu high-mixed, 3 cars and 4,000 bu new mixed, 4 cars rejected (325 corn); 11 cars white oats, 5 cars No. 2 mixed, 1 car rejected (17 cats); 4 cars No. 2 rye; 5 cars No. 3 barley, 3 cars extra do. Total, 413 cars, or 207,000 bu. Inspected out: 4,015 bu wheat, 160,000 bu corn, 2,487 bu oats, 3,402 bu rye, 1,508 bu barley.

The leading produce markets were active yes-The leading produce markets were active yes-erday and generally weak. The holders of wheat here and in New York were affected by wheat here and in New York were an extend by ine weather and the opening of navigation, and some of them were so badly demornized as to offer the grain right and left in great abundance. Other grain followed in the same offer the grain right and left in great abundance. Other grain followed in the same channel; and provisions weakened in sympathy, though they were quoted firm early on account of more strength at the Stock-Yards. It was stated that the seeding of spring wheat is unusually forward, owing to the exceptional weather, and the markets further East were probably depressed by the fear of big receipts of grain soon after the opening of navigation. There were some indications that the "clique" in wheat were selling freely, both here and in New York, and the sales supposed to be made on their account were largely for April delivery. With this, not a few other holders of wheat were "frozen out," their margins being exhausted, and some of the grain held on "stop orders," which meant that additional margins would not be posted if called for. The near approach to the time when April deliveries will be in order (to-morrow) caused a greater volume of changing over into May, and the difference between prices for the two months widened somewhat in consequence, though it was much less than cost in the case of wheat. The afternoon feeling was stronger. Mess pork closed 74c lower, at \$10.60@10.62% for seller April and \$10.75@10.77% for May. Lard closed 5c lower, at 26.29%@5.05 for seller April and \$5.076 for May. Short ribs closed at \$6.40 for May. Spring wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (14% for May. Corn closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (20% of or May. Short ribs closed at \$6.40 for May. Spring wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (20% of or May. Short ribs closed at \$6.40 for May. Spring wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (20% of or May. Short ribs closed at \$6.40 for May. Spring wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (20% of or May. Spring wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (20% of or May. Short ribs closed at \$6.40 for May. Spring wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (30% of or May. Short ribs closed at \$6.40 for May. Spring wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (30% of or May. Short ribs closed at \$6.40 for May. Spring wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2} \) (30% of or May. Spri

were dull and 10215c lower, with sales at \$2.002 5.50.

There was a brisk movement in staple and fancy dry goods. Buyers are present in large numbers, while the orders by mail are pouring in from all quarters. Both cottons and woolens remain unequivocally firm. Boots and shoes, hats, caps, and millinery are meeting with a generous demand at sustained prices. The grocery market was reported moderately active, with prices ruling steady. Coffees, however, were neglected and very weak, Rio styles declining a plump \$6. There was a quiet and steady market for dried fruit. Fish remained dull and nominally unchanged. The demand for dairy products was liberal, and prices were steadily held. Oils were quiet and generally steady. Carbon was unsettled, with certain tests quoted

ily held. Oils were quiet and generally steady. Carbon was unsettled, with certain tests quoted lower. Pig iron remained dull and unsettled. Coal was firm.

Lumber was moderately active. Shingles were quoted firm. The bulk of the lumber arriving is taken through to yard docks. Hardware was in fair demand, most of the metals being lower, and iron was weak. Wool and broom-corn were quiet and steady. Hides were firm and in good demand. Seeds ruled dull and weak, especially timothy, which was little better tharpominal. Hay was steady, with more inquiry for timothy, which was scarce. Poultry was quoted firm under fair city inquiry, with light offerings. Eggs were easy. Potatoes were again quiet, selling in a small way from store at previous prices. The receipts continue light, but ample, there being little inquiry except from the city trade. It is believed that there are plenty of potatoes in the country.

The following were among the direct exports from this city during last week on through bills of lading: 11,251 bris flour, 49,988 bu wheat, 657,760 bu corn, 601 pkgs pork, 15,986 boxes meat,

740 bu corn, 601 pkgs pork, 15,986 boxes meat, 657,-740 bu corn, 601 pkgs pork, 15,986 boxes meat, 2,729 cases canned do, 1,666 pkgs lard, 14 bris beef, 147 bris tongues, 1,109 pkgs cheese, 314 bris tallow, 1,803 bris alcohol, 5,480 bris oat-meal, 1,500 bris corn-meal, 742,935 lbs oil-cake, 56,320 lbs stearing.

The following are the footings of the official report of grain in store in this city on the evening of Saturday last and corresponding date a

ing of Saturday last and corresponding date a

year ago:

No. 2 winter wheat.

No. 3 winter.

No. 3 winter.

No. 4 winter.

No. 5 spring.

No. 5 corn.

No. 6 corn.

No. 7 corn.

No. 7 corn.

No. 8 corn.

No. 8 corn.

No. 8 corn.

No. 9 corn.

No. 9 corn.

No. 9 corn.

No. 9 corn.

No. 1 corn.

No. 1 corn.

No. 1 corn.

No. 2 corn.

No. 2 corn.

No. 2 corn.

No. 3 corn.

No. 2 corn.

No. 3 corn.

No. 2 corn.

No. 5 corn.

No. 5 corn.

No. 5 corn.

No. 6 corn.

No. 6 corn.

No. 7 corn.

No. 8 corn.

No. 9 corn.

N

d and packed. SE—is lower. We quote white at 535%, and Pellow at 46446.

BEEF—Was and \$15.75617.00 for hams.

TALLOW—Sales were reported of 400 bris prime city at 536; 300 bris do at 536; 35 bris prime selected country at 536; 30 BREADSTUFFS.

Taylor in the last six days:

Age. Honds. Whit. Price.
Bay horse. 18 1.30 \$125
Bay horse. 5 16 1.30 \$125
Bay horse. 6 154 \$25 100
Bay horse. 6 154 \$25 100
Bay horse. 6 154 \$25 100
Bay horse. 7 154 \$20 250
Brown marce. 7 154 \$75 125
Black marc. 7 154 \$75 125
Black marc. 7 154 \$75 125
Black marc. 6 154 \$90 110
Pair brown marces. 5 and 7 154 \$20 20
Brown road marc. 6 154 \$90 450
Brown horse. 5 154 \$91 450
Brown horse. 8 154 \$91 90
Brown horse. 7 15 1,90 100
Brown horse. 8 154 \$10 100
Brown horse. 10 10 100
Brown horse. 10 100
Brown horse.

Caif, # B...

n, Nos. 8 to 13..... plantshed fron, "B"...

LIVE STOCK.

BREADSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Was again dull and nominally weak, so little being done that it was difficult to quote prices. Shippers were not buying. Sales were limited to lift bris winters on private terms; 550 bris double extras, partly at \$6.50; 125 bris supers at \$5.35; and 37 bris no grade at \$4.50. Total, 677 bris. Export extras were quoted at \$6.0025.25 in sacks, and double extras do at \$3.252.50.

Orner Millstuffs Sales were 6 cars of bran at \$14.00; 1 car middlings at \$13.75; 3 cars shorts at \$13.75; 3 cars wheat screenings at \$6.0020.00. Coarse cornment was nominal at \$13.25 per ton on track.

SPRING WHEAT—Was active and generally weak, declining 19620, and closing 196215; below the latest prices of Monday. Liverpool was quoted dull, and cargoes off coast very heavy, while New York was depressed by free offerings on the part of large holders there, and it was numerously surmised that the chique was selling out both here and on the scaboard. The offerings were largely for April, and the result was a widening of the May premium to \$6620, though the offerings for the latter month were quite free. The fine weather was surmised to be the chief cause of the changed attitude on the part of holders. The big longs were supposed to have become (dis) satisfied that a large increase in the breadth seeded will be reported, and that weakness will follow, rendering it impossible to sustain prices. The shorts took hold fairly, and some of them stated their belief that the market would bound upward if it were once known that Koene is out of the daal, Uash No. 2 was quite, closing at \$1.12. The lower grades in store were inactive. Seller May opened at \$1.18, 501 km of \$1.184, and closed at \$1.1860.195, 101 was \$1.1060.00 km of safell, and the year was quite, with 1850 high and 100 km of safell, and the year was quite, with 1850 high and 600 km of safell, and 4.00 km by sample at \$1.00.00 km of safell, and 4.00 km by sample at \$1.00.00 km of safell, and 4.00 km by sample at \$1.00.00 km of safell, and 4.00 km by sample at \$1.00.0

Lath
Shingles, standard
Shingles, choice
METALS AND TINNERS' STOCK—Tin, and sheet-iron are all quoted lower. Iron and unsettled. Following is the revised list: Tin-plates, lox14, IC., # box.
Tin-plates, lox14, IX.
Tin-plates, lox14, IX.
Tin-plates, lox14, IX.
Tin-plates, lox16, IX.
Tin-plates, lox16, IX.
Tin-plates, lox17, IC., roofing.
Fig-din, # b.

Liverpool reported a decline of 168156 per cental, and New York was lower, which, with the weakness in wheat, neutralized the effect due to smaller receipts and rather large submants. We note that the central control of the second of the se

TWO O'CLOCK CALL.

Wheat was stronger with mice of 1.575,000 bu at 1.125 for April 51.161.161 for May, 81.175,001 bu at 51.175 for April 51.161.161 for May 81.175,001 bu at 575c for May, 85% for June, and 575c for July, Oats—10.00 bu at 35% for May, 35% for June, and 575c for July, Oats—10.00 bu at 35% for May, Mass pork—17.00 bris at 35% for May, Mass pork—17.00 bris at

Brief for May, 26% for June, and 37% for July. Oats—
10.00 but a 15% for May. Mess ports—17,00 bits at
10.167% 10.77% for May, 10.25 for June, and 10.50% for
April. 1-ard—1.00 use at 57.0027.02% for May. Short
ribs—00,000 bat 15.57% seller May.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Wheat closed %c higher, at 31.15% for May, which
sold at 31.16% 11.15% July at 51.05
at the last. Corn advanced 450% c selling at
30% 30% of or May, and closing at 30% sellers. June sold at 30% 537%, colosing at 30% sellers. June sold at 30% 537%, colosing at 30%
June sold at 30% 530%. Mess pork was 5c higher,
closing at 30.000 10.25% for May, and 10.000 13.75% for
May, Sales 16.25% bris at 40.35% 15.56% 17.56 for
10.17% 50% 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000
11.1037.13% soller June. Sales 4.50 to at 10.000 12.5% for
June. Short ribs—Sales 150,000 lbs at 8.000 12.15% for
June. Short ribs—Sales 150,000 lbs at 8.000 12.15% for
June 150 to 150 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000

GENERAL MARKETS.

BROOM-COHN—Was in small local request. Large

roll butter, but packed of all grades was in good request, and was held at very full prices. Stocks are inconsiderable. Shippers and the local trade bought freely at the following quotations:

Creamery.
Good to choice dairy.
Medium
Inferior to common.
Roll.

The Filter of American Company of the Company of th

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LO

4.0034.50.
HOGS-Western fat. live, K.50.
SHEEP AND LAMBS-Roceipts, 2.002; market a trifle low for common to medium grade s; best lots firm as ast week; good supply; sales of sheep in lots at \$4.00 \$5.50 each; extra, \$8.0067.50; lambs, 4.1588.00. KANSAS CITY. KANSAS CITY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 33.—CATT! E—The Price-Current reports receipts, 971 head; a lipments, 373; dull and weak; native shippers, \$2.75 ± 4.50; native stockers and feeders, \$2.55 ± 1.51; native cows, £2.002 ± 3.81; Colorados, £2.062.15; native cows, £2.002 ± 3.81; Colorados, £2.062.15.

H068—Receipts, 1,256 head; shipments, 2.69; firmer; choice heavy, \$4.1054.15; light shipping and mixed packing, \$3.0054.05.

BAST LIBERTY. 

CINCINNATI. INDIANAPOLIS. INDIANAPOLIS, March 80.—Hogs— BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Livernool., March 30-II:30 a.m.—Flournool. 1.

13a; No. 2, 11a 3d.

Grain—Wheat—Winter. No. 1. 11s 9d; No. 2, 11s; spring, No. 1. 11s 2d; No. 2, 10a 4d; white, No. 1. 11s; No. 2, 10a 8d; chub. No. 1, 11s 6d; No. 2, 11s. Corn—New, No. 1, 5a 94d; No. 2, 5a 9d.

PROVISIONS—POR. 57a 8d. Lard, 88a 6d.

LONDON, March 30.—LINSEED OIL—36a 5d@37a.

TURPENTINE—Spirita, 41s 1d.

ANTWERP, March 30.—PERIOLEUM—DF.

LIVERIPOOL, March 30.—COTTON—Easter at 7 5-169
76d; sales, 5,000 bales; speculation and export, 1,000; American, 6,700. FOREIGN.

American, 6,700.

BREADSTUFFS—Small business at lower prices. California white wheat, 10s 6d@lls; do club, 11@lls 6d ed Western spring, 10s 40@11s 2d; red Western win-er.11@11s 2d. Corn—New Western mixed, is 504658 26d ats—American, 6s 6d. Barley—American, 5s 3d cass—Canadian, 6s 11d. Phovisions—Land—American, 38s 6d. Bacon—Short

The following were received by the Chicago Board of Trade:

LIVERPOOL. March 30—11:30 s. m.—Flour, Ils 3dig12s. Wheat—Winter, Ils@ils likit; spring, 10s 4dig11s 2d; white, 10s 5dig11s 2d; club, Ils 1dig11s 3d. Corn, 5s Iligd. Port, 57s 5d. Lard, 38s 6d. Receipts of wheat last three days, 10s,000 centais.—150,000 being American.

LIVERPOOL, March 30—123 p. m.—Weather fair. Broadstuffs lower; small business. Wheat—Winter, Ils@ils 5d; white, 10s 6dig11s; club, Ils@ils 5d. Corn, 6s 5dig18s 9d:d. Rest unchanged.

10s 6d; 10s 10s 6dig11s; club, Ils@ils 5d. Corn, 6s 5dig18s 9d:d. Rest unchanged.

2s for a control of the control of the

month was rain doc.

b. Dealers

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Signo bu; mixed Western, Scane; white Western, 26
641c.
HAY-Firm and unchanged.
HOFS-Dull and nominal.
GROCERIES-Coffee firmer; Rio cargoes, ID-(2016); job lots, 166174c. Sugar quiet and unchanged; fair to good refining. 7666-16c. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Rice-Demand fair and market firm.
FERROLEUM-Duil and nominal; United. 574c; crude. 646174c; refined. 76c.
TALLOW-Steady and unchanged.
RESIN-Duil and unchanged.
PROVISIONS-FOrk dull and lower; old mess, \$11.25; Beef steady. Cut meats more active; long clear middles, 75c. Lard steady; prime steam, \$1.39461.575.
BOTTER-Duil and heavy; Western, 16630c.
CHEESE-Firm; Western 11618c.
WHISEY-Nominal at \$1.109.111.

NEW ORLEANS. NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—Flour dull and lower; superfine \$4,3094.75; XX, \$5,0095.75; XXX, \$6,5095.75; high grades, \$5,7596.50.

ORALS—Corn unit is suggested to the state of the state of

fairly active changed.

HA Y—Quiet, firm, and unchanged.

PA: WHIONS—Dull and unchanged.

BUI TER—Active and firm at 18:000.

EGG E—Active and firm at 11c.

PET ROLEUM—Dull and nominal.

GRC CERIES—Coffee quiet and stea GRC CERRIS—Collec quiet and steady. The few and usehanged.
WHI SEY—Steady at \$1.104-61.11.
FRE 0 HTS—Steady and firm.
RECI HTS—Flour, 5,600 bris; wheat, 210,000 bris com.
20,000 | wr; costa \$5.00 bris; rep. 2,000 bris.
SHIP MENTS—Wheat, 37.675 bris; corn. 125,325 br.
BALS 5—Wheat, 450,000 bris; corn. 450,000 bris.

ST. LOUIS.

May: fancy, E. 25. April.

Cash; St. 21. Ele 20. April.

GRAIN.—Wheat lower and unsettled; No. 3 red. Hill.

GRAIN.—Wheat lower and unsettled; No. 3 red. Hill.

No. 4 do., St. 115. bid.

Corn active and lower; 25. Cash;

No. 4 do., St. 115. bid.

Corn active and lower; 25. Cash;

No. 4 do., St. 115. bid.

Corn active and lower; 25. Cash;

No. 4 do., St. 115. bid.

Corn active and lower; 25. Cash;

No. 4 do., St. 115. bid.

Corn active and lower; 25. Cash;

No. 4 do., St. 115. bid.

Corn active and lower;

St. Corn.

MILWAUKEE. MILWAUKER, Wis., March 30.-FLOUR-Dall and unchanged.
GRAIN—Wheat opened weak, declined 1/c, and closed steady; No. 1 Milwaukee hard, Sl.D; No. 1, Sl.D; No. 1, Sl.D; No. 2 do, fresh, Sl.Ill/; March, Sl.D; April, Sl.D; May, Sl.Lif/; No. 3 do, 59/4c; No. 4, 16c; rejected, Sc. Corndull and lower; No. 2, 36c. Oats heavy; No. 2, 36c. Hye dull and heavy; No. 1, 70/4c. Barley lower; No. 2 apring. 57c.

Rye dull and heavy; No. 1, 704c. Barley lower; No. 2 spring, No. 7.
PROVISIONS Quiet and easy. Meas pork from 15,00 May.
Lave Hoge-Stronger at \$1,004.65.
VARIGHTS — Wheat to Buffalo, 7c.
1 USCRIPTS — Flour, 1,000 bris; wheat, 18,000 bu; barley, 1,000 br.
B. UPRENTS — Flour, 14,000 bris; wheat, 3,000 bu; barley, 4,000 bu. LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUI SVILLE. March 21.—COTTON—Quiet at 1996.
FLOU 22—Quiet; extra \$1.002.00; do family, \$5.00.
5.50; A I Vo. 1, \$5.560.00; fancy, \$5.266.50.
GRAIN —Wh eat steady at \$1.1521.21. Corn steady;
No. 2 wh to, \$2.2656; do mixed, \$50. Oats quiet but steady; No. 2 white, \$556; do mixed, \$70. Rye dull at \$50856.

HAY—St. udy, with a fair domand, at \$15.00217.0.
PROVERSO NS—Pork quiet at \$13.25. Lard steady; prime steam, 7c. Bulk meats firm; shoulders, \$4.256; clear rides, \$5.555; clear sides, \$5.556. Bacon firm; shoulders, \$4.256; clear rides, \$5.555; clear sides, \$5.556. Bacon firm; shoulders, \$4.256; clear ride, \$1.256; clear sides, \$5.556.

CINCINNATI. CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI. Ma vch 32.—COTTON—Weak at 1952.
FLOUE—Dull, wa wak, and lower; family, \$3.954.65;
fancy, \$5.8565.50.
GRAIN—Wheat we wak at \$1.25. Corn firm at 41c. Cais
dull at \$7.956. Ryo civil and lower at \$1651.5c. Revley stronger; No. 1 fa Il. 85c.
PROVISIONS—Pork Guiet at \$10.75211.00. Lard in
good demand at \$2.25, \$7.20. Bulk meats active and
firm at \$4.125, \$5.60, and 4 \$5.75. Racon—Demand fair
and market firm at \$5.65, \$7.55, and \$7.50.
WRISKY—Active and them at \$1.65.
BUTTERS—Easier, but no 4 quotably lower.
LINSERD OIL—Steady as 80c.

TOLI DO. TOLEDO, O., March S.—Gi Lain-Wheat steady at a decline; extra white Michiga u. 81.23½; No. 2 red winter, apok March, and April, 81.23½; No. 2 red winter, apok March, and April, 81.23½; May, 81.23½; June, 81.07½; Wester: amber, 81.21; No. 2 red mixed, 81.21. Corn weak; & kn-mixed, 40c; No. 3 apot, 82½c; April, 89½c; May, 60c; No. 2 white, 41½c; rejected, 25½c; damaged, 37½c. Onto quiet; No. 2, 25½c. Closad: Wheat Rim: No. 1 red winter, April, 81.24½; May, 81.28½; June, 81.21; July, 81.05½.

REGELETS—Wheat, 63.00 bu; corn, 70.00 bu; cata, 8112MARNTS—Wheat, 18.00 bu; corn, 20.00 bu; cata,

BOSTON.

BOSTON. March 20.—FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.
GRAIN—Corn quiet; mixed and yellow. Modifie.
Oats dull; No. 1 and extra white, 50252c; No. 2 white,
402453/c; No. 3 white and No. 2 mixed, 44240c Rys,
30c.

BUTER—Choice Western creameries.35236; choice ladie packed, 75630c; fair to good, 34635c.

EGGs—Western frosh, H14612c.
RECEIPTS—Flour, 4,000 bris and 3,000 seeks; corn, 101,500 bris; wheat, 450 br.
SELPMENTS—Flour, 2,000 bris; corn, 25,000 bs. KANSAS CITY.

KANSAS CITY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

KANSAS CITY. Mo., March 30.—GRAIN-The

Price-Current reports: Wheat—Receipts, 5.30 bu;
shipments, 18.72 bu; lower; No. 2 cash, \$1.05; April,
\$1.07; No. 3 cash, 90%c; April, 90%c. Corn—Receipts,
20.66 bu; shipments, 18.540 bu; lower; No. 3 cash,
20.9c; April, 27c.

BUFFALO. March 20.—GRAIN—Wheat heavy; no stales; No. 1 hard Green Bay offered at \$1.30, without buyers. Corn dull; old No. 2 Western meminally at 50c. Oats dull and lewer; I car white Michigan 35 Sc. Ont at dull and lewer; I car white Michigan 35 Sc. on track. Hye neglected. Harlor neglected.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND LAKE PERIGRITS—Unchanged.

PEORIA.

PEORIA.

PEORIA.

PRORIA, III., March 31.—GRAIN—Corn dull and easy; high-marcd, 35235/c; mixed, 343/635c. Catadull and lower; No. 2 78/78c.

No. 2, 78/78c.

HIGHWINES—Nominal at \$1.05. DETROIT.

DETROIT, March 30.—FLOUR—Dull, GRAIN—Wheat lower and heavy; extra, nominal; No. 1 white, \$1.10%; April, \$1.10%; May, \$1.10%; June, \$1.13%; milling, No. 1 nominal, RECEIPTS—Wheat, 20,000 bu.

OSWEGO.

OSWEGO. March 30. - GRAIN-Wheat steady: No. 1

Minnesota spring, \$1.35. Corn dull; Duluth, \$5c. INDIANAPOLIS. INDIANAPOLIS March 30.—GRAIN—Wheat hes 7 'No. 2 red, \$1.17@1.12. Corn quiet at 383304c.

NEW OBLEANS, I.a. March 30.—COTTON—Easteri middling, 13%c; low middling, 13%c; good ordinary, 11%c; net receipts, 3,530 bales; gross, 3,544; exports to Great Britain, 5,535; sales, 2,600; stock, 27,735.

NEW YORK, March 30.—COTTON—Dall at 18013/60; futures firm; March, 12.80; April, 12.60; May, 12.50; June, 13.18c; July, 18.20; April, 12.60; May, 12.50; June, 13.18c; July, 18.20; April, 12.60; May, 12.50; June, 13.18c; Junean, 13.31c; July, 18.20; April, 18.20; December, 14.38c; Cottober, 12.17c; November, 11.81c; December, 14.38c; St. Louis, Mo., March 30.—Cottos—Dull; lower trades have declined; middling, 13/cc; low middling, 12/cc; low middling, 12/ COTTON.

PETROLEUM. PETROLEUM.

CLEVELAND, O., March 30.—PETROLEUM—Steady: standard white, 110 test, 75c.

PITTSBURG, P.a., March 30.—PETROLEUM—Dull; crude a listle firm at 805c at Parker's for ahipment; refined, 75c, Philadelphia delivery.

TITUSVILLE, P.a., March 30.—PETROLEUM—Market opened at 575c; highest, 855c; lowest, 875c; closed at 585c; ahipments, 8500; average, 4.60; abariers, 18,40; average, H.50; transactions, 23,000.

WOOL.

PHILADELPHIA. March 30.—Wool active and firm. Ohio, Permsylvania, and West Virginis double extra and above, 5565c; extra, 5565c; medium, 6567c; coarse, 5565c; washed combing, and delaine, 6567c; coarse, 5565c; washed combing and delaine, 6567c; delay, tub-washed, 6567h; pulied, 5565c;.

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, March 31—The jobbing trade continues fairly active, but business is quiet with package houses. Cotton goods quiet and steady. Prints quiet in first hands, but jobbing fairly. Wide prints, lawns, and figures in good demand. Dress goods in steady request. Men's wear woolens quiet and firm. Foreign goods in moderate demand.

WILMINGTON, March 30. SPIRITS TURPERTING-



MARINE

The Situation at Esca the Michigan Pen

North Bay Reported So that Vessels Canno for Cargoes.

A Vessel Barred In geon Bay Ca 1 7 31 The North Passage of th Clear of Ice.

GRAIN AND COARSE

The demand for grain-vessels Vestorday the schooner Goshav at 6% cents for wheat to Eric bushels. At Milwauker, the bushels. At Milwausce, the Wolf obtained a charter at 7 to Buffale; capacity 21,000 bush Coarse freights rule fairly act though shippers are evidently; to break the market. It was re from were offering only 32 per 1, ber from Bay City to Chicago, w Another hipper expressed could obtain vessels to o Grand Haven to Chicag-charters were reported: Sc hardwood lumber from Ac

panies to accept risks on A lof premium than 3% per cer Marine, Manhattan of New Marine, Manhattan of Mern of New York, and Un

lengthemed thirteen feet; the
Stewart provided with arches
for towing purposes; the son
Roberts, North Cape, and Queen
with new spars; the barge Buo
provided with a new stern; the a
with new stern; cabin, stanchions
ing; the barge Suan Ward with
the schooner F. L. Danforth is
foremast and miszenmast; the so
Ogden a new mainmast and three
the schooner Hattle Wells will be
a three and after; and the at
Chaffer will have large repairs.
below Boot Harms, the tus Tillia
rebuilt, and the scow W. R. Han
paired. Af Sarnia the schooners de
New Dominion, and barge Hotels
ing new decks and other repairs,
er Otonaboe a general overhaulin

GOT OFF.

The steam-barge Lothair and sande were both pulled off Colobe out damage. The Corisande was till Sunday noon, when ahe was pure Mocking Bird. Capt. Frank Hector, asked Sim for soven he Capt. Carey, of the Lothair, we see the Lothair is insured in the particular of the Lothair is insured in the bottom, as pictured, and being light, with her but he air, struck on her bottom, as that there was talk of abando would probably have been done been released so expeditiously, lost her forefoot and is leaking. They are as Deurol.

FIRST IN THE FILT To the Captain of the schooner longs the henor of taking out the of the season for the Lower Laked yesterday quiefly waiked into House and took can the pars for a trip to Ruffalo go of 2,500 bushels of when tains had gotten ahead of him bending canvas upon their was healty played upon the trick was healty played upon the trick was healty played upon the trick was healty played upon the was healty played upon the lower training gear, and to-day her canvas. But it is accretely pallafanter will be the first and to the Lower Lakes.

DECIDEDLY NOW

DECIDEDLY NON
An unusual sight for this sease,
if, this port early yesterday in
the hulls of no less than thirty we
canvas. As they slowly moved
before a gentle southeast brees
saffs glistening in the sun, th
ploture beautiful to behold, and o
nessed in this latitude on a M
The teasels comprising the fleet
in the coarse freight trade. An
bad been detained in port by
wind and sea, but by far the gree
were starting on their first trip ti

SHAMEN'S UNIO
A regular weekly meeting of
Union was held last evening at
Richard Powers in the chair.
fixing wares for the season as
discussed, but no action was tellowing resolution was adopted us
William As. The grain-trimmer
Chicago will not take any molice
warnings that we have sent them
hauling of vessels to and from
then beit

Realect. That we will trim th
schooners for Union wages, the
nish the extra help for the same i

SNAIL-LIKE PROG

"Some time ago," writes a spec-

"Some time ago," writes a special the Toronto Globe, who we look into the work on the Welli was definitly expected that the n be open in 1881, but any who has sich expectations have only to the muddy tow-path from Port Colborne to be coaving through mismanagement or faw the seven or eight millions in pleted work will in all probabilit upand useless for five or six yes

PROM THE GREEN BA
Letters from Quinnesse state
hard bn the Mishigan pentinsula
ing the enew and causing a gene
lumber-camps. A letter fro
written on Monday, refurarainfall, and says, it can
in the river to break up near th

BALTIMORE.

ST. LOUIS. ady at \$1.05.

Pork lower to sell. Dry salt meets

Bacon dell and unchanged. Lard

at \$6.35.

Jur. 4.00 bris: wheat. 12.000 bu; core.

A000 bu; barley, 1.000 bu; core.

Tour. 10,000 bris; wheat. 94,000 su; core.

LOUISVILLE.

CINCINNATI.

TOLI DO.

ch 30.—FLOUR—Dull and unchanged. quiet; mixed and yellow, 500614c. and extra white, 503 52c; No. 2 white, white and No. 2 mixed, 44045c. Rye,

spatch to The Chicago Tribune.

TY. Mo., March 30.—GRAIN—The reports: Wheat—Receipts, 6.89 ba; 4 bu; lower; No. 2, cash, \$1.00; April, \$6, 20% Corn—Receipts, ments, 13,550 bu; lower; No. 2, cash,

PEORIA.

March 31.—GHAIN—Corn dull and red, 35235/c; mixed, 354,635. Cata; No. 2 white, 32/c35c. Rye inactive;

DETROIT.
ch 30.—Floure—Dull.
at lower and heavy; extra. nominal; 195; April, 21.194; May, 21.195; Juna.

OSWEGO.
roh 20.—GRAIN—Wheat steady; No. 1
g, \$1.25. Corn dull; Duluth, 56c. INDIANAPOLIS.

8 March 30.—GRAIN—Wheat hes 7
21.12. Corn quiet at 369364c.

COTTON.

18. La., March 20.—Cotton—Easiers low middling, 12%; good ordinary, pts, 3,520 bales; gross, 3,544; exports 16 235; sales, 2,000; stock, 271,715.

Larch 20.—Cotton—Dall at 13615%; sarch, 12.78c; April, 12.80c; May, 12.80c; 15, 18.20c; August, 18.31c; September, 12.17c; November, 11.81c; December, o., March 20.—Cotton—Dull; lower lined; middling, 12½c; low middling, 11½c; sales, 200 bales; receipts, 200; stock, 60,400.

PETROLEUM. PETROLEUM.

O., March 30.—PETROLEUM—Steady!

10 test, 7%c.

Pa., March 30.—PETROLEUM—Dull;

a st8%c at Parker's for shipment; redelphia delivery.

Pa. March 30.—PETROLEUM—Market
highest, 8%c: lowest, 8%c; closed at

a, 65,000; avorage, 41,600; charters,
7,800; transactions, 230,000.

PURPENTINE.
March 30.—SPIRITS TURPENTINE

FAIRBANKS'

SCALES

VENS The South Bide Photograph of has Removed from Hersber

MARINE NEWS.

The Situation at Escanaba and on the Michigan Peninsula.

North Bay Reported So Full of Ica-that Vessels Cannot Enter for Cargoes.

A Vessel Barred In at the Stur-geon Bay Canal. The North Passage of the Straits Now Clear of Ice.

CHAIN AND COARSE FREIGHTS.

The demand for grain-vessels continues light. Yesterday the schooner Goshawk was chartered at 6% cents for wheat to Erie; capacity 34,000 bushels. At Milwaukie, the schooner Lottie Welf obtained a charter at 7 cents for wheat to Buffalo; capacity 21,000 bushels.

Coarse freights rule fairly active and steady, though shippers are evidently making an effort to break the market. It was reported that one are were effering only \$2 per 1,000 feet for lumber from Bay City to Chicago, which is 50 cents below the rate that has been obtained thus far. Another shipper expressed the opinion that he could obtain vessels to carry lumber from Grand Haven to Chicago. The following charters were reported: Schooner C. A. King, hardwood lumber from Aome, at the head of Traverse Bay, to Racine, at \$2.50 per 1,000 feet; shooner Jennie Mullen, cedar ties, at 6 cents apiece, from Horn's Pier to thicaga, two trips; sow Gladiator and schooner North Star, hemicat and 64 cents apiece; schooner Amoskeag, cedar ties from Leiand to Chicago, at 94 cents apiece; schooner Winnie Wing, cedar ties from Hentwater to Chicago at \$1.50 ner 1,000 feet. The schooners Mars, Anna Maria, and Conneau were in the market yesterday for coarse freight charters. These vessels belong to the Ward fleet, and their owners are said to have between \$600,000 and \$600,000.

INSUBANCE MATTERS. INSURANCE MATTERS.

At a meeting of agents on Monday afternoon it was decided to continue the local Board of Marine Underwriters throughout the season. The efficers of the Association are: President, W. M. Egan; Vice-President, John Goodwin; Secretary, H. C. Ranney; Executive Committee, R. J. Smith, Thomas G. Crosby, and C. W. Elphicke. Beyond this nothing was done. Action upon carre insurance rates will soon be necessary, as very few companies will write at the present figures, which are said to be anywhere from 20 to 25 cents per \$100.

The competition for hull rates has settled down to a refusal on the part of standard companies to accept risks on A hulls at a lower rate of premium than 3% per cent. The St. Paul & Marine, Manhattan of New York, Great Western of New York, and Union of Philadelphia,—all good companies, too.—are, and it seems have been for some liftle time past, insuring A hulls ern of New York, and Union of Philadelphia, all good companies, too, —are, and it seems have been for some little time past, insuring A hulls for 3½ per cent premium, and in several instances are said to have taken A steamer risks as low as 3 per cent. premium. The Phenix, against which a cry was raised for breaking the rate to 3½ per cent, has taken no A dies at a lower rate, so The Thu dust reporter is informed. The refusal to follow other companies down the grade is reported to have cost the Phenix a large amount of insurance which her controlled last season. Hi risks on fail colicies, are written at from 5 to 5½ per cent remium.

steam-barge Mackimae has been rebuilt and lengthened thirteen feet; the barge libeda Stewart provided with arches and machinery for towing purposes; the schooners E. C. Roberts, North Cape, and Queen City provided with new spars; the barge Buckeye has been provided with a new stern; the schooner Home with new stern, cabin, stanchions, rail, and celling; the barge Susan Ward with new keelsons; the schooner F. L. Danforth is to, have a new foremast and mizzenmast; the schooner W. B. Ogden a new mainmast and three new topmasts; the schooner Hattle Wells will be converted into a three-and-after; and the steam-barge Isa Chaffee will have large repairs. At Illack lilver, below Port Hurou, the tug Tillinghast has been rebuilt, and the schooners Jennie Rumball, New Dominion, and barge Hotchials are receiving new decks and other repairs, and the schooner Comabee a general overhauling.

GOT OFF.

The steam-barge Lothair and consort Corisande were both pulled off Colchester reef without damage. The Corisande was not released till Sunday moon, when she was pulled off by the tay Mooking Bird. Capt. Frank Carter, of the Hector, asked \$400 for seven hours work; but Capt. Carey, of the Lothair, requeed, offering \$22, and no settlement was made. The carge of the Lothair is insured in the pool of 1879.

The propelier Chicago No. 2 was released from Gull Island, Lake Erie, shortly after the barge Dictator. The Chicago went on running at full speed, and being light, with her bow well up in the air, struck on her bottom, nearer the stern than bow. Her position was considered so perflous that there was talk of abandoning her, which would probably have been done had she not been released so expeditiously. The propeller lost her foperout and is leaking. The Pictator is also leaking. They are ab Detroit for repairs.

FIRST IN THE FIELD. To the Captain of the schooner Lafrinter be-lengs the honor of taking out the first clearance of the season for the Lower Lakes. Her Captain of the season for the Lower Lakes. Her Captain yesterday quietly walked into the Custom-House and took out the necessary papers for a trip to Buffalo with a cargo of 25,460 bushels of wheat. Other Captains had gotten shead of him to the extent of bending canvas upon their vessels, when he quietly stole a march upon the record. The trick was nearly played upon the boys, as they will seknowledge. The Lafrinier lies at the lumber market. Yesterday sallors were reeving her running gear, and to-day they will bend her canvas. But it is sourcely probable that the Lafrinier will be the first sail-vessel to start for the Lower Lakes.

SEAMEN'S UNION.

A regular weekly meeting of the Seamen's Union was held last evening at Meridian Hall, Richard Powers in the chair. The question of fixing wages for the season came up and was discussed, but no action was taken. The following resolution was adopted unanimously:

WHEREAS, The grain-trimmers of the City of Chicago will not take may notice of the several warnings that we have sent them as regards the hauling of vessels to and from the clevators; then belt Resolved, That we will trim the grain in the schooners for Union wages, the Union to furnish the extra help for the same figure.

CLEVELAND GOSSIP.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.
CLEVELAND, O., March 23.—I fook a trip along the river and brought up at the Custom-House to-day, gathering what information was going on regarding the opponing of navigation and the prespects of the marine season at this port. By way of preface it may be said that this is different from any other opening that was ever known,—an oppuning without a cleaing, a beginning without an ending. For thirleen months there has not been a single fortnight that vessels have not cleared here. The Hinckley, John Jewett, and Col. Cook have made regular trips all winter, and will continue with the other crafts through the season, thus making at least a continuous run of twenty-one months. It is generally true that a long season is not a profitchione. The tansinessis in such cases spread out to such a thinness that but little profit arises and but little briskness results. The river-men, without exception, this year, however, claim that the promise for the season is excellent. The briskness in freights is not quite so great as is expected when the iron market opens, but at the same time noutracts of greater or less degree are being completed all the while.

The importation business, as shown by the Custom-House reports for the first quarter of 1886, has thus fur been more than three times as great as last year, and is constantly increasing. This of course includes the railroad business to a certain extent, and comes under the Iniand Trunsportation bend. The merchants of this city are especially interested in the passage of the shirtch bill affecting this matter, as they feel that under the present arrangement, by giving the extra bond in New York hay are put to unnecessary expense and trouble, not to mention delays and the possible turnishing to New York parties of information in regant to the cost of imported goods to Western business. It is hoped here that the bill may become a law.

The harbor office of the Custom-House opened yesterday, and the western business. It is hoped here Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune, CLEVELAND, O., March 28.—I took a trip alo

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribuna.
STURGEON BAN, Wis., March 20.—Scoffield & Co.
sent a crew of men down to Sheboygan on
Thursday to take the tug W. C. Tilsan, recently
purchased by them, to this port.

Bay Lumber Company's new translators.

George O. Spear is rushing things at his ship-yard. Both of his new turn have their engine pinced in position, and will doubtless be read for business on the opening of navigation. back swell from the west end of the breakwaterswept them past the entrance, and, rounding to,
they struck the west side of the pier, damaging
the elevated walk to the beacon light, and
drifted ashore. They will probably be towed off
to-morrow should the soa go down. The crews
were taken off this morning, after suffering considerably from the cold and water which washed
over the vessels. The Wilson carried away her
jib tepsail, jibboom, and bowsprit. She is valued at \$5,000: the Granger at \$1,200; and, should
they be gotten off as expected, the damages are
estimated at from \$400 to \$600 each. Both vessels were immber-laden, the Wilson for A. R.

MILWAUKEE. MILWAUKEE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Milwaukee, March 30.—The steam-barge
Norman, which left here for Manistee early
Monday morning, arrived back during last
night, having consumed nearly all her fuel in a
vain attempt to work across. It is said she
did some tage rolling. She took on a freehsupply of fuel, and made another start this
afternoon. supply of fuel, and made enother start this atterneon.
The schooner Daniel E. Bailey, wheat-laden for Buffalo, is putting on her canvas to-day, and is the first of the grain fleet to fit out.
The schooner Lottle Wolf was chartered for wheat to Buffalo at seven cents. Capacity, 2,160 bushels.
The scows Evergreen, Blue Bell, and schooner Una are late arrivals.
The tug Silt towed the schooners Lewis Ludington and J. B. Newland here from Racine this afternoon, the former for a rebuild and the latter for a mey foremast.
The steamer John A. Dix leaves here for Manistee on the first trip of the season to-morrow night. The wind-bound fleet of lumber-carriers commenced departing this afternoon. Since night-fail a heavy feg has overspread the city and lake.

BUFFALO.

BUFFALO.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BUFFALO. N. Y., March 30.—Arrivals to-day.

Schooner Erastus Corning. Port Huron, 46,000

bushels corn; schooner Chester B. Jones, Toledo,
51,500 bushels wheat; schooner B. F. Bruce, De-31,500 bushels wheat; schooner B. F. Bruce, Detroit, 45,000 bushels corn. The clearances, all light, were: Propeller Inter-Ocean and barges Ogarita and Argonaut. Bay City; propeller Atoons, Chicago; propeller Porter Chamberlain, Bay City; propeller W. T. Graves and schooner G. W. Adams, Toledo; schooner Francis Palms and schooner J. Walters, Eagle Dook; schooner Anna P. Groves, Toledo; schooner Joseph Paige, 1,000 tons coal, Milwaukee; barge Shawnee, Chicago.

The Corning wintered at Port Huron, and passed Detroit Saturday afternoon, being the first vessel through the rivers this year. She was also the first vessel direct from Chicago to pass down last year.

The schooner J. S. Richards was chartered to-ddy at 75 cents for coal to Chicago.

DECIDEDLY NOVEL.

An unusual sight for this season was witnessed of this port early yesterday afternoon. The broad bosom of Lake Michigan was dotted with the built of no less than thirty vessels under full canvas. As they slowly moved down the lake before a gentic southeast breeze, their white sails glistening in the sun, they formed a picture beautiful to keloid, and one seldom witnessed in this latified on a March afternoon. The vessels comprise to the fleet are all engaged in the cearse freight trade. A number of them had been detained in port by the recent head wind and sea, but by far the greater proportion were starting on their first trip this season.

SHAMEN'S UNION.

A regular weekly meeting of the Seamen's THE DAMAGE BY ICE.

THE STRAITS.

Special Dispute to The Catego Tribuna.

CHEBOTGAN, Mich., March 30.—The mail-carrier reports the ice in the south passage in good condition and strong enough to bear learns, but that the north passage is clear of ice as far as Waugoshance, and that beats could get through that passage. Weather pleasant to-day. Wind west.

MACKINAW CLTY, Mich., March 30.—The ice is not changing much. There is not wind enough to drive it out. Weather warm and pleasant. Mercury 30 above zero at 7:30 this evening. Wind southoust, light.

warnings that we have sent them as regards the hauling of vessels to and from the clevators; then built apassage. Weather pleasant to-day. Wind growing of the control of the passage weather pleasant to-day. Wind schoolers for Union wages, the Union to turn is the extra help for the same figure.

SNAIL-LIKE PROGRESS,

"Some time ago," writes a special correspondent of the Corono Globe, whe was detailed to look into the work on the Welland Canal, "it was definitly expected that the new canal would be open in 181, but any who have a look in the protections have only to take a trip up the mudity tow-path from Port Delhouse to Fur Colborne to be convinced that, either through mismanagement or favoritism, or both the seven or eight millions invested in tental upand useless for five or six years to come."

FROM THE GREEN BAY REGION.

Letters from Quinnesse claite that it rained hard on the Michigan peninsula Saturday, melting the snow and causing a general break-up of lamber-camps. A letter from Menominee, written on Monday, refers to the same rainfall, and says it caused the letter work as the river to break up near the bridge, a mile in the river to break up near the bridge, a mile in a few days. The City of Traverse will beave in a few days by a small payment in recovey, and the river to break up near the bridge, a mile.

ERIE.

ERIE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

ERIE, Pa., March 20.—Arrived, Schooner James
C. King, from Buffalo, loading coal for Chicago;
schooner William Shupe, Toledo, 16,130 bushels The schooner Nellie Redington, loaded with coal for Chicago, awaits saling orders. The schooner A. B. Moore is also loading coal for Chicago.

MANITOWOC.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MANITOWOC, Wis., March 38.—The new schooner Penobsect, built here by Rand & Berger for Itradicy Brothers, of Milwaukee, was successfully launched at & O'clock this ovening.

The steamer Chicago, of the Goodrich Line, will leave on Thursday morning for her first, tip.

PORT COLBORNE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont., March 30.—The schoone Maize, the first arrival of the season, reached here this afternoon from Toledo with 17,000 bushels of wheat for Ordensburg. The cargo will be transferred over the Weiland Bailway. CLEVELAND. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
CLEVETAND, O., March 30.—Vessel Clearunces—Schooners C. H. Johnson, Toledo; Ama-

nth, Bay City. Arrived—Schooner J. R. Pelton, Toledo, grain ILLINOIS & MICHIGAN CANAL.
BRIDGEPORT, March 30. - Arrived - Eille
D'Connell, Sag. 75 yards stone; H. S. Carpenter,

PORT JOTTINGS.

The Guido aprung a leak outside, which was found to be in her topsides, and promptly repaired.

The schooner Australia is to be docked to repair a leak.

Yesterday afternoon the steam-barge Charles Reitz left for Manistee on her first trip this season, towing the barge Florence Lester.

Capt. Charles Coates, of Saugatuck, passed through Chicago yesterday en route for the Sturgeon Bay Canal to fit out the schooner White Cloud.

Finney Bros. yesterday shipped some new canvas to the schooner Trinidad at Milwaukee.

Capt. M. Stalker, of the schooner Charles Foster, arrived yesterday to fit his vessel out.

Monday evening the propeller New Era left for Grand Haven, towing the barges C. O. D. and S. A. Irish. Yesterday the barges C. O. D. and Rapids, Wolverine, and City of Grand Haven, usually towed by the New Era, started for Grand Haven also, but under sail.

The schooner R. B. Hayes was yesterday towed from C Slip to Fint & Thompson's elevator, where she took on part of a cargo of corn.

Toward evening she was transferred to the Galera elevator to finish.

The schooners Gesine and Hattie Fisher, lumber-laden, salled for Michigan City and South Chicago yesterday.

Duncan Corbett succeeds John Jenks in the command of the schooner Metropolis. John S. Henderson commands the schooner Ironsides.

Thomas Adams has been appointed to the command of the Government tug Gen. Humphreys, to take charge on the list of April. The schooners S. V. R. Watson, Halsted, Lafrinier, and barge Manitowoc, all grainladen, are being fitted out for the season. It is considered doubtful now whether sail vessels will make a start for Buffalo before Monday.

AROUND THE LAKES. The schooner B. M. Carrington is to receive a new centreboard-box and centreboard at Cleve-land. The craft is chartered to carry two carcould not rise, and lay doubled up on the floor, crying, 'O God, take me away from these bad men! It was the most heartrending sight i ever witnessed. While he lay on the floor, Swanson had three violent fits in succession. When he came to the asylum he was a strong healthy clear of ice.

At Oswego the schooners James Wade, George B. Sloun, George M. Case, Cortez, Guiding Star, Cliver Mitchell, and Bolivia have received new Campas.

Many ladies and gentlemen know Brown's Campas. Oilver Mitchell, and Bolivia have received new canvas.

Capi. Stephen Lefevre is fitting out the schooner O. M. Bond at Sackett's Harbor.

Capts. Frank McGuire and Edward Chatteau are fitting out the schooners John Magee and Oilver. Mitchell, at Port Dalbousie. The vessels are leaded with eorn bought by the owners last fall, and which has been sold to Toronto parties. They will proceed to their destination at once.

The Oswego Polladium states that Capt. Patrick Myers will immediately fit out his vessel and as soon as possible take her to Lake Michigan, when she will engage in the lumber trade.

The schooner D. G. Fort is fitting out at Oswego.

and as soon as possible take her to Lake Michigan, when she will engage in the lumber trade. The schooner D. G. Fort is fitting out at Oswego.

Capt. L. M. Soyer, of Coemto, Wis., who for the past eighteen years has sailed the schooner Richard Mott, is visiting his brother, Mr. George A. Soyer, at East Saginaw.

Repairs upon the schooner A. G. Morey, at Erie, embrace new deck-beams, deck, stanchions, rail, forecastle-deck, etc., at a cost of \$2,500.

Capt. John Coyne will, it is reported, sail the schooner Angus Smith.

The small steamer T. H. Camp, formerly owned by Horfon Bros. & Ainsworth. of Cape Vincent has been sold to parties at Duiuth for \$3,00.

The schooner S. & J. Collier has just been sold at Marshai sule, at some point below, to Oscar F. Miller, of Fair Haven, for \$170.

To-morrow will see quite a grain fleet start out of Detroit for Buffalo.

The propeller Caldwell has had her cabin out out amidships, and some repairs are being made to her at Detroit.

Capt. A. M. Graves, of the propeller Fletcher, who was by accident struck on the head with a sledge-hammer last fall, and whose place has since been filled by his brother, has resumed his position.

Capt. Charles Benson, of Cleveland, has bought the schooner Billow. She is at Clayton loaded with ite.

Capt. Fish has purchased the bark Burnside, and will convert her into a barge for carrying lumber.

Capt. Thompson is having a new cabin put on his propeller, the J. S. Fay, at Cleveland.

The steamer Marine City left Detroit for Macking last night.

Lake Erie parties are thinking of having built at Bailey Bros. shipyard, in Toledo, a mammoth schooner capable of carrying 100,000 bushels of grain, werk 'o be commenced when the yard is clear.

The Government dredge will not visit South Haven harbor this senson.

Ore men, as a general thing, are satisfied with the situation, and look for a short, active season. It is now thought that the production of them will be crowded to meet sales aiready made. The extreme figures that were talked of last January wer

PORT LIST, PORT LIST,
ARRIVAIS.

Prop Messenger, Benton Harbor, sundries.
Prop Sky Lark, Benton Harbor, sundries.
Prop B. E. Thompson, Muskegon, lumber.
Schr S. Bates, Pentwater, cedar posts.
Schr C. Luling, Manitowoe, railroad ties.
Schr A. M. Maria, Muskegon, railroad ties.
Schr E. M. Stanton, White Lake, railroad ties,
Chearanges.

Schr B. Parsons, Northoort.

cold-hearted male lawyer would have done, resolved to pursue the defepdant in the newspapers, and wrote for publication a "seathing" latter to Mr. Hill, hecusing him of carrying "ruin" into divers households, and using the Chril Service of his country to "cover up his tracks." As Mr. Hill cannot refute this new harke, even if untrue, without bringing shame and confusion on some family, naturally lirs. Lockwood has thus far the better of him. In fact, by this mode of attack she into all men at her mercy including the Judges hefore whom she practices, the lawyers whom she opposes, the litigants against whom she fails to get verdicts, and clients who do not pay her bills. By keeping charges of "a delicate na ture" hanging over their heads, she can make the proudest and allest men in the community dread her displeasure more than loss of either health or money. The pity of it is, that this is exactly the kind offelement which the foes of weman predicted she would introduce into logal practice if she was ever admitted to the Bar, and which they predict she will introduce into politics if she ever takes heartly to voting and logislating.

A Beleased Patient's Story of true!

Treatment Received in an Asylum.
Of Othe (Pa.) Letter to New Fork Twice.

Several months ago Robert G. Ingersoil lectured in this city, and among his audience was a resident named John Carroil. Some of the statements of the lecturer so worked on Carroil's mind that he became somewhat deranged. He was sent by his family to the Dixmont Insane Asylum, at Pittsburg. He was recently released, and now makes a remarkable statement as to inhuman treatment he alleges he received in the asylum. He says that when he entered the asylum he was suffering from the effects of brain fever. On undressing for his bath, his two attendants treated him roughly because he did not remove his clothing as quickly as they thought was necessary. He told them not to be so harsh, as he was still ill from fever, and was suffering with a blister on his back, which was covered with a plaster. One of the men said: "Oh, we've heard of you before," and taking hold of the plaster, tere it from his back, pulling the skin off the blister with it. In giving him his bath, they rubbed his raw back with a flesh-brush, unmindful of his pleas and suffering.

He was then dressed and placed in a room by himself. He walked out in the hall, when he was put back and the door locked. He knocked on the deor with his hands. A keeper named Harper unlocked the door. "When I walked out," says Carroll, "he knocked me down, and with three others, kicked and beat me until I was senseless. When I came to my senses I was in a cell. I had on a strait-jacket, and was lying on a bare, damp floor. There was no furniture in the room. About 8 o'clock in the evening Harper and two others came to the cell and wanted me to take some medicine. I was afraid tiwas poison, and refused. Then I was beaten; but still I refused to take the medicine. This was followed by more kleks and knocks, and then I was enoked, and the medicine poured down my threat. I was then left as I was afraid tiwas poison, and refused. Then I was beaten; but still I refused ABUSE OF THE INSANE.

tion I was in, and this resulted in my getting my release.

"Harper, the keeper," Carroll says, "carried a bunch of keys that weighed between one and two pounds. With this he frequently struck the immates bard blows. He also had a strap with a buckle on one end. This he used on them, sometimes wickling it with both hands. There was a patient in the asylum named Swanson, a young man from Warrey County. One morning he could not find one of his stockings. An attendate strated him, and a settlife ensued. When the men fell Swanson was on top. Another keeper pulled him off, and held him while the other kicked him until he begged some one for God's sake to kill him. He was hurt so bedly that he could not rise, and lay doubled up on the fluor, creise.

Many ladies and gentlemen know Brown's Camphorated Saponaceous Dentifrice is the most pleasant and effective for preserving the teeth. Get the genuine.—25 cents.



**NERVOUSNESS.** 

It affords me great pleasure to bear testimony to the benefits I have received from using Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. I have recom-mended it to many of my friends, and it has proved an excellent curative for Nervousness and General Peblity, It is also a first-class Tonic, enables a per-son to take on flesh rapidly, and is free from the con-stipating effects characteristic of other tonics I have tried. HENRY JOHNSTON, Montreal.

Read Dr. Earle's Testimonial.

MR. JAMES I. FELLOWS, Manufacturing Chemist:
SIR: For several months past I have used your Compound Syrup in the treatment of incipient Phthisis, Obronic Bronchitis, and other Afrections of the Chest, and I have no heeltation in stating that it runks foremost among the remedies used in these diseases. Being an excellent Nervous Tonic, it exerts a direct influence on the Nervous System, and through it, it invitorates the body. It affords me pleasure to recommend a remedy which is really good in cases for which it is intended, when so many advertised are worse than useless. I am, dr. roumstrain. St. Vitus Dance. Spilertic Fits, Whooping Congh. Nervousness, and is a most wonderful adjunct to other remedies in sustaining life during the process of Diphtheris.

187 Do not be deceived by remedies beging a similar mame; no other preparation is a substitute for this under any circumstances.

Price, \$1.50 per bottle. Six for \$7.50.

Price, \$1.50 per bottle. Six for \$7.50. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. J. N. HARRIS & CO., Western Agents, CINCINNATI, O.

TRUSSES. RUPTURE \$100 Reward. We will pay to a charitable institution Sife in case of an Inguinal Hernia that can be retained by the hand that we cannot retain with the PARKER RETENTIVE COMMON-SENSE TRUSS, patented July 8, ISTA BARTLETT, BUTMAN & PARKER.

DR. PARKER is curing the worst cases of Kupture. Manufacturers of the celebrated Common-Sense Truss, and the description of the celebrated Common-Sense Trus, and the description of the celebrated Common-Sense Trus, the trade mark—question any one's honesty that will sell a Truss as such that is not stamped.

ELASTIC SEARLESS HEEL BLASTIC STOCKING, Pat. Mar. 14, 1976.

STOCKINGS, Linbs, Weak and Sprained Joints. Sole manufacturers
BARTLETT, BUTMAN & PARKER,
56 State-st, Chicago, III. Manufacturers of the celebrated Common-Sense Truss. adopted by the U. S. Government as the best. Truss in use, CAUTION.—Each Truss is stamped "Com-mon Sense Truss." Question the honesty of a man that will sell you a Truss as such that is not stamped.

RUPTURE

BARLOW'S FOR SHILLY WASH BLUE. FOR SHIE BY GROOMS. D. & WILLEBRAGER. Propy. 25 N. Second-st., Pullsdelphis.

tose desiring to hear the greatest Coppert of the

SECURE TODAY

oncert, when the Apollo Club will be assisted by the ARION SOCIETY

MRS. A. N. BILLIOTT. rank Remmertz, Dr. Chas. T. Barnes In order that the general public may enjoy an op-portunity to hear this great Concert, single scatt not previously taken by subscribers will be sold at popular prices on and after THIS (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, March 3, at Central Mistel-181 Box Of-fice.

GEO. B. CARPENTER, Manager. FAIRBANK HALL,

MINNA WRIGHT IN DRAMATIC RECITALS,

SATURDAY NIGHT, April 8 Teckets, Re. For sale at Jansen, McClurg & Co.'s.
Pasimer House, Tremiont House, and Grand Pacific
isotel.
Miss Wright's indersement by ladies and contiemen
at the Palmer House Monday avening was as crent. M'VICKER'S THEATRE. Every Evening and Matiness Wednesday and Saturday, MISS

CAVENDISH!

NEX PLERCY famous play of that name.

Next Week-MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING and
AS YOU LIKE IT. HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

Week of Monday, March 28, every evening at 8. Vednesday and Saturday Matinees. A week of mirth. THE TRAGEDIANS OF KALAMAZOO OUR SCHOOL DAYS; or, Boys and Girls Again

Monday, April 5-Robson and Crane in their new Comedy, SHARPS AND FLATS. HAMLIN'S THEATRE. Every Evening this week and at the Matines to-day Wednesday), the inimitably quaint and original Com MR. WILL GILLETTE

Supported by his own Company, in the igner funny Comedy, THE PROFESSOR! THE CHICAGO BALL CLUB.

BASE BALL! SEASON SEATS

\$17.50. THE CHICAGO BALL CLUB HAVERLY'S THEATRE, demoer this Wednesday Holiday Matin Price. To-night Again, HOBBIES!

Byerywhere Laughod into the Urinost Pop
Matinese Wednesday and Saturday.

April 6—KIRALEY'S ENCHANTMENT.

HAVERLY'S THEATRE. THIRD ANNUAL BENEFIT
To Chicago Lodge, No. 1.
P. B. O. ELKS.

YOUNG LADIES WANTED For the Grand Spectacle of Encha Apply at Haverly's Theatre stage door this Wednesday from 10 s. nr. until 1 p. m. KIRALFY BROS. NOTICE.

NOTICE. To All Whom it May Concern : The United States Dairy Co., The sole owners of the patents of Hyppolyte Mege, Paris, for the United States, for the discovery and manufacture of the butter-like product, or Oleomargarine, or fat rendered at temperature that will produce a product free from disagreeable tasts or ador, and of every derivative or product therefrom, or from animal rist, including the manufacture of Butter, Butterline, Oleomargarine Butter, and all other Butter made from the aforesaid produce,

HEREBY CAUTIONS THE PUBLIC against engaging in the manufacture of any of the

against engaging in the manufacture of any of the aforeasid products, or in wending or otherwise dealing in the same, under the authority of any satiry or parties claiming to have subsequent patents for the above purposes, or any of them, as they will thereby render themselves liable to prosecution for infringement and damages.

Butts are now pending in the United States Circuit Court examinst parties using the Andrew patent. A final injunction and decree was obtained against the said Andrew and his associates in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, as may be seen by reference to the records of said Court. said Court.

The United States Dairy Company gives this cautionary notice to save innocent parties from the cost and literation that will follow upon the cost and literation that will follow upon the cost and also to disable them from presiding traorance when suits are brought assinst them.

C. D. DESHLER.

New York, March 10, 1890.

OCEAN NAVIGATION. Bamburg American Packet Company's WEEKLY LINE OF STEAMSHIPS, Leaving New York Every Thursday at 2 p. m. ENGLAND, FRANCE, AND GERMANY. C. B. RICHARD & CO., New York,

OR TO
FELSENTHAL & KOZNINSKI,
80 & 85 Fifth-av., Oricago,
General Passenger Agents. INMAN LINE

Ocean Steamships,

Carrying the British and United States Mails.

New York and Edverpool, via Quienstown.

Pickets to and from the principal English, Scotch,

sh, Franch, German, Italian, and Scandinavian Ports.
These steamers carry no live stock of any kind.
These steamers carry no live stock of any kind.
FRANCIS C. BROWN Gen. Western Agent.
South Clark-st., Chicago.
F. DRAFTS on Great Britain, Ireland, and the Continent for sale.

General Tranactiantic Company.

Between New York and Havre. Pier G. N. R. foot of the Company.

Between New York and Havre. Pier G. N. R. foot of the Company.

Travelors by this incommon to the transit by English railway and the discomfort of crossing the Channel in a small boat.

FRANCE Tradelis. ... Wednesday, March S. p. m. CANADA. Frangeul. ... Wednesday, April 14. 8 a. m. CANADA. Frangeul. ... Wednesday, April 14. 8 a. m. FRICE OF FASSAGE (including wine); TO HAVRE. First Coin, 2000 and 281; Second Cabin, 36. Secrace, 25, including wine, bedding, and utensils. Checks drawn of Credit Lyonsis of Faris in amount to suit. LOUIS DE REBLAN, Agons, 5: Bway, N. T. W. F. WHITE, Cabin Agens, 5: Climate.

WM. B. WINTER, Steerage Agent, 5: Climate. NM. B. WINTER. Steerings Agent, J. Chicago.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

New York Steering Leaders.

Steemers sail every Saturday from New York for Southampton, and Sevensen. Framework For York to Southampton, Lordon, Hayre, and Brinnes, first cabin, ampton, London, Hayre, and Brinnes, first cabin, all the second order. Okt. Biol. Steering, St. Beturn tickets of Second, N. Y. H. CLAUSENIUS & CO., 7 South Clarkett, Agents for Chicago.

STATE LINE
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Dublin, Helfast, and Lendonderry, from N.Y., every Thursday. Pres Cabin, its
seconding to accommodation. Second Cabin,
an electron is 17 Broadway, N. Y. and 18 Randolph-st. Chicago.
JOHN BLEMEEN, Western Manager.

DR. CHERTYRU'S ELECTRIQ

BILLT clarge Repress Dubling in

all the forms. This Red it is not a

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Exercise of the contract of the contract

Tathington Street, O. 1888.

Tathington Street, Chiman.

NOTHER REVELATION

The Philosophy of Happiness and Pala Analyzed, and the Way by Which They May Be Controlled

The Only Perfect Bed. 20 YEARS IN USE And giving excellent satisfaction. Cheap imitatio coarsely woven, are offered that will prove that factory to the purchaser.

UNION WIRE MATTRESS CO., 5, 7 & 9 N. Clark-st., Chicago.



SILURIAN MINERAL WATER Names Marvelous Bemedy for all KIDNEY diseases, URLINARY disorders, Dyspepsia, Idver Complaint, Dropsy-is the only Cure for Dis better and Hright's Disease. Thousands live to testify to the speed and permanency of its cures. Suffer as Ionger but buy a gallon for 40 cents and drink it at home. Large Pamphlet mailed free giving medical opinion, etc. The GENUINE HILVHIAN WATER is for sale in Chicago by A. C. Bell, 495 W. Madison et; Storey & Parker, Madison oct. Alled & J. W. Mills, Madison oct. Orden ave; J. S. Jacobus, Indians ave, cor. 3 in st., H. G. Cetton, N. Clark et cor. Chicago was, Buck & Rayner, 117 Clark and State cor. Maisson sts., and other first-class druggists. Do not permit any other water to be substituted for SILUKLIAN. If your druggist does not keep it, order direct from the Silves. Spring, Anderson & Hashange, Wantecha, W. 48.

OF BONDS AND STOCK

OF THE Calumet & Chicago Canal & Dock Company. The undersigned, having received for \$10 First Mortuage Bonds of \$4,000 cash of the Calumet & Chicago Canal & Dock Company, with interest coupons attached, and the Aid siners of the conjulat stock of said Company of RiO each, field by him as Receiver of The State Savings Institution, a bid of the amount due on said bonds and coupons, and \$10 per chare for said stock, now therefore, premant to an order of the Circuit Court of Cook County, made in the case of Eamas et al. vs. The State Savings Institutioner al., on the 2dd day of February, 18d, the undersigned will at his office. No. 201 In Salleyst, Chicago, on the 5th day of April, 18d0, at 11 october a. m. offer said bonds and stock for sale of the histoner bidder for cash, and, unless a history bid is thus reserved than above massed, the undersigned will, purpose to be said order and sociolar incoordance therewild. For further portionlar inquire of Receiver of The State Savings Institution. Chicago, March 77, 1800.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALA.

Proposals for Construction of Depos Buildliggs.

HEADQUARTERS DE ABUNENT OF THE PLATE, 
CHIEF QUARTERS AFTER OFFICE.
FORT GMARIA, Nob., March 27, 1821.

Sealed proposals in triplicate, will be received at this office up to 13 o'clock noon Theaday, April 28, 1821.

Sealed proposals in triplicate, will be received at this office up to 13 o'clock noon Theaday, April 28, 1821.

At which time and place they will be opened in presence of buddens, for furnishing the massarials and constructing, in secondamo with the plane, specialculor, and detailed drawings, the fellowing density of the plane of the following density of the plane of the fellowing density of the plane of the fellowing density of the fello

Rooters.
Carpenter and painters.
Or for farminding materials alone required in either of the said classes of work, or for perferming laboration in sither of said classes of work, or for perferming laboration in sither of said classes of work, or more of execution and grading, as more specifically described in circular for information or bilders, which will be furnished upon application at this office.

Ro bit will be entertained for farnishing materials, or performing labor, or both, in either of the separatic classes of work, as above divided unless accompanied by a bond in the sum of task to be executed strictly in accordance with the printed instructions and upon the brank forms to be furnished by this office.

JOHN A. DODGE & CO., Bankers and Stock Brokers, it WALL-ST, NEW YORK,

ly and sell on 3 to 5 per cent margin, all tin on the New York Stock Exchange, a orders for Stock Privilege Contracts at-ates. Full information on all matters ock Speculation furnished on application.

Kansas City & Denver Past Ex. 12:30 pm 2:40 pm 8:40 pm | Leave. | Arrive.

Mail (vis Main and Air Line) 77:00 arm \* Katol par Day Express 9:00 arm \* Katol par Kalamasoo Accommodation 4:00 par will a m Atlantic Express (daily) 9:05 par 9:05 am Night Express (Tull) 9:00 par 9:05 am Night Express 7:00 par 9:05 am Night Expre

etnanit, Indianapotis, Louis-ille, Columbia & East, Day Express Sight Express 550 am 4 278 pm Right Express 5500 pm) 778 578

| Leave | Arrive. Leave. | Arr

on the trop total fire the Leave | Arrive Mail Piocide Supress 77:30 pm 7:30 pm GRAY'S PEDICINES.



office.

The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals.

Plans, specifications and detailed drawings may be seen and examined at this office, and blank proposals, bonds and circular for information of hidders will be furnished upon application at this office.

Envelopes to be marked, "Proposals for —," and addressed to the undersigned.

Chief Quartermaster.

Chief Quartermaster.

temperature yesterday, as observed by a opticism. We. 58 Madison street (Transliding), was as follows: 5 a. m., 40 de-10 a. m., 43; 12 m., 44; 3 p. m., 41; 6 p. m., ter, 8 a. m., 29.74; 8 p.

D L. PECK, claiming to be a son of Chief Peck, of Alabama, was found about the of Clinton and Curroll streets, evidentl ing from mental debility. He was take West Madison Street Station, where h

Maine met last evening at the

hendly intercourse.

An address was likewise delivered by the Rev.
P. Boles, which was appropriate to the occaon. The remainder of the program consisted
f a tener song by Mr. P. Gleason; recitation, by
r. T. J. Nernyl contraits solo, by Miss Fannyleloy; plane duet. Miss Annie Towie and Mr.
mil Liebling; selections by the orchestra;
allad, "The Kerry Dance." by Mrs. Clara D.
tacy; duet, by Miss Meloy and Mr. F. G.
control clarionet solo, by Mr. F. Schoppe;
cettation, by Miss Callie Vineyard, etc. After
the entertainment the audience were afforded

THE CITY-HALL.

the driving of the machinery has done more harm than good, and so far as this Administration is concerned the probabilities are that the test of the improvement is at an end. The em-ployes at the works, however, are understood to still be on salary. to the country,
t was decided that the above resolutioned upon record in such court, whe
. Howne moved that eight pall-bearers
inted. The following gentlemen were sportform that mournful duty; Messre,
shois, Morrison, McHugh, Garnett, We
dige Wallace, and Gen Smith. The
I take place from his late residence,
chigan avenue, this afternoon at 2 o'cl

EASTER MONDAY,

SUBURBAN.

Sentative to the Grand Louge.

LAKE VIEW.

The Convention for the nomination of town officers was held Monday evening at 8 o'clock at the Town-Hall. There were twenty-seven delegates, apportioned as follows: First Precinct, 6; Second Precinct, 11; Third Precinct, 6; and Fourth Precinct 4. Mr. T. Moulding, President of the Executive Committee, called the meeting to order, and, after the usual formalities, Mr. R. J. Bennett was chosen Chairman and Al Williston Seeretary. A resolution was presented by J. V. Le Moyne that it was the sense of the Convention that the officers to be nominated as members of the Town Board should first pledge themselyes that they would not, if nominated or elected, vote while in office to turn over the control of any street, avenue, or highway to the Lincoin Park Commissioners or any other body. After a long discussion it was voted down by adopting an amendment that the Board be guided by petitions or remonstrances representing the majority of the real estate of the town, after which they proceeded with the nominations. Messrs. Edgar Sanders and John N. Hills were nominated for Supervisors on the first informal ballot. The opposition to Mr. Sanders was so slight that when the formal ballot was taken he received a unanimous vote, being repominated to his present position. Messrs. E. P. Chatfield, Assessor: Oscar Charles, Collector, and J. J. Wilsop, Town Clerk, were unanimously renominated to their present positions. Messrs. Nick Hansen and B. Weber were nominated for Commissioners of Highways, Mr. Hansen receiving the nomination by a vote of 16 to 10. L. Kennedy received the nomination for Overseer of Highways of District No. 1 over W. Temple by a vote of 17 to 9; Ed Chunt, for Overseer of Highways of District No. 2 and Jacob Schneider for District No. 3, received a unanimous vote, and F. Baer was equally as fortunate for School Trustee. George W. Parks received the nomination for Police Magistrate over R. S. Andrews by a vote of 17 to 9.

a vote of 17 to 8.

The following were appointed an Executive Committee to appoint the time, place, and judges

ommittee to appoint the time, pince, and judges or holding the primaries a year hence, as also a apportion the delegates on the basis of the tote cast at the next November election: Dis-rict No. 1, Thomas Shirley and T. M. Bradley; No. 2, Thomas Moulding and J. C. Schieswohl; No. 3, Albert Galloway and F. F. Canda; No. 4, Nick Hansen and N, H. Kransz.

SHOT BY HIS SON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 30.—Private dispatches have been received here from Dendwood, Dak., that Andrew Wallace, of this city, and an old and well-known citizen, had been shot by his own son four times. The son has been suffering from the results of typhood fever, and it is supposed that he committed the assault in delirium. He is now confined in an asylum. The dispatches and rumors are conflicting, some stating that the wounds will prove fatal and others not. Wallace was at one time very wealthy, but, meeting with reverses, went to Beadwood, taking two of his sons with him. He has been quite successful there operating a quartz-crusher. His wife and the remainder of the family are here, and much depressed at the sad news. Wallace is well known throughout the State and portions of Illinois, as an old wholesale grocer.

matter it has.

The Controller received quite a number of applications yesterday for compromising the personal-property taxes of 1873-74, but no settlements were effected. His plan, when he cannot do any better, is for the delinquent to pay what was assessed against him for those years by the City Assessor, adding 10 per cent per annum for interest. This is the best proposition he has yet made, and the indications are that it will be pretty generally accepted by delinquents, and that the city will thus realize considerable money it could get in no other way.

The City of Quincy is in trouble, growing out of the 2 per cent limitation. The authorities find that they cannot, under the law, raise enough money to more than pay the ordinary municipal expenses, and yesterday the Controller was at the rookery to consult with the Mayor and his suberdinates, and to examine into the question of special assessments. He was given all the information possible, and when he left said he should return and attempt to make sidewalks, improve streets, and do sundry other necessary things by special assessment. The most they can raise under the law is about \$6,600.

"What to you expect will be the outcome of this appropriation business?" queried a reporter yesterday of the Mayor.

"I don't know that I shall interfere with the appropriation as it stands," was the reply.

"Changed your mind since Monday night, haven't you?

"I have ps it myself on record as endeavoring to restrain the School Board in its extravagance. The Council has voted assuinst me, and I don't know that I shall interfere any further. That will depend on circumstances. There's no use in my sending in vetoes to have the Council pass over my head. I have every reason to believe, though, that if the Council had done according to my recommendations, the School Board would have been perfectly satisfied,—that is, the bulk of them." "If you send in no more vetoes, the bill stands, esn't it?"

cerned?"

"If I were to give any answer to that I would rather say this; that, having done my duty in endeavoring to convince the Council of the propriety of jessening what I call the extravagance of the School Board, and the Council having disagreed with me, I don't know that I shall go any farther. Had Ald. Rawleigh not moved the previous question on the motion to increase the school item to \$400,000, there would have been at once another amendment to cut in down \$100,000 more, making the item \$500,000, and if that amendment had got in it would have passed."

"Are you convinced that the school rents from May 1 will advance 50 per cent, as stated in your veto?"

from May I will advance to per cost, as stated in your veto?"

"Yes, sir. I was convinced of it when I wrote my veto message, and have been confirmed in that opinion since. Mr. Kieth, of the School Board, stated to me this morning that the increase on school rengs would be at least 50 per cent, and in some instances a good deal more."

TOWN BOARDS. THE SOUTH TOWN

Board held a meeting at No. 119 Dearborn street
yesterday afternoon. Supervisor Page having
called the members together for the purpose of
auditing bills so that he could prepare his an-

called the members together for the purpose of auditing bills so that he could prepare his annual report. There were present the Supervisor, Town Clerk, and Justices Brown, who presided, Hammer, and Prindiville.

The bills of the Collector, amounting to \$7,580, for deputies, were presented and audited. He gathered in 95 per cent of the personal property taxes, the largest proportion ever secured in the town. Of the remainder probably 2½ per cent is collectable.

General bills of the same officer for \$347 and sundry bills for legal expenses, fuel, rout, etc., were referred to the Supervisor and Clerk for examination.

Claronce Pomeroy, the Deputy Assessor who was charged with seeking a bribe, put in a claim of \$24 for services. It was similarly referred. A communication was received from ex-Supervisor Robert T. Lincoln, stating that the Clerk of the Supreme Court had been unable tocollect from Ed Phillips the costs in the cases of Phillips vs. Liche and Phillips vs. Lincoln, etc.,—applications for mandamus,—and he (Lincoln) therefore asked that the amount. \$40, be allowed. The costs were ordered padd.

From the report of Collector Becse the following figures were taken: Amount of warrant, \$3,171,546, of which \$2,356,126 was against real estate, and \$815,419 against personal property. The collections were: Personalty, \$774,516; realty, \$390,215. The disposition made of the total collections (\$1,173,732) was: Padd County Treasurer (State and county taxes), \$253,226; City Treasurer (sity taxes), \$705,434; Supervisor (old town tax), \$153; Supervisor, commissions (which go fino the Town Treasury), \$19,973; Collector (salary), \$1,500.

The North Chicago Town Board met vesterday.

MERTING OF THE BAR.

A meeting of the members of the Chicago
Bar was held yesterday afternoon in the rooms
of the Law Institute to take suitable action in
regard to the sudden death of William McKindley.
The meeting was called to

THE RAILROADS.

Figuring Out a Satisfactory Division of the Missouri River Business.

Changes in the Freight Classification Eastward Bound from Chicago.

MISSOURI RIVER ARBITRATION.

ST. PAUL'S, MYDE PARK.

The election for Vestry resulted in the choice of H. T. Chase and R. W. Bridge as Wardens, and Morgan, F. S. Osborne, W. C. Ritchie, J. P. Taylor, and H. L. Waite as Vestrymen. The Rector, C. S. Lester, congratulated the parish on its successful effort in raising the necessary amount to pay off the funded debt of \$10,000.

MISSOURI RIVER ARBITRATION.

The gentlemen appointed arbitrators by the Sonthwestern Railway Association to fix the percentage of the roads in the Chicago Division of the Association met yesterday morning, to commence the work assigned to them, at Commissioner Midgley's office, in the Lakeside Building. The arbitrators—Messrs. C. C. Wheeler, J. F. Tucker, and George H. Daniels—organized by the election of Mr. C. C. Wheeler as Chairman. The roads in the Chicago Division were represented by the following officials: J. C. McMullin, General Manager, and James Smith, General Freight Agent, Alton; C. W. Smith, General Traffic Manager, and E. P. Ripley, General Freight Agent, Burlington; R. R. Cable, Assistant to the President, and J. T. Sanford, Traffic Manager, Rock Island; J. B. Carson, General Manager, Rock Island; J. B. Carson, General Manager, and W. H. McDoel, General Freight Agent, Hannibal & St. Joe; J. F. Barnard, General Superintendent, Kansas City, St. Joe & Council Bluffs; J. C. Gault. General Manager, and A. C. Bird, General Freight Agent, Wabash. It was agreed not to include the Wabash in the present award, but await the application of that road for a share of the Chicago business when it gets its line running into this city. The cause of this action was because it had been provided that the Wabash should meet the other Chicago lines previous to this meeting, and agree with them upon the share of business it was to have. This had not been done. Resides, the Chicago roads claimed that it had been agreed that all the business of its lines ease of the Mississippi, including that to and from Toledo, should go into the Chicago Division, but Mr. Gault claimed that he did not understand it that way, and that he was under the impression that the Toledo business had nothing to do with the Chicago awards For these reasons it was deemed best by all present to let the Wabash come in later,—after these matters have been discussed and are better understood. The Wabash come in later,—after these matters have been disc pay off the funded debt of \$10,000.

CHRIST CHURCH, OAK PARK.

Mr. A. S. Pack was elected Senjor Warden; George Sharp, Junior Warden; and R. S. Worthington, John Crane, Jr., G. G. Mayo, J.W. Ervine, A. W. Giles, and T. S. Ratthe, Vestrymen.

St. MARK'S, EVANSTON.

The result of the annual parish election at St. Mark's. Church, Easter Monday, was as follows: Senior Warden—Charles Comstock; Junior Warden, Wells Lake; Vestrymen—H. C. Wicker, R. H. Wyman, N. C. Gridley, George E. Gooch, W. C. Comstock, J. H. Avery. R. H. Wyman was elected Clerk of the Vestry for the ensuing year, and redicated Treasurer. The offerings of the church last year, under the free-church system, amounted to \$1.734. The parish is out of debt, and the ladies are at work raising money to build a rectory. BUBURBAN.

EVANSTON.

The Evanston Lodge, No. 673, I. O. O. F., became a fact Monday evening. The Evanston Odd-Fellows gathered in their elegant new hall in Hoag's Building at that time. The meeting was called to order by Past Grand-Master W. H. Crocker, assisted by Deputy Grand-Master Alonzo Eliwood, of Sycamore, Ill., and the lodge instituted with the following charter members: W. H. Crocker, J. H. Morse, E. H. McCraken, G. F. Kylling, John Hibbleworth, Jonas Patrick, A. T. Sherman, R. S. Foster, M. R. Powers, Louis Kistier, S. V. Kilne, G. F. Stone, T. C. Hoag, T. M. Brookes, J. B. Firman, L. E. H. Bunn, Dr. C. H. Quinlan, E. A. Feikin, There were also present from abroad J. Ward Ellis, Thomas Sutton, John L. Barnum, Marshall Hefter, Walter Tett, A. B. Saunders, of Chicago, and G. M. Ellwood, Sycamore, The following officers were then elected and installed by Deputy G. M. Ellwood, T. C. Hoag, N. G.; G. F. Stone, V. G.; M. R. Powers, Secretary; J. H. Morse, Trensurer; A. T. Sherman, Representative to the Grand Lodge.

LAKE VIEW.

Council Bluffs would necessarily also be reduced, as those two lines derive their portion of the business from the Burlington. The managers of the Hannibal & St. Joe and Kansas City, St. Joe & Council Bluffs also argued that the present percentages of the Burlington could not be reduced without injustice to their roads. The managers then left the arbitrators to meditate over the facts and faures submitted to them. They remained in session until a late hour fast evening, and it did not transpire whether they have agreed upon the awards or not.

Their action will become known at the general meeting of the Association to be held today, when it will also be decided what proportion of the business the Hannibal & St. Joe is to have. This road will get an equal share from both divisions.

The present percentages of the Chicago roads

The present percentages of the Chicago roads are as follows: 5 per cent more each. If this be granted, the Burlington would have to give up about 10 per cent, which would no doubt prove highly unsatisfactory to this road, as well as to the Hannibal & St. Joe and Kansas City, St. Joe & Council Bluffs & Bailroads.

ments, in barrels or boxes, L. C. L., second class; wood ornaments, car-loads, sixth class; buggy bottoms, in the white, with springs attached, crated or boxed, second closs; mowers, lawn, K. D., boxed, O. R., third class; poanuts, C. L., minimum weight 20,000 pounds, sixth class; butter, butterene, butter-grease, and oleomargarine, car-loads, minimum weight 20,000 pounds, fourth class; tow, in bales, O. R. of fire and wet, C. L., minimum weight 20,000 pounds, sixth class; cotton-seed meal, in sacks, L. C. L., seventh class; core, silver or load, value not to exceed \$100 per net ton, tenth class.

Changes—Eggs, in barrels or boxes, C. L. minimum weight, 20,000 pounds, fourth class; refrigerators, third class; carriages and other vehicles, O. R. C. L., minimum weight 20,000 pounds, sixth class; stretcher stock, car-load, tenth class; spring beds, K. D. and tied in bundles, third class; bullion, base value not to exceed \$100 per net ton, tenth class; calamine, tenth class.

Changes in Rules—Rule 11 changed to read, "When lumber, shooks, coopgrage stock or cooperage is loaded in cars of less length than thirty-three feet, the minimum weight of a carload will be 20,000 pounds; and when loaded in thirty-three feet cars the minimum weight will be 24,000 pounds. When more than minimum weight is loaded, actual weight will be charged." A new rule shall be added and called Rule 9, as follows: "Railroad companies may furnish lee for property classified at fifth class, or higher when loaded in refrigerator or other cars, and the expense of same to be prorated from the common or prorating point to destination, but in no case will a road or line be allowed to bear the expense of icing cars previous to their arrival at the prorating point in destination, but in no case will a road or line be allowed to bear the expense of icing cars previous to their arrival at the prorating point in the carlicles classified less than fifth class in car-loads. Freight on the weight of the ice so used not to be charged for."

vote cast at the next November election: District No. 1, Thomas Shirley and T. M. Bradley; No. 2, Thomas Moulding and J. C. Schieswohl; No. 3, Albert Galloway and F. F. Canda; No. 4, Nick Hansen and N. H. Kransz.

A meeting of the opposition to the Republican party was held in the office of H. J. Goodrich, Major Block, yesterday afternoon. The persons present were H. J. Goodrich, Chairman; Albert Maher, Secretary: Charles E. Reese, W. H. Raynor, J. K. Hannay, George L. Walte, Tom Flavin, Patrick F. Ryan, Michael Hogan, J. R. Hodson, Frank I. Bennett, H. J. Parker, Asahel Pierce, L. Hawley, and about ten others. The situation was canvassed, and it was resolved to hold a meeting at the Tremont House to-day at half-pers 3. They will then hold a meeting at Grand Crossing Thursday to ratify their nominations, which will be about as follows: Trustees. George Williamson, John R. Hodson, A. J. Wakerlie, W. H. Baynor, F. M. Webster, and T. W. Johnistone: Supervisor, Charles E. Reese; Collector, Asahel Pierce; Assessor, Hugh Maher; Clerk, Frank I. Bennett or J. K. Hannay.

Another ticket has been mentioned, as follows: Trustees, George Williard, J. K. Hodson, George L. Ford, M. H. Foss, W. H. Raynor, and T. W. Johnstone. The other officers are the same as on the preceding ticket. Mr. Willard says he will not accept the position.

The Republicans have selected an Executive Committee, which will meet at the Village Hall this evening, when the Campaign Committee will be appointed. All Republicans are invited to be preceding ticket. Mr. Willard says he will not accept the position.

The eposition party in the Town of Lake held their Convention last evening at the corner of Wentworth avenue and Forty-seventh street for the purpose of nominating town officers. John W. Rumsey was chosen for Supervisor, E. W. Adkinson for Assessor, but as he declined the nomination was deferred; Mr. Buck McCarty for Trusse. David Grier for Town Clerk, Patrick Egan for Collector, S. S. Willard for Police Magistrate. As the Convention could have a A WORD TO THE WISE.

A WORD TO THE WISE.

The editors and publishers of Western newspapers have received a postal-card which reads as follows:

"We would be pleased to have you make us an offer on your editorial passes and mileage tickets over any of the Chicago and Western rallroads. We pay highest price. Please state name of road it is over, limit, and other particulars. Also state lowest price you will take for what you have. Do not sell to any one else until you give us a chance to make you an offer. Send your reply in a sealed envelope.

JOHN RICHMOND & CO., 300 East Ohio street, Chicago."

No scalper by that name is known to live at the above place, nor is any such man known to do a scalping business in this city. There are, however, some railroad employes boarding at the above number, which creates a suspicion that the circular has been issued in the interest of the railroads for the purpose of finding out what newspaper men are dishonest enough to dispose of their passes. It any are taken in and offer to sell, thoir passes and tickets will be revoked and their names placed on the black list. However this may be, the parties who send these postal-cards are clearly violating the postal laws, for it is an offer to induce people to commit a crime by disposing of property which they have no right to sell. Whether sent by scalpers or railroad officials, these postal-cards should be confiscated by the Post-Ofice authorities and the parties sending them apprehended and punished according to law.

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI. OHIO & MISSISSIPPI.

Special Dispetch to The Chicago Tribuna.

ISDIANAPOLIS. Ind., March 30.—In the matter of the Receivership of the Ohio & Mississippi Railway Company, Judge Drummond entered an important order at 10 o'clock this morning. He orders paid out of the funds in the hands of Receiver John King, Jr., on the 1st of April the two coupons accruing on the second-mortgage bonds Gotober, 1879 and 1880. This is the more important order because it will be the first payment made on the second-mortgage bonds since the Ohio & Mississippi went into the Receivership of King and Torrance. Receiver King has ample funds out of which will amount to about \$250,000.

CAIRO & VINCENNES.

Special Dispatch to The Onicago Tribuna.

Springfield, Ill., March 20.—An order was to-day entered in the United States Circuit Court authorizing the Receivers of the Cairo & Vincennes Railroad to purchase 1,500 tons of steel rails at \$50 per ton, and fastenings, and to issue Receiver's certificates not exceeding \$31,750 dollars in amount to pay for them, the transportation, etc.

THE TRUNK LINES. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns. New York, March 80.—The freight-agents of the trunk lines held their monthly meeting here day. The business was reported as of mer a routine character, concerning the detai d adjustment of the freight arrangements.

CONSOLIDATED GRAND TRUNK. MONTREAL, March 30.—It is understood the consolidated Grand Trunk Railway will issue \$20,000 in bonds for each mile of its new western to Chicago to Chicago.

GEORGIA WESTERN. ATLANTA, Ga., March 30.—The surveyors for the Georgia Western Railroad commenced work ITEMS.

The Lake Eric & Western Railroad will be built from Fremont, O., to Sandusky this spring. The road is new 360 miles long, and runs from Fremont to Bioomington, Ill. The new addition will be twenty miles in length, making 380 miles of road in all. A man claiming to be W. H. or H. Hilliard has

A man claiming to be W. H. or H. Hilliard has been trying to procure passes over several roads running from this city by using forged letter-heads and signatures of railroad officials. He is known to have used a letter asking for a pass to which the name of W. H. Ferry. Vice-President of the Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis, was forged. The letter-head upon which this application was written, purporting to be that of the President of the above-named road, was also a forgery, and was a very close imitation of the letter-head used by that official. The man Hilliard is still at large, and railroad officials should keep a close lookout for him.

Mr. E. P. Binley, General Freight Agent of the keep a close lookout for him.

Mr. E. P. Ripley, General Freight Agent of the Burlington & Quincy Railroad, has just issued the following circular regarding shipments of freight for fairs during 1880. The following will govern shipments of freight over this road for State, District, or County Fairs during the year 1880: Freight for exhibition will be billed, from starting point on our line to the station where it leaves our road, at regular tariff rates, prepaid. On its return, under same ownership, the Secretary of the Fair Association certifying that it has been on exhibition, it will be billed free to the original starting point on our road, providing such starting point is in the State in which the exhibition is held. If it is not in the same State full rates will be charged both ways.

Mr. J. N. McCullough, Vice-President of the

State full rates will be charged both ways.

Mr. J. N. McCullough, Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Company, and other officials of this road, will arrive in this city to-day. It is understood that the principal object of their visit is to have a conference with the managers of the Alton and Milwaukee & St. Paul to complete the details for the erection of the new Union Depot on Canal street, between Madison and Van Buren streets. Ground for the new depot is to be broken next Monday, when the old shanties which have so long disgraced that part of the city will be demolished. During the erection of the new depot the Fort Wayne and Alton will use the freight-house at the corner of Van Buren and Canal streets as a temporary passenger depot, and the Milwaukee & St. Paul will use the Pan-Handle depot at the corner of Clinton and Carroll streets.

A CLEVER SWINDLE.

The National Life-Insurance Company The National Life-Insurance Company the Victim.

It is fortunate that the average life-insurance company is particular, and inclined to red tape withal, when it comes to paying out money. A reputation for strictness in this regard gives a company a good name among the public at large, and, as an advertisement, is by no means to be despised. There is every reason to believe that ordinarily the only local life company left. Bluffs Hailroads.

NEW EAST-BOUND CLASSIFICATION
Commissioner Fink has just issued the following acticular:
The following additions to, and changes in, the "Official East-Hound Classification," were reported by the Classification Committee to the Joint Executive Committee at its session in New York, March 24 and 25. The report was received and adopted, and the changes, additions. etc., ordered to take effect April 1:

Additions—Grain in bulk less than 24,000 pounds, not taken; table legs, racked, sixth class; wood ormaments, in barrels or boxes, L. C. L., second class; wood ornaments, car-loads, sixth class; bugget bottoms, in the white, with springs attached, crated or hoxed, second closs: movers, layen, K. D. is a conformation of the conformation of the

perhaps the best thing he could do would be to apply to the Company direct. If the Company didn't care to

DISCOUNT THE POLICY,

which still had about a year to run, doubtless he could find somebody else who would discount it for him, though at something of a "shave." After some little hesitation the alleged Mr. Ward consented to go down to the Company's office with Mr. English. Once there, he presented his policy and asked what the Company would pay for it. The young man to whom he applied consulted with his superiors and reported that the Company would discount the claim for \$000. The supposed policy-holder said he guessed that would do, and the young man in spectacles took the policy and began looking up the papers in the Company's possession in relation to it. He soon found that there had been an assignment and then a reassignment, but the applicant for a discount told a plausible story to the effect that he had once borrowed \$100 on it in Pittsburg, assigned it over for security, and, after paying the debt, had had it reassigned to him by the lender. The young man behind the counter wanted visible evidence of the assignment,—the papers, in other words,—and the supposed Mr. Ward said he would go home and look among his traps, and "mebbe he'd find them."

At 20 clock in the afternoon the supposed Mr. Ward and Mr. English, who still accompanied him in his legal capacity, appeared at the Company's office, and found—what he had overlooked before—the missing assignment from Ward, and the latter reassignment fook among the papers in the office, and found—what he had overlooked before—the missing assignment from Ward, and the latter reassignment to him. The clerk was satisfied, the supposed policy-owner signed the properly indorsed, the supposed Mr. Ward got his money, and, after the usual formalities between his wignature and the supposed Mr. Ward got his money, and, after the usual formalities between he were anything of his late cliont since.

The reat is soon told. There is a real Mr. Ward is money, and his pa

nt of \$900. They have

CROPS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
CHAMPAION, Ill., March 30.—There is little or

CHAMPAION, Ill., March 30.—There is little or no spring wheat being sown in this county. The crop is too uncertain.

Special Dispitch to The Chicago Tribuna.

ROCKPORD, Ill., March 30.—Owing to the dryness of the season just past, winter wheat that was sown broadcast will be nearly an entire failure, while that drilled will yield only enough to a little more than pay for seed. This being the case, it is thought by many that it will be plowed up and spring wheat put in the ground. Last year there was sown in this county 4.69 acres of spring wheat, and according to reliable estimates the acreage will be much larger the present season. The first seeding done since the rain is in a fine condition. If the weather continues warm another week a large proportion of the spring seeding will be done.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

CAMPTON, Ill., March 30.—We had, last Saturday, the heaviest rainfall of the year thus far. the rain-guage measured two inches. Where there are no drains, the water stands in large ponds, in sloughs and basins. On low lands, drained by tile, the water disappeared soon after the rain and can be plowed now as well as the high lands. Considerable wheat was sown last week. Winter wheat is badly damaged. Clover, where cattle were allowed to run last fall, is nearly all dead. The cold north winds and freezing nights are keeping vegetation back. Gruss' has hardly started. Weather prophots predict a cold and backward spring.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

started. Weather prophets predict a cold and backward spring.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

SOUTH ELGIN, Ill. March 30.—Until yesterday, since my last report the weather has not been very favorable for the farmer. We have had either cold winds or hard rains the most of the time, and as a consequence sowing grain has been delayed, but the weather is very pleasant again now, and the farmers are improving it.

KANSAS. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., March 30.—Spring when Leavenworth, Kas., March 30.—Spring wheat in Kansas looks well, and promises to yield more than an average crop. The area sown to spring wheat last year was about 400,000 acrea, and the yield throughout the State averaged a fraction over seven bushels to the acre. It is estimated that there is an increase in the acreage this spring of about 20 per cent, and that the acreage now is about a half million. The prospect is now good for a better yield than last year; that is, the growing grain looks much better than at this time last year, and the land is also better.

Fall wheat is the standard crop of this State, and but a small proportion of the acreage given to wheat is sown in the spring. The increase of acreage this year is mainly due to the fact that over a considerable portion of the State, especially in the western counties, the winter was very dry, and some considerable portion of the fact that over a considerable portion of the fact that fall sown wheat was winter-killed. Such fields were generally plowed up and sown to spring wheat, and this now looks well, owing to the highly favorable weather of the past month. The fall wheat always yields a larger crop, but if the weather continues dis favorable as at present, the spring wheat crop will be considerably better than last year, and will probably average ten bushels to the acre throughout the State.

MINNESOTA. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. Sr. Paul., Minn., March 30.—The recent rain have probably taken the frost out of the ground in the southern part of the State, and with dry weather seeding of spring wheat will commence next week, and reports indicate that there will be less wheat sown in Minnesota than usual. The failure of last year's crop of spring wheat has warned farmers to diversify crops, and the warning will be generally taken in this part of the State.

SCENERY IN THE NORTHWEST.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
COLDWATER, Mich., March 30.—A school COLDWATER, Mich., March 30.—A scheme is afoot with parties here involving an extended trip to the Northwest early the coming season for the purpose of securing stereoscopic views of the finest scenery and making further explorations relative to certain coal-beds known to exist in Western Dakota. They will employ the instantaneous method of photography, proceeding first to the Upper Mississippi, taking views of the beautiful rock formations or islets as seen from the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Pauli Railroad; thence to the Lake Park region on the Northern Pacific Railroad; thence through the Red River wheat farms, and west to the Yellowstone Park. A rare collection of views is sure to reward them, and rare enjoyment anticipated.

THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY.

dined this evening at the residence of Mrs. John Jacob Astor. Later in the evening a brilliant reception took place.

The Eldredge Sewing-Machine.—It leads the world, and is the best for you to buy. Sold on monthly payments. 199 State street.

Times: Our highest artists in deutistry: McChesneys beyond doubt, though but \$8 Buck & Rayner's Moth Powder is the best in-urance for furs and woolens.

DEATHS.

CAULFIELD—Maggie Jane, beloved wife of James P. Caulfield, letter-carrier.
Funeral from the residence of her fisther, P. Thornton, 35 West Polk st., Wednesday at 10 o'clock. High-Mass will be said at St. Patrick's Church, and thence by carriages to Calvary Cemetery. An infant daughter died shortly before the mother, and on the 17th instancy Francis, asced 5 years and 5 months, died, all of scarlet fever. Mrs. Caulfield was highly esteemed for her many womanly virtues by all who knew her. The bereaved relatives have the condolence of a large portion of the community in that section of the city in which they live.

BERNER-Tuesday evening, March 30, at his resicity in which they live.

ERRNER—Tuesday evening, March 30, at his residence, 83 West Washington-St., Frank Berner, in his 63 year.

Funeral Thursday morning at 11 o'clock from his residence to Graceland by carriages.

HEXTER—March 30, of congestion of the brain, Mayer Hexter, aged 5 months, youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. K. Hexter.

Funeral Wednesday, March 31, at 10 o'clock a. m. at their residence, 641 Congress-84.

BAKER—In Elmira, N. Y., of scarlet fever, on the 27th inst., Leonard H., agod 20 months and day, youngest son of Asa L. and Nellie W. Baker, Tormerly of Chicago.

Political. A MASS-MEETING OF THE THIRTEENTH At Benz's Hall. Good speakers will be in attendance All citizens of the ward are invited. Miscellaneous.

DISHOP SAMUEL FALLOWS WILL LEAD THE
D noonday prayer-meeting to-day in Lower Farwell
itali, 150 Madison-st. THE BOWDOIN COLLEGE ALUMNI HAVE A

MALT BITTERS.

UNFERMENTED MALT BITTERS
TRADE MARK
Malk Billes for pany BITTERS

the Blue san Pani. Lovely BRIDAL CIFTS beautiful fresh new SIL-VER NOVELTIES, Just

received.

Hamilton, Shourds & Co. State and Randolph-sts.

> AUCTION SALES. By GEO. P. GORE & CO.,

WE SHALL CLOSE OUT AT AUCTION, On Wednesday, March 31, at 9:30 a.m. promot. 3,500 CASES CHOICE CUSTOM-MADE

BOOTS, SHOES, AND SLIPPERS

Every kind and quality any good retailer requires will be found in this sale. Catalogues and goods ready for inspection Monday, GEO. P. GORE & CO., 80 and 50 Wabab, 4r.

Thursday, April 1, at 9:30 a. m., REGULAR TRADE SALE

GROCKERY AND GLASSWARE 40 crates W. G. and C. C. Ware.

25 casks Rock. and Yellow Ware. Also full line Lamps, Brackets, Chim-

eys, Shades, Table Cutlery, etc. Goods packed for country merchania.
GEO. P. GORE & CO. Auctione By POMEROY & CO.

SPLENDID SALE. 1581 INDIANA-AV., NEAR THIRTY-FOURTH-ST.,

Wednesday Morning, March 31, 10 a. m., **Entire Household Furniture** 

By ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO.,

Wednesday's Sale, 9:30 THIS MORNING, GREAT CLEARING OUT NEW AND SECOND-HAND

Parlor and Chamber Sets. 150 New and Used Carpets. General Household Good

General Merchanduse, die State Bird Cares, &c., &c. &c.
ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., Rich Furniture, Pier Mirror, &c., AT AUCTION.

At Residence 370 Michigan-av. Between Tweifth and Thirteenth-sts.

Wednesday, March 31, at 10 o'olook,
Elegant Silk Damask Parior Suit, Marble-top Chamber Sets, Carpets, Dining-room, Laundry, and Riches,
Outdit, with General Housekeeping Goods.

ELISON, FLERSHRIM & CO.

BY HENRY & HATCH,
Successors to Chas. E. Raadin & Co.

187 & 110 Wabsah-av.

Wednesday, March 31,
REGULAR TRADE SALE

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
Gents' Furnishing Goods, Fur and Wool Hass, Law
yards Black and Garnet Gros Grain Silks, Spring Dre
Goods, Joans, Cassimeres, Loce Hukft, and TraGoods, Joans, Cassimeres, Loce Hukft, and TraCoreets, Plated Ware, Notions, Carpets, etc., at a
J. EMERY, JR., Manager.

By WM. MOOREHOUSE, Auctioneer. 46 to 50 North Morgan-st., Wednesday, March 31, at 10 a.m.,

Will be sold, to pay charges, large lot of Furniture, Carpeta, Stoves, Household Goods, and Sundries, including several lots of Unclaimed Freight, to be sold on account of Eastern Illinois Out-Freight.
All goods must be sold, paid for, and removed on day of sale.

WM. MOOREHOUSE, Accioneer. By HENRY FRIEDMAN & SONS, Auctioneers, 199, 301, and 305 Randolph-st.

RECULAR TRADE SALE Crockery and Glassware, Wednesday, March 81, at 10 o'clock a. m. GEO. W. BECKFORD, Salesman.

Civil and Consulting Engineer,

167 Dearborn st., Chicago.

Has had extensive experience in designing and constructing Iron and other Bridges, Elevated Railroads in New York, Inspecting Iron and other structures for Chocinnai Southern Ry, and eleawhere. Designs and estimates prepared for Bridges, Roofs, and all Ruds of structures in 170, Wood, or Masonry, Material and location of structures inspected and tested. Advice on all kinds of construction.

Befers to Baltimore Bridge Co., Edgemore Iron Ct., J. R. & J. M. Cornell, of New York, Baldwin Locomotive Works, and many others.

CANDY.

VOLUME XI

SILVERWAR

JEWELE

State and Moni Will open TO-DAY a ver assortment of Sterling

The assortment will great variety of article is introduced the pecu of the hammer, enriche plication of various colo Repoussee Work in

signs. Old English and Q patterns of Spoons and other Table Silver, at ve ive prices.

Inexpensive Fancy rich cases, to suit the means of the most care Silver Jewelry for Summer wear, beautif very fashionable at the

Wedding Anniversary tening Gifts, forming t tractive exhibit ever city. Messrs. MATSON &

take pleasure in show goods without its incu obligation to purchase. STATIONERY, &c

PUIVER PAG J.HOYNE&U Retail Stationers, 118 & 120 TRAVELERS' ART

Pountain Pens and Per

Playing Cards & Cases, Tre BLANK BOO PRINTING, AND STAT

.FURNITURE.

in this city, of our own o make---entirely different other dealers --- at prices convince you that we than others.

Holton&Hile 221 & 223 Sta

Factory, 24 and 26 Van LAKE NAVIGATIO

Goodrich Transportat Tri-Weekly for Racine, Milw boygan, Manitowoc, Luding

tee, Grand Haven, and Mus

KIDNEY PAD.

DAY'S KIDNE

Worn on the small of the back and on the Kidneys.

GUNS

AMMUNITI FISHING TACKLE AND ON No. 53 State Street, C